## FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: (COINTELPRO)

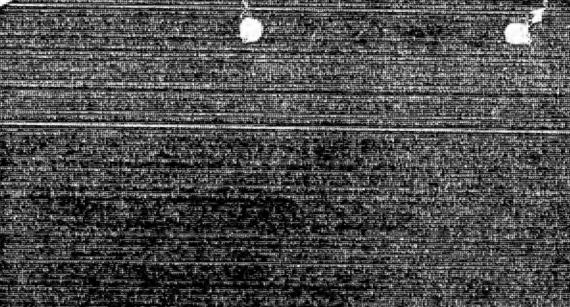
PUERTO RICAN GROUPS SECTION 1 (1-86) 105-93124



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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# Memoranaum



FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1) (P)

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE BOD DIFFERENCE POR DEPONDENCE PO

(COUNTER)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

ReBulet to San Juan, 6/1/62.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
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New York for info because of their interest in the NPPR. One copy of the July 22, 1962 issue of BLP is enclosed herewith for the Bureau. (Story on pages A20 and A32).

NPPR member in Puerto Rico, concerning her

dated 7/22/62. This article appears in the current issue of BLP

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GONFIDER TALL



TO

PIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE:

8/8/62

FROM

CAS, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

ReBulet 6/1/62.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a translation of an article appearing in the 7/22/52 issue of "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena" and one copy of the actual article in this issue.

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TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

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BOHEMIA LIBRE PUERTORRIQUENA July 22, 1962
Pages A2 and A3

THE INDEPENDENTISTS FIGHT AGAIN .................................Jaime Valldejuli

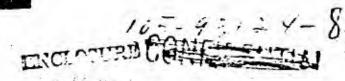
After several months of uncertainty, when it seemed the independentist ideal had fallen into the hands of certain leftist groups which operate quite openly in Puerto Rico, the Independentist Party has risen once again to take its place in the democratic battlefield of the electoral urns.

During an assembly which was held recently, GILBERTO CONCEPCION DE GRACIA exhorted all independentists to join the ranks of the party and return to battle. The President of the PIP said that all liberating movements must be adequately channelized and the Puerto Rican Independentist Party has the honor, at the present moment, of channelizing the feelings and the wish for independence of the Puerto Rican people.

It was announced that the Puerto Rican Independentist Party will launch a campaign throughout Puerto Rico, to deliver its message to the people. "The Puerto Rican Independentist Party must be restored to the leading position which is its due in the lives of our people. The Party must forget its policy of waiting - which to the present moment has been justified - and return to the fight. This is the way pointed out by the new factors which have appeared in Puerto Rican politics and which indicate the need for the mobilization of the PIP as an instrument of the people in their fight for freedom and justice", said CONCEPCION DE GRACIA.

Since the last general elections, PIP activities had been relegated to an inferior level, since there were a few opportunists who were benefitting from the aftermath of that political strife. In November, 1950, the PIP obtained only 24,047 votes and was thus automatically eliminated.

Translated by: 7/26/62



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There are some who assure that the disappearance of the PIP was planned by certain elements advocating armed revolution as the only way to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. They say that these subversive currents undermined the PIP's leadership until it was destroyed and then, its members were used to increase the ranks of terrorism. In this way, people would come to think of bullets as the only road to independence.

On the other hand, there are some who say that the crisis in the independentist sector was due mainly to FIDEL CASTRO's betrayal. Many of the partisans of independentism fear that another Communist revolution will rise in Puerto Rico with the cry of "Long Live a Free Puerto Rico!"

But the truth of the matter is that those men who had true independentist ideals were sadly disillusioned when they found themselves without a political party.

During the past twenty months, the independentist forces have divided and some of its members have temporarily joined the Fopular Democratic Party waiting to see if the fight for independence was to be taken up again.

And now, Dr. GILBERTO CONCEPCION DE GRACIA has infused life into the Puerto Rican Independentiat Party once more. The party's directive will be reorganized and the necessary political structures will be approved to achieve the unification of all PIP leaders.

In order to consider and approve the plans adopted by the Board of Directors, an extraordinary general assembly has been convoked to be held on Sunday, August 5. This assembly will be highly significant in the story of our fight for independence.

"Today, independence is perhaps closer than ever. The future of Puerto Rico is in our hands. Only we, the independentists, can answer the quesion, what will become of Puerto Rico? If we cower and stop fighting for our freedom, then Puerto Rico's future will be uncertain", said CONCEPCION DE GRACIA.

The PIP president further added:

"The Puerto Rican Independentist Party represents the will of the people of Puerto Rico who want to be free

**LEMPERATION** 

and break loose from the chains of colonialism. We must bring to an end our policy of waiting. The forces of freedom must take the offensive and at their head must go their fighting instrument: the Puerto Rican Independentist Party."

Later on, he said:

"This is a historical assembly in which the PIP is reaffirming its ideals of justice and liberty. We are gathered here to embark upon a new voyage in the fight for liberty. A new life and the same ideal: the ideal of freedom, the ideal of independence.....We are Puerto Ricans and we will be Puerto Ricans."

This courageous attitude taken by the Puerto Rican Independentist Party is a hard blow to those who advocate violence as a means to achieve independence.

As will be recalled, JUAN ANTONIO CORRETJER called to electoral abstention in 1960 as "the only offensive method against Yankee imperialism" because the "elections have produced a crisis within the liberating movement of Puerto Rico". Precisely on that occasion, 782,205 electors voted, setting a record of 86% of the total voters registered. CORRETJER had to keep silent for a long while.

However, in spite of the slap on the face which he received from the Puerto Rican people, CORRETJER continues to plot subversively in Puerto Rico. As the leader of Patriotic Unitarian Action, this gentleman still dreams of realizing what he has said on numerous occasions: "The liberating revolution of Puerto Rico will be, in its day, the image of the Cuban revolution." The object of his organization, APU, is "to achieve independence without electoral parties and without colonial elections."

In its program, CORRETJER's movement clearly states that "APU is not, nor does it aspire to constitute itself into a political party, because it believes that political parties in an intervened nation such as ours, become cause for strife in the Puerto Rican family which is at the service of Yankee imperialism".

On the other hand, the Pro Independence Movement, under the leadership of JUAN KARI BRAS, had catalogued

1962 as the Year of Organization, organizing voluntary brigades to indoctrinate the people politically. Some say that these brigades are taking advantage of the occasion to show the naive how to handle weapons, make bombs, etc.

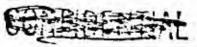
Contrary to these clandestine activities, the MPI appears as a group of Fuerto Ricans who are united to claim the independence of Fuerto Rico before the United Nations. Should they be successful - hopes of this are very low - Fuerto Rico would achieve the independence it has now shown it does not want, which would make questionable the motto of self-determination of countries, so loudly proclaimed by the MFI leaders.

JUAN MARI BRAS, the same as his namesake, CORRETJER, is a faithful admirer of FIDEL CASTRO, who on more than one occasion he has praised with such phrases as "the great leader who had led the Cuban people to the rescue of their sovereignty". The people fear that MARI BRAS might achieve for Puerto Rico a "sovereignty" similar to the one under which Cuba suffers today.

Finally, the Puerto Rican Nationalist Party writhes in agony after its leaders have engaged in the worst internal battle waged since ALBIZU CAMPOS disappeared from the political scene. All of this is due mainly to the stupid association which Mrs. LAURA MENESES DE ABIZU and JUAN JUARBE made with the Communist regime in Cuba. And to the vengeful attitude taken in Puerto Rico by LUIS MY O'NEILL when he openly fought such well-loved Nationalist leaders as OLGA VISCAL and RIVERA WALKER.

In order to complete the present panorama, we have only to speak of the Puerto Rican Communist Party, but it is not necessary do to so because, the same as in other countries, the Reds do not take over power with their methods or using their own names. They always take cover under false ideals of freedom, bread, land .... peace!

On several occasions, these groups have tried to join forces to give each other support. But all their attempts have been in vain. The ambitions of some and the misunderstandings of others, have forced them to take different ways, although, apparently, they all pursue the same end. It has all been due to differences of opinion regarding the name of this new organization and the individual who should occupy its presidency.



Thus Patriotic Unitarian Action requested
that the other groups join their organization with JUAN
ANTONIO CORRETJER as president; the Pro Independence
movement made the same request, mentioning JUAN MARI
BPAS as secretary general; the Nationalist Party of
Puerto Rico did the same thing; and even FUPI, the student
organization which has since competely disappeared, tried
to join in this political enterprise.

Now, at long last, the Independentiat Party is awakening from its lethergy. Apparently it will be able to unite under its flag, all the sympathizers of independence. This is a supreme effort which is being made by Dr. GHERATO CONCEPCION DR GRACIA de revive an ideal which was almost trampled by those who are ignorant of our people's idiosyncrasy and who want to impose through violence what they have not been able to achieve, to the present moment, through the legitimate means made available by democracy to all men who wish to live under its doctrine, with God, in love and justice.

## EL PUEBLO DIJO LA ULTIMA PALABRA

12 opiniones que revelan la sinceridad de la ciudadania

Doña Maria Arroyo de Colon, presidenta de la Asociación de Maestros de Puerto Rico:

"La Asociación de Maestros de Puerto Rico ha estado atenta al pro-



momento en que se suscite en cualquiera de sus manifestaciones.

"Creemos hoy lo que creimos en el pasado. Nuestra política lingüística tiene triple faceta:



TUAN BARRILLAGA: ... "es una escalera" ...

TORRIQUESA entiende que contribuye a viabilizar la solución más atinada frente a un caso a todas luces trascendente. He aqui, pues, lo que dijeron algunos puertorriqueños cuando inesperadamente fueron preguntados por nuestros reporteros. 1. El español deberá enseñarse en nuestras escuelas con máxima

Reportó: Pellicer Fotografió: Barcala

El conflicto originado con res pecto a que en Puerto Rico debe suspenderse el idioma inglés en las escuelas privadas como medio de

enseñanza, ha suscitado, como es

sabido, disimiles comentario. BO-HEMIA LIBRE PUERTORRIQUE

KA, que de ninguna manera puede

permanecer ajena a los problemas

del país, ha creido correcto interrogar a distintos ciudadanos representativos de diversas clases sociales para que expongan libre y expontáneamente su criterio en relación con el debatido tema. Profesionales, obreros, estudiantes, etc., forman el cúmulo de opiniones captado en la propia entraña del pueblo. Con esta ectifud BOHEMIA LIBRE PUER-

eticacia. 2. El inglés deberá enseñarse con

sal eficacio que el pueblo obsengo su dominio.

3. El españal deberá ser el vehiculo de enseñanza de sodo otro conocimiento.

"Esto, naturalmente, señala bacia el hecho de que el vernáculo, como vehiculo trasmisor, es bueno para la escuela pública y para las escuelas privadas que estén en la misma situación de la escuela pública.

"En general el problema de la enseñanza en español está respaldada en Puerto Rico por razones psicologicas y pedagógicas.

"Como profesionales de la docencia, sostenemos nuestra posición sin que medien otros factores que los



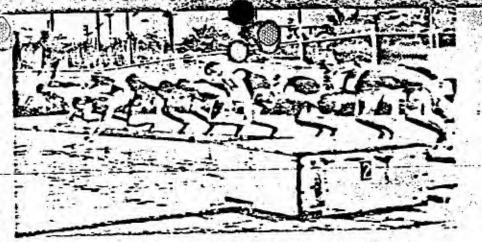
DOSA MARIA ARROYO DE COLON: la enseñanta en español ...

blema del idioma en nuestras escuelas desde el momento en que surgio como organización profesional en el año 1911 hasta el presente y seguirá · las palpitaciones del mismo, en todo dor los últimos dos años y, con ese apetitivoraz que tienen las juventudes, continuar saboreando el plato.

Cabe Intercalar aqui la observación de

Cabe intercalar aqui la observación de que en los últimos tiempos ningún deporte le ha brindado más gloria a Puerto Rico careciendo de tantas facilidades, como lo ha becho la natación en sólo 5 años de organización. Y lo han hecho estos niños del pueblo, por el pueblo y para el pueblo ingrato que no les ha construido una piscina pública.

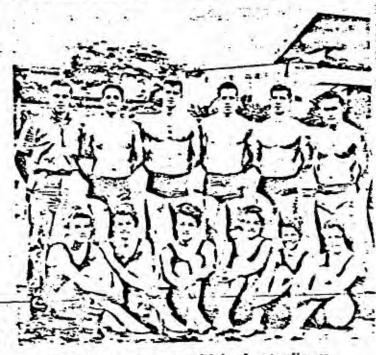
Estos niños en los linderos de la pubertad confrontarán en Jamaica otra transición no menos importante en sus vidas. Por primera vez van a competir contra mayores, frente a los tradicionalmente poderosos trabucos de México, Venezuela y Colombia y otros 10 países, a los cuales ya han vencido en dos justas centroame-



Las muchachas tienen buenas oportunidades en Jamaica.



Puerto Rico deposita sus mayores esperanzas olímpicas en los eventos de conjunto. El entrenador Carlos Salas al efecto dicta instrucciones a (de izquierda a derecha) Miguel Pérez, Manuel Betancourt. Guillermo Ramis, Robert Chenaux y Alejandro



Son incalculables las potencialidades de estos jóvenes.



La mayor oportunidad de las muchachas la tienen en el 4 por 100 combinado, para el cual se ejercitan estas lindas chicas.

ricanas infantiles y juveniles, aignificativo de lo que puede esperarse de ellos en el futuro.

Ese futuro glorioso quizás no esté en Jamaica, pero tampoco está muy lejano. Al respecto promete firmemente el doctor Marcial Rojas, adiestrador-jefe del equipo de Puerto Rico: "Le prometo un triunfo definitivo a Puerto Rico dentro de 4 años, en los próximos Jurgos Olimpicos Centroamericanos. Por ahora, lo más que puedo prometer es que echaremos el resto en Jamaica".

El conjunto boricua, que es entrenado

diariamente por Carlos Salas, profesional del Hotel Condado, quien realiza la labor en forma desinteresada por el hondo puertorriqueño que le impira, acaba de ser seleccionado en los últimos dias.

A pesar de que el Comité Olimpico de Puerto Rico le autorizó a formar una representación de 35 atletas, la Asociación de Natación seleccionó solamente 25. "Peres son 25 que integran una representación talentosa y que se van a fajar de veras señala el doctor Marcial Rojas.

Encabezando la delegación figuran el coronel Hank Brewerton, como jefe de la misma; José Luis Carrión, delegado, doctor Raúl Marcial Rojas, adiestrador-jefe; Carlos Salas, entrenador, y la señora Dosothea Schwarz, chaperona del grupo femenino.

La delegación atlética consta de 13 varones y 12 muchachas, incluyendo tres clavadistas masculinos y dos femeninas. Estos últimos sons doctor Jerry Anderson, Don Ensign, José Luis Miranda, Yolanda Feliciano y Barbara Fallon.

A propósito de Bárbara, la última chica a la que nos homos referido, esta agraciada adolescente de 14 años, es hija de El grupo de clavadistas del equipo olum-

El grupo de ciavadistas del equipo olimpico puertorriqueño: Don Ensign, Yolanda Feliciano, José Luis Miranda, Bárbara Fallon y el Dr. Jerry Anderson.

George Fallon, un ex segunda base de las Grandes Ligas con los Cardenales de San Luis que hace precisamente 14 años vino a Puerto Rico para reforzar a los Leones del Ponce y le gustó tanto la Isla que se quedó.

Las demás muchachas son: Carmen Fridman, de 17 años; Judy Guzzardi, 16; Chris Colee, 15; Julie Milotz, 13; Amy Martinez, 14; Anita Lallande, 13; Vivian Thompson, 15, y Belen Matias, 15.

l' los demás muchachos son: Maruel Betancourt, de 20 años; Tito Pérez, 14; Robert Chenaux, 18; Miguel Pérez, 17; Alejandro Franco, 18; Elliott Chenaux, 15; Victor Martinez, 20; Guillermo Ramis, 17; Joe Ferraoilo, 14, y Antonio del Valle, 15.

Como habrán apreciado nuestros lectores, la mayoría de los integrantes del
equipo puertorriqueño hace pocos años
descartaron sus baberos. Los unicos atletas del grupo con experiencia en competéncias "senior" internacionales lo han
sido Betancourt, Robert Chenaux y Victor
Mariinez entre los nadadores que representaron a Puerto Rico en los últimos
Juegos Olimpicos Centroamericanos en
Venezuela y en los Juegos Panamericanos
de Chicago. El doctor Anderson y Don
Ensign también han tenido experiencia
internacional como clavadistas. El primero, que sin lugar a dudas es el mejor clavadista del equipo boricua, fue el único
boricua que calificó para los finales en
los Juegos Panamericanos de Chicago.

La extremada juventud del equipo puertorriqueño pudiera dejar de ser una



El Coronel Hank Brewerton será el jefe de la delegación de natación de Puerto Rico en Jamaica.

virtud para tornarse en un defecto en Jamaica. Empero, sus potencialidades son incalculables. En una reciente eliminatoria olimpica, por ejemplo, destrozaron doce marcas estatales. Tito Perez rompió el record centroamericano para los 1,500 metros con un tiempo de 19:35.3.

Ahora bien, equé potencialidades tienen estos jóvenes para los Juegos de Jamasca? Dejemos que el doctor Marcial Rojas

nos las explique.

"Con el equipo que tenemos", empieza diciendo el distinguido galeno, "podemos terminar tercero o cuarto. Nuestra mayora satisfacción seria que la inmensa mayoria de ellos entrara en finales. Pero podriamos ocasionar varias sorpresas. Julie Milotz puede ganar una medalla en los 400 metros estilo libre, al igual que Anita La-llande en los 100 metros mariposa o en el combinado individual de 400 metros."

Tobserven a Tito Pérez y Elliott Chenaux, que son los dos ases del grupo de nadadores. Estoy seguro que Tito va a descollar en los 1,500 y 400 metros, al igual que Elliott en el combinado individual de los 400 metros.

Por otra parte, si bien es cierto que estas estrellas individuales pueden traernos laureles, el énfasis del entrenamiento lo estamos concentrando en los eventos del conjunto, que es nuestro fuerte. Puerto Rico debe estar pendiente de nuestra actuación en los relevos masculinos de 4 por 200 estilo libre y 4 por 100 combinado y en lo que hagan nuestras muchachas en los 4 por 100 estilo libre y 4 por 100 combinado. En este último evento es donde más oportunidades tenemos de conquistar medalla de oro."

Pero repito y prometo que el triunfo será completamente nuestro en 1966.

¡Qué sé yo, pero me parece que el doctor está haciendo un buen diagnóstico!



El Dr. Anderson es la mixima esperanza
de Puerto Rico
en los eventos
de clavados,
donde figuro
como finalista
en los Juegos
Panamericanos
de Chicago.
Hélo aqui en
acción.







and a restrict the first and the

Pero no echen de menos las oportunidades de estas muchachas (de izquierda a derecha): Milagros Morales, Anita Lallande, Vivian Carrión, Chris Colee, Amy Martinez y Judy Guzzardi.



## LOS INDEPENDENTISTAS VUELVER A LA LUCHA

por Jaime Valldejuli

Después de varios meses de incerti dumbre, cuando el ideal independista parecis haber caido en manos de algunos grupos izquierdistas que operan abiertamente en Puerto Rico, el Partido Independista Puerttorriqueño ha vuelto a resurgir para luchar nuevamente en el campo democrático de las umas.

En una asamblea celebrada recientemente, Gilberto Concepcóin de Gracia llamó a la lucha a todo los independentistas para que se reincorporen a las filas del partido. Al manifestar que todos los movimientos libertadores precisan ser adecuadamente canalizados, el presidente del PIP expresó que es el Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño quien fiene el honor de canalizar en esta hora el sentimiento y la voluntad de independencia delos puertorriqueños.

Según fue anunciado, el PIP iniciará rapidamente una amplia campaña de tribuna por todo Puerto Rico a fin de llevar su mensaje al pueblo. "Es necesario devolverle al Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño la posición rectora que le pertenece en la vida de nuestro pueblo. El Partido debe abandonar la politica de

en la lucha. Así lo señalan los nuevos factores que reinan en la politica puertorriqueña y que indican la necesidad de movilización del PIP como instrumento del pueblo en su lucha por la libertad y la justicia", dijo Concepción de Gracia.

Desde las últimas elecciones generales las actividades del PIP habian quedado relegadas a un plano inferior, ya que algunos "pescadores" estaban sacando ganancia en el rio revuelto que dejó el escrutinio de aquella contienda política. En poviembre de 1960 los pipiolos sólo habian logrado 24,047 votos y por lo tanto el Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño habis quedado eliminado automáticamente.

Hay quienes aveguran que esta desaparición del PIP fue planeada por elemen-tos partidarios de la revolución armada como medio para lograr la independencia de Puerto Rico. Estos expresan que estas corrientes subversivas fueron minando el liderato del PIP hasta destruirlo carno tal y poder aprovechar a sus miembros para engrosar las filas del terror. De ese modo, la gente pensaria en las balas como única manera de llegar a ser independiente.

Por otra parte, algunos afirman que la compás de espera que ha estade justificrisis en el sector independentista se debió cada basta abora y entrar resueltamente

Al comenzar la històrica asamblea del PIP, los lideres alli reunidos entonaron "La



Es necesario devolverle al Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño la posición rectora que le pertenece en la vida de nuestro pueblo", expresó el doctor Güberto Concepción de Gracia.

principalmente a la traición de Fidel Castru. Muchos partidarios del independentismo temen hoy que surja aqui otra revolución comunista bajo el grito de 11 iva Puerto Rico libre!

Pero lo cierto es que los bombres de suno ideales independentistas quedarun de-ilusionados, sin partido político donde aglutinane. Durante estos veinte meses, las huestes independentistas se han dividido y hay quienes tomaron el Partido Popular Democrático como refugio transitorio hasta ver si volvia a emprendene la lucha civica por la independencia.

l' es shors que el doctor Gilberto Concepción de Gracia vuelve a darle vida al Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño. Todos los cuadros directivos del partido serán reorganizados y se aprobarán las estructuras políticas que fueran menester para lograr la unidad de todo- los lideres del PIP.

Para considerar y aprobar los planes adoptados por la Junta de Directores, et ha convocado a una asamblea general extraordinaria a celebrarse el domingo 5 de agosto de este año. Esa asamblea marcara época en la historia de la lucha por nuestra independencia.

"La independencia está quizás hoy más cerca que nunca. El futuro de Puerto Rico está en nuestras manos. Sólo nosotros los independentistas podremos responder a la pregunta ¿qué será de Puerto Rico? Si los independentistas nos naugotamos y dejamos de luchar por la libertad, el futuro de Puerto Rico será incierto", manifestó Concepción de Gracia.

Seguidamente, el presidente del PIP ACTECO:

El Partido Independentista Puertorniqueño representa la voluntad del pueblo de Puerto Rico que quiere ser libre, que quiere romper las cadenas del coloniaje. Vamos a terminar la política de compide espera. Es necesario la ofenisva de la fuerzas de la libertad y frente a ellas su instrumento de lucha que es el Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño.

Y luego dijo:

"Esta es una asamblea histórica en la que el PIP se remoza y afirma los ideales de justicia y de libertad. Estamos aqui coogregados para iniciar un nuevo camino, una nueva jornada en la lucha por la libertad. Una nueva vida y el ideal de



"A la lucha y a la victoria" fue el grito de guerra de los hombres que se han entregado a la patriótica tarea de revivir el Partido Independentista.

siempre: el ideal de la libertad, el ideal de la independencia... Puertorriqueños somos y puertorriqueños seremos".

Esta actitud asumida valientemente por el Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño viene a dar un duro golpe a los que sustentan la idea de la violencia para lograr la independencia.

Como se recordará, Juan Antonio Co-



Durante la reunión se realizó una colecta para sufragar los gastos de la nueva campaña que inicia el PIP.

metjer llamó al retraimiento electoral en 1960 como "único método de ofensiva contra el imperialismo yanqui", ya que

lecciones han producido la crisis denl movimiento libertador de Puerto R. Fue precisamente en esa ocasión que votarno 762,205 electores, cifra récord que significa el 86 por ciento del total de inscriptos. Y Corretjer tuvo que quedarse callado por largo tiempo.

Sin embargo, y a pesar de la bofetada que en pleno rostro le diera el pueblo puertorriqueño, Corretjer continúa moviendo los hílos de la subversión en Puerto Rico. Como dirigente de Acción Patriótica Unitaria, este señor sigue sonando con llevar a cabo lo que en tantas ocasiones ha repetido: "La revolución libertadora de Puerto Rico en su día será imagen de la revolución cubana". Para ello, la meta de su agrupación APU es "lograr la independencia sin partidos electorales y sin elecciones coloniales".

En su programa, el movimiento de Corretjer expresa claramente que la "APU no es ni aspira a constituirse en partido político porque entiende que los partidos políticos en una nación intervenida como la nuestra resultan instrumentos de división de la família puertorriqueña, toda al servicio del imperialismo yangur.

Por su parte, el Movimiento Pro Independencia que dirige Mari Bras habia catalogado a 1962 como el Año de la Organización al tiempo que organizaba brigadas voluntarias para adoctrinar política-



A su entrada a la asamblea, Gilberto Concepción de Gracia recibió aplausos y felicitaciones de los lideres de todos los pueblos de la Isla.

mente al pueblo. Dicen algunos que estas brigadas están aprovechando el momento para emeniar a los incautos el manejo de armas, la fabricación de bombas, etc.

Contraria a estas actividades clandestinas, el MPI ofrece el aspecto de un núcleo de puertorriqueños que permanecen unidos para reclamar ante las Naciones Unidas la independencia de Puerto Rico. Si esto tuviera éxito alguna vez— aunque las esperanzas son remotas—, Puerto Rico lograria la independencia que ahora no ha demostrado querer, lo cual pondría en entredicho la convigna de autodeterminación de los pueblos, tan cacareada por los lideres del MPL

Mari Bras, al igual que so tocayo Corre-les pobién es un fiel admirador de l'aid La la quien en más de una ocasió ha l'aliado con frases tan empalagosas como la de que "es el gran lider que ha conducido al pueblo cubano al rescate de su soberania". La gente teme que Mari Bras logre para Poerto Rico una "soberania" similar a la que hoy sufre Cuba.

Por último, el Partido Nacionalista Puertorriqueão se revueles en su larga agonia fuego de que su lideres se mantenen en la peor de las luchas intestinas desde que Atbizu Campos desaparació de la estena política. Todo se debe principalmente a la estúpida asociación que hubo de hacer con el régimen comunista de Cuba la señora Laura Meneses de Albizu y Juan Juarbe, el toro tocayo de Corretjer. Y a la actitud revanchista que emprendió Luis M. O'Neill en PR al combatir abiertamente a lideres tan queridos por los nacionalistas como son Olga Viscal y Rivera Walker.

Para completar el panorama actual, sólo resta hablar del Partido Comunista Puertorriqueño, pero no es necesario hacerlo pues, al igual que ha ocurrido en otros países, los sojos no se apoderan del poder por sus propios medios ni con sus mismos nombres. Siempre adquieren diferentes ropajes y se encubren con falsas ideologias de libertad, pan, tierra... [paz]

En varias ocasiones, estos distintos grupos han tratado de fundine en uno sólo
para fortalecerse así unos a otros. Pero
todos los intentos han sido en vano. Las
ambiciones de unos y las incompresiones
de otros les han obligado a continuar por
caminos distintos, aunque aparentemente
persiguen el mismo fin. Todo se ha debido a diferencias de criterios en cuanto
al nombre que debe llevar esa nueva agrupación y el individuo que debe ocupar la
presidencia de la misma.

Así, los de Acción Patriótica Unitaria pidieron que fuera esta la agrupación a la que debían unirse las demás y que Juan Antonio Corretjer fuera el presidente de la inisma; el Movimiento Pro Independencia hizo una solicitud semejante a la vez que proponía a Juan Mari Bras para el cargo de secretario general; el Partido Nacionalista Puertorriqueño hizo otro tanto; y hasta la FUPI, la ya completamente desaparecida agrupación estudiantil, metió su candidatura para tal empresa política.

Ahora, al fin y al cabo, el Partido Independentista ha resuelto salir del letargo en que estaba hundido. Al parecer, trae nuevos brios y todo hace suponer que podrá volver s captar bajo su emblema a todos los simpatizantes de la independencia. Es un esfuerzo supremo que realiza el doctor Gilberto Concepción de Gracia para revivir un ideal que estuvo a punto de ser atropellado por quienes desconocen la idiosinerasia de nuestro pueblo y quieren imponer por la violencia lo que hasta hoy no han podido lograr por los medios legitimos que pone la democracia al alcance de todos los hombres que quieren vivir bajo su doctrina, con Dios, con amor y con justicia.

12

# EN PUERTO RICO... EN NOVA YORK... Y EN TODAS PARTES POF BOBBY QUINTERO

CONFIDENCIAL... Sobre el Gran Evento. El Desfile Puertorriqueño es actualidad en todo momento y abora, precisamente, con doble mayor motivo. El Gran Espectáculo tiene sus satisfacciones y sus "dolorosas". No es lo mismo, ni se escribe igual... Para la gran comunidad de habla hispana de Nueva York, muy especialmente para los borinqueños, el Desfile Puertorriqueño, junto con la Gran Fiesta de San Juan Bautista, son los dos eventos principales de los puertorriqueños en la Gran Metrópoli. Así es. Abora bien, lo que la gran comunidad no conoce es que la preparación, organización y escenificación del Gran Desfile es una obra de proporciones gigantescas. De una labor ardua, dificultos y de mucha responsabilidad antes del Gran Día y, lo que es más penoso aún que, aún después de ese Gran Día, cuando todo al particular debe ser plácido, feliz, jubiloso y de gran satisfacción, entonces es que llega la "dolorosa"...

En estos momentos se está dando el caso de que todavía falta por cobrar un crecido por ciento de \$\$\$\$, por conceptos de boletos para el suntuoso baile pre Desfile —celebrado el 8 de junio en el Manhattan Center— y como contribuciones en pago de los avisos que se publican en el "Journal" o Libro de los Recuerdos del Desfile de 1962. Estas son las entradas con que cuenta el Comité del Desfile para enfrentarse a los grandes gastos que ocasiona el Gran Evento...

des gastos que ocasiona el Gran Evento...

Estos deudores morosos benen en "suspenso" la liquidación general —completa— del Deside Puertorriqueño de este año, lo que tiene a un grupito —así, sólo a un grupito— de la Directiva dando carreras en pelo... Y lo curioso del caso no es solamente la cuestión de cobrar varios miles de \$\$\$\$\$ con "pagos a largos plazos", sino que la mayor actividad que se viene desarrollando ya, entre algunos directivos, junto a la dolorosa, es la campaña en favor de múltiples aspirantes a la presidencia del Desfile de 1963... ¡Tantos sinsabores, tantos dolores de cabeza que da la presidencia del Comité del Desfile y cómo tiene pretendientes la "Gran Señora"]...

Desde la guapa Lic. Irma Vidal Santaella—la primera mujer abogada puer-

Desde la guapa Lic. Irma Vidal Santaella —la primera mujer abogada puertorriqueña graduada en Nueva York y admitida al Colegio de Abogados, en su primera intención, en examenes de oposición; el señor Monserrate Flores, Presidente de la OUB; Gilberto Gercha Valentin, Presidente del Congreso de Municipalidades Puertorriqueñas de Nueva York; Johnny Ortiz, Jele de Información de "El Diario de Nueva York"; Carlos Rios, lider Demócrata en el "Barrio"; Chuito Caballero, Coordinador de los "Dos Desfiles". —el que no se celebró y el que tuvo efecto. el "auténtico" y el "otro"; Paul Sánchez, el representante obsero puertorriqueño de más influencia en el AFL-CIO, hasta Manuel Martinez, actual Presidente, todos ellos son candidatos a la tegencia del Comité del Desfile de 1963. Esto no quiere decir que los antes mencionados "aspiren", sino que

the the separation of the second

soo "candidatos" del pueblo... y el pueblo, bueno "el pueblo es el pueblo ...

la Gran Parada Puertotrriqueña, no podemos olvidar que los Alcaldes de la Isla que vinieron especialmente a participar en ei majestuoso evento del pasado 10 de junio, también fueron visitados por la "do-torosa" a causa de los "consejos" que les dio el "Vate" don Luis Muñoz Marin, sobre quién o quiénes, debis pagar los gastos que ocasionaba el traslado a Nueva York de cada uno de los "Alayores" de Puerto Rico... Pero es verdad, el Gran Desfile ocasiona grandes dolores de cabeza, pero igualmente y con enorme compensación, es motivo de grandes satisfacciones, sobre todo, cuando por la famosa Quinta Avenida de Nueva York, marcha orgullosa y triunfante la genuina puertorriqueñada de la Gran Metrópoli respaldada con la representación de altos dignatarios de Puerto Rico, del Estado y la Ciudad de Nueva York. Aqui se puede excramar: ¡Puertorriqueños son triunfos!

LOS "PRIMEROS" PUERTORRIQUE-ROS... (en las Memorias de un Reportero). Cuando se escriba la historia del puertorriqueño en Nueva York. Cuando los jibaritos busquen en las páginas de los archivos la gran obra realizada en la forjación de la comunidad hispano-puertorriqueña de Nueva York, los nombres del Lic. Oscar Garcia Rivera y del Honorable Manuel A. Cómez, serán colocados juntos con otros, en letras de oro. Oscar Garcia Rivera fue el primer Asambleista puertorriqueño electo en la ciudad de Nueva York. Aspiró en las elecciones del año 1937 y en enero de 1938 tomaba posesión de su escaño en la Legislatura en Albany. Garcia Rivera, Republicano, contó con el



Los "Prineros": Hon. Manuel Gómez, primer Juez puertorriqueño en la historia de la Ciudad de Nueva York, nombrado en 1957, y el Lic. Oscar García Rivera, el primer Asambleista puertorriqueño en la historia de la Ciudad de Nueva York, electo en las elecciones de 1937, comentan sobre los "Primeros" con Babby Quintero, redactor de estos comentarios.

respaldo del American Labor Party. Mayaguesano, de los de a verdad, Garcia Rivera vino a Nueva York muy joven, graduándose de abogado en la Universidad de Saint John en 1926... En 1957, esto es 20 años después, el Alcalde Bob Wag-



El Presidente John F. Kennedy estrecha la mano amiga del Asambleista Felipe N. Torres, quien será nombrado Juez de la Corte de Relaciones Domésticas, siendo el primer puertorriqueño en desempefiar un cargo de tan elevada posición en la judicatura de la ciudad de Nueva York.

ner nombre al Lic. Manuel Gómez, Magistrado de la Ciudad de Nueva York, esto, es, Gómez será el primer Juez puertorriqueño en la historia de la Gran Metrópoli...

Siguiendo con los "primeros", anotamos que el 10 de mayo del corriente año de 1962, el Gobernador Nelson Rockefeller, nombar al ingeniero Ruperto Ruiz,



Izquierda: El "Vate", Don Luis... fue el primer puertorriqueño en la realización del Estado Libre Asociado para Puerto Rico. (Nota: La foto es de aquellos tiempos...) Derecha: Núñez, primero, entre los "primeros"...

de Aguada, Comisionado de la Comisión Estatal sobre Derechos Humanos, nombramiento que coloca a Ruperto Ruiz como el primer puertorriqueño en la historia Castinúa en la página A-32 Pequeña sinfolo del regreso BORINQUEN:

REGRESO A TI A EORDO DE UNA CANCION

por Guillermo Villarronda

Fotos: Barcala

Borinquen: regreso a ti a bordo de uno canción. Aquella vez que me fui se me quedó el alma aqui; no la llevé a Nueva York.

Vuelvo a sentirte soñar. Vuelvo a sentirte latir en tu montaña y tu mar, Joh, rio de mi cantar, paloma, estrella y jazmin!

Ya misericordia en flor que se evade de la luz está inventando un color para tu limpio candor y tu refulgencia arul.

Hoy, Borinquen, porque ya mi humilde aurora de miel sobre tu sonrisa va, se que que tu cariño está alli donde lo encontré!

La Primavera es feliz ardiendo bajo tu sol, metiéndose en tu raiz, polviéndose cicatriz en tu epidermis de amor.

Por todo lo que te di y por lo que al fin no fue... aunque te lo prometi, cuando ahora vuelvo a ti me acuerdo de Luis Palés.

Y, cuando el Viejo San Juan se me instala en la emoción con su Muralla, y mi afán besa tu piel de azafrán, crezco como un resplandor.

Y, así, el jibarito aquel, el que saindé al marchar, me da su honesto clavel para que descanse en el oliendo la eternidad.

¡Búscame en tu corazón! ¡Hállame en tu sonreir! Vengo de la sinrazón a bordo de una canción. ¡Piensa que nunca me fui!

¡Amárrame la inquietud a tu alegria insular! ¡Siémbrame en la juventud de tu fragante virtud y no me dejes ir más!

Que el pesar que no senti me dolió cuando marché para abandonarte asi Y, cuando se vuelve a ti, ise vuelve una sola vez!

San Juan, Puerto Rico, 1962.



A. A. C. Wille telepology

#### EN PUEXTO RICO ... .

Continuación

del Estado de Nueva York en asumir una posición tan elevada... Ahora sólo se es-pera el regreso a Nueva York, de su viaje de vacaciones al Viejo Mundo, del Alcalde Bob Wagner para que nombre Comisio-nado del nuevo Departamento de Reubi-cación al Lic. Hermán Badillo, natural de Caguas, quien con tal nombramiento, será el primer Comisionado puertorrique-ão en la historia de la Ciudad de Nueva York... También, al regreso de las vaca-ciones del señor Alcalde, es casi seguro ciones dei senor Alcaide, es casi seguio"off the record", que el actual Asambleista, por el Bronx, Lic. Felipe N. Torres,
se le nombre Juez de la Corte de Relaciones Domésticas, lo que señala a Torres como el primer puertorriqueño en
desempeñar un cargo judicial de tan elevada importancia...

Y ya que se habla de los Foriadores de una Comunidad —la puerforriqueña en Nueva York— no puede olvidarse el nom-bre de Victor Fiol Ramos, de San Juan, que vino a Nueva York en 1909, y en 1912 junto con el Honorable Martin Travieso, organizo la primera Sociedad Puer-torriqueña en la Gran Ciudad, la cual integraban 90 miembros. Más tarde, por el 1926, fue el propio Victor Fiol Ramos el primer puertorriqueño candidato a Con-sejal junto con el Lic. Rafael Bosch, de Adjuntas, quien corrió en la misma papeleta como el primer puertorriqueño candidato a la Asamblea en Albany. Fiol Ramos y Bosch fueron candidatos por el Partido Republicano...

. .

También, entre los Forjadores de la Comunidad se encuentra, entre los "pri-meros", el Dr. José N. Cesteros, primer lider nacional (Democrata), Tony Mendez, lider nacional (Democrata); Tony Mendez, el primer lider de Distrito Asambleista; Hiriam Bithorn, el primer jugador de béisbol puertorriqueño en vestir un uniforme de un equipo de las Grandes Ligas; Sinto Escobar, el primer boxeador puertorriqueño en ostentar un campeonato mundial... Igualmente entre los Foriadores de la Comunidad, no podemos pasar por alto que fue el Hosorable Emilio Núñez el primer Juez de habla hispana (asocodencia vasca, española). hispana (ascendencia vasca, española), nombrado por el Alcalde Vincent Impe-llitteri, el gran amigo de los puertorri-queños y de los hispanos en general...

UN GRAN PUERTORRIQUESO DEL SIGLO PASADO: Jorge Quintana, nota-ble periodista cubano, escudribador de la historia en la "América: Vidas y Episodios" (Importantisima sección de BOHE-MIA LIBRE PUERTORRIQUENA") ha encontrado y revelado una gran figura puertorriqueña del siglo pasado, casi des-conocida en Puerto Rico. Se trata del General Antonio Valero Bernabé (1823-1863) natural de Fajardo, Coronel del Ejército español que estuvo en las guerras de España, México, Venezuela y Perú, con grado de General otorgado por el Libertador Simón Bolivar. Los restos del valences fajardons se españan en españan españan españan españan en españan del valeroso fajardeño se encuentran en Bogota, Colombia. Ahora Quintana, con-juntamente con el señor Luis Quero Chesa, distinguide intelectual puertorriqueño, Presidente del Instituto de Puerto Rico en Nueva York, quieren lograr el traslado de los restos del General Valero de Remaha da Reconta Cara Farraba da Reconta Farraba da Reconta Cara Farraba da Reconta Farraba Bernabé, de Bogota para Fajardo...

Entre las figuras jóvenes del liderazgo puertorriqueño en Nueva York, toma ma-yor auge cada dia la de José (Joe) Mon-

repartamento del Trabajo de Puerto Rico, en los Estados Unidos. Hace mos años se menciono a Monserrat como el candidato de mayores posibilidades como el candidato de mayores posibilidades como el primer Congresista puertorriqueño y estas conversaciones vuelven a surgir en el borizonte. Sin embargo, Monserrat afirma que está muy contento con la labor que realiza y que no tiene ambi-ciones políticas ... Namos, Joe, no sea-mos tan ingenuod ...

#### DENTRO DEL SUCESO .

Continuación T pese a su amor por el juego, Rafil no aceptaba la apuesta en aquel mo-

-No, hoy no me siento bien, pere en cuanto se me quite la monga va la

Apuesta.

Raúl Hernández Suárez no estaba en racha. Habia perdido treinta dólares en los gallos y ocho en la loteria. Por eso posponía el desafío de Salvador.

Pero él decia a todos:

—Dejen, dejen que yo me sienta hien.

Me tomo, no digo yo un litro, me tomo des litros.

dos litros...

En realidad, supersticioso como la ma-yoría de los jugadores, Raúl Hernández Suárez esperaba porque le entrara la bue-

na suerte.

Ya llevaba varios dies sin jugar a nada
absolutamente, pero en su dia libre en
el coffe shop, se fba al hipódromo y

el corre snop, se los al hipodromo y atinaba la primera carrera.

Con el dividendo obtenido continuaba jugando y acertaba otros caballos. Ganaba más de 300 dólares y, en la noche, se iba a jugar a la ruleta. La suerte lo seguia favoreciendo. Salía del casino con más de 500 acerta. mas de 500 pesos.

más de 500 pesos.

Sonriendo, complacido, decia a su amigo Joaquin Garcia Maldonado:

Estoy en buena racha... Ve mañana por el coffee shop, que le voy a hacer la apuesta a Salvador.

Te advierto, Raúl, meterse así, a pide la la lite de rom es peli-

co de botella un litro de ron, es peli-

Cuando yo estoy en racha me juego hasta la vida. Además, a un verdadero jugador, como yo, no se le puede desafiar. Desde que Salvador me propuso la apuesta, no hago más que pensar en eso. Si me parece que tengo un punal ciavado en el corazón por no haber podido jugar con ese atorrante de Salvador.

Y al dia siguiente, a las once de la

al dis siguiente, a les once de la noche, después que se cerraba el coffee shop, Raúl y Salvador, acompañados de un grupo de amigos, que había sido avisado, se dirigian al bar Don Alfonso, en

la parada 12, y...

Destápame una botella de ron deda Raul al dependiente.

-¿Cómo le van a temar? ¿Con ginger, n Coca-Cola e sólo...? -No, el único que va a temar aquí

yo -expresaha Raúl.

Ya botella era descorchada y colo-

cada sobre el mostrador.
Raúl la agarraba, limpiaba el borde
con la manga de la camisa y se la llevaba a la boca. Bebia como el sediento
que en el desierte ha encontrado un
oasis, sin parar, hasta la mitad del reciniente.

Exhalabs un suspiro, respiraba profundamente, y ante la mirada atónita de todos, volvia a beber, pero, desgraciadamente, Raúl iba a perder la apuesta,
porque, unos instantes después, cuando
ya sólo le faltaba por ingerir unos sortos para terminar la botella, caia, muer
la al miss. to, al piso.

Era, pues, la última apuesta de Raid.

oportuni en le que sin di saberie. vide.

or redactor: Los dislogos de esta cronica se ajustan a los informes que ofrecieron los testigos presenciales del in-

#### IELLOS ME EXPULSARON ...

sólito suceso.

Centimecide

sitio solitario donde pudieramos arreglar resos manejos indecentes y sucios. De ahi su renuncia y mi expulsión, pues él sabia que de no ser destituido yo hubiera bo-tado a la Meneses, a Juarbe Juarbe, a Julio Pinto Gandia y a la tesorera Juana Ojeda.

Dias antes de mi partida bacia Nueva York habia estado aqui en Puerto Rico el señor Pancho Medina, presidente de la Junta en esa ciudad, como delegado de la señora Meneses y de los señores Juarbe Juarbe y Pinto Candia para informar a la directiva del Partido de la oposición por parte de ellos a una reunión conjunta de las partes en discordia. Una vez cono-cido el mensaje de estos sejores, les contestamos que considerando la gravedad de los problemas creados alli por ellos al ignorar a un gran número de nacionalistas tan sacrificados como ellos, era pues de imprescindible necesidad una reunión de las partes con la dirección de la Junta Nacional.

Con ese motivo le mandamos con su mismo delegado una orden por escrito para que convocaran a las partes en pugna para una asamblea en la que estaria presente Alvaro Rivera Walker, vicepresidente del Partido Nacionalista y delegado de la lunta Nacional para presidente. gado de la Junta Nacional para presidirla. Cuando llegué a Nueva York estos se-

nores no babian cumplido la orden porque ellos se oponian a que tal cosa se hiciera. Al consultarles personalmente so-bre su conducts en el cumplimiento de sus deberes en los puestos para los que se les había nombrado me contestaron que presentaban sus renuncias antes que tener que obedecer tales órdenes. En cuanto a la otra parte, existió en todo momento la buena voluntad de asistir a la reunión para bien del nacionalismo, como podrá para osen del nacionalismo, como podrà comprobarse con la opinión, entre otras, de la señora Lydia Collazo—hija del más sacrificado Oscar Collazo—, del señor Carlos Vélez, otro gran valor del nacionalismo, y los distinguidos esposos Quiñones Escute, que podrán desmentirme si otro hubiese sido el caso.

En mi encomienda a cumplir se lla

En mi encomienda a cumplir no lle-vaba ninguna otra especificación verbal o escrita que la de arreglar los problemas creados en Nueva York.

Es bueno hacer saber que según la cons-titución del Partido Nacionlista cualquier miembro puede crear y organizar juntas donde no las exista. Con ese derecho, y como delegado de la dirección del Partido y vicepresidente del mismo, fue que al quedar desierta la Junta en Nueva York me dediqué a la ardua tarea de crganizar una nueva, según mi buena le y entender para arreglar el cisma existente. Me expulsaron de la Vicepresidencia.

pero más les hubiers agradecido que me expulsaran del Partido, pues me asquea tener que relacionarme con indignos para dirigir puestro pacionalismo.

l' para terminar, sólo me resta decirle al señor Gil de Lamadrid, quien escri-biera en BOHEMIA LIBRE PUERTO-RRIQUESA un articulo titulado ¿Qué es lo que se traen con Olga Viscal?", que estoy a sus órdenes para cuando quiera saber algo de mi persona, para que enton-ces pueda asegurarlo de buena fuente y de buena fe. UNITED STATES GOVER OF Memorandum

to : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : Mr. J. F. Bland JAN

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE

FOR PUERTU RICO
(CGUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

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1 - Mr. Belmont Tolk Noon

1 - Mr. Belmont Comby

1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Bland

1 - Mr. Coleman

OOH DETAIL

The purpose of this memorandum is to obtain approval for utilization of a technique under this brogram which could cause some disruption among those who seek Puerto Rico's independence by violence.

has been active in Puerto Rican independence groups in New York since around 1960. He has been instrumental in obtaining firearms and giving instructions in their use with the hope of causing violence in Puerto Rico to effect its independence. He is very pro-Castro and has been affiliated with a Cuban effort in New York City.

Sources have recorded that actively operates to some degree as a fin that he performs work on teeth rather than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine that he mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a fine that he mechanical functions of a fine that he mechanical functions of a fine than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of a

the Accion Patriotica Unitaria (APU) in New York City, a Fuerto Rican organization made up of both nationalists and communists, has caused some APU members to resent him.

GBSERVATIONS:

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080 YEA

Some disruption could issue if the New York State
Department of Education, Division of Professional Conduct,
261 Madison Avenue, New York City, made an inquiry concerning
alleged dental practice. This is particularly true at
this time when may feel that some of his fellow would-be
revolutionists have a grudge against him.

Enclosure 105-93124

TC:cad

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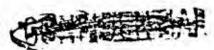
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-CONTENTION 16

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan RE: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

105-93124



New York State law and the proper authorities should be so advised. Official notification should not emanate from the Bureau but should be by an anonymous letter to the Division of Professional Conduct. The proposed letter would be written on plain unmarked paper enclosed in a plain envelope so that the letter could in no way be traced back to the Bureau.

ACTION:

If you agree, there is attached a letter to the New York Office approving the utilization of this technique in accordance with the above observations.

all Mills

SAC, New York (105-32872) REC- 125

Director, FBI (105-93124) - 23

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINIELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION August 8, 1962

mk

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Sullivan

Reurlet 7/31/62.

The Bureau approves the utilization of the suggested technique set forth in relet. The suggested letter should be prepared on plain unmarked paper and mailed in a plain envelope in a manner so that it could in no way be traced back to the Bureau. The letter should be anonymous.

Furnish the Bureau the text of the anonymous letter prepared by your office, the date mailed and, thereafter, advise of any reaction to the letter.

#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

See memorandum Bland to Sullivan same caption, dated 8/7/62, TC:cad.

TC:cad

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# Memorandum

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TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE:

7/31/62

FROM

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872) (P)

CONTINUE OF THE CONTINUE OF TH

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

(00: San Juan)

ReNYlet 5/23/62.

an SI subject of the NYO, formerly associated with the Movimiento 21 de Marzo and most recently with the Accion Patriotica Unitaria (APU) is presently residing at Bronx, NY, and is self-employed as at his residence.

Informants have reported that actually operates to some degree, in that he performs rather than restricting himself to the mechanical functions of Information has also been received that work that he has performed on certain individuals has caused harm to the mouths of these people.

vain individual and one who envisions himself as a great leader and a very intelligent person.

cern because of his apparent desire to be the controlling force in this organization and his attitude caused some

2 - Bureau (105-93124) (RM)

2 - San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) (RM)

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NY 105-32872

resentment within the organization.

It is felt that some disruption can be accomplished if some inquiry was made by the proper agency concerning alleged Particularly so at this time when he may well feel that someone within the independence movement has a grudge against him.

It is not felt that any action taken in this respect would be personal harassment because if he is acting as a such is a violation of the law and the proper officials should be notified. However, it is also felt that no official action should stem from this Bureau in this matter, but rather, an anonymous communication, or one signed with a fictitious Spanish name, should be directed to the New York State Department of Education, Division of Professional Conduct, 261 Madison Ave., NYC, informing them of the alleged illegal activity.

The proposed communication would be written on plain, unmarked paper, mailed in a plain envelope, so that the communication could, in no way, be traced to this Bureau.

The Bureau is requested to furnish its observations concerning the above suggestion to the NYO.

# Memorandum



TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 7/23/62

FROM

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353-Sub I)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERLITELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re San Juan airtel to the Bureau 5/10/62 captioned "LUIS MUNOZ SULLIVAN, IS-N".

Referenced communication contained information received on May 8, 1952 from Security Source of Information (Protect identity), to the effect that had recently been associating with a group of young men in the area of his residence. Security that had recently been associating with a group of young men in the area of his residence. Security had the youths as hoodlum types and informed that had this group had been breaking and entering various stores in the surrounding area and stealing merchandise.

The Division of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico (DI, POPR) was appropriately advised of the foregoing information for any action they deemed advisable.

on July 13, 1962. Telephonically advised that and nad been arrested the previous night by the POPR and charged with burglary. was unable to furnish any further details at that time.

On July 18, 1962

Fuerto Rico, advsed SA

the above mentioned individuals were arrested

2-Bureau (RM) 5-San Juan (105-3353-Sub I)&

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in the area of their residence Barrio Beatriz, Caguas, Puerto Rico on July 12, 1962. He stated they were incarcerated in the District Jail in Caguas, Puerto Rico.

was the result of information received several months previously from the DI, POPR, to the effect that was responsible for a number of robberies in the Caguas area. He stated that a foot patrol had been initiated and a number of juvenile youths who had been associating with were identified. They were subsequently questioned and furnished sworn statements implicating his brother and father as the ones responsible for planning and conducting a series of robberies in the area.

It is noted that the returned to Puerto Rico during the past year from New York. has been the leader of and controlled various pro-independence groups in New York and in this capacity has advocated the use of force and violence to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. His father and brother have supported him in this regard.

Conviction and imprisonment of the at this time would severely disrupt their future militant pro-independence activities.

San Juan will continue to follow the prosecutive action pending against the subjects and pertinent information concerning same will be reported under individual case captims.

UNITED STATES ( Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124) .

7/11/62

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1) (PTXLE

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

ReBulet 6/1/62.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of an article appearing in "Letters to Bohemia Libre" section of the issue of Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena distributed in Puerto Rico and New York City.

San Juan indices negative regarding the name

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF .

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Bureau (Encls. San Juan

- 134-518A) - 3-1 PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS)

JLS/mev

#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

BOHEMIA LIBRE PUERTORRIQUENA San Juan, Puerto Rico June 24, 1962 Page 84



"AND WHAT DO THEY SAY ABOUT ALBIZU?"

Gentlemen: On several occasions I have heard that the magazine Bohemia always speaks up; it does not mince its words. But I ask myself, why do you attack the independentist ideal and why do you never speak of our leader, ALBIZU? Is this journalism with no strings attached?

/s/ LUIS M. LOPEZ Villa Palmeras, San Juan

You are wrong. -Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena is not against anyone who is within democratic bounds and who respects our Christian traditions. We are here to reflect, on our pages, the ways of thinking of one and all, but the Magazine itself does not necessarily identify itself with one or another. We have never attacked the independentist ideal. We believe that it is fair and honest. However, we are not in favor, and neither is the Puerto Rican people, of the independentism presented to us by those who have their leaders in Russia and who applaud FIDEL CASTRO's "nationalism". We wish the Independentist Party had leaders who were conscious of the danger presented by its disappearance from the electoral polls. To exchange the polls for violence is an attempt against our idiosyncrasy. We respect Don PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS. History will judge whether he has done right or wrong. We do indeed speak of ALBIZU. And if he could speak, we would publish his message, so that those who use him as a front would have to run for cover. Because we are certain that ALBIZU's nationalism is not that of the sickle and the hammer. All free men of America are against Red penetration in our hemisphere, and he would stand with them. Just as the Puerto Ricans who are independentists at heart and through their ideals, stand by them.

Translated by: 6/25/62

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## UNITED STATES GO MENT Memorandum

: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 sub 1)

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE

FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re NY let to San Juan dated May 8, 1962 and captioned "NPPR, IS-N", (Interoffice).

Attached to each copy of instant communication is a translation of an article appearing in the issue of "El Diario de Nueva York" which carries the column of JOHN I. ORTIZ, JR., entitled "Chats around the New York Field." The column on that date appeared over the name of RAFAEL GIL DE LAMADRID, as Guest Columnist. In this article, DE LAMADRID discusses the schisms which have appeared within the NPPR. 110 : 6211.

Attached enclosure to the Bureau is the ssue of "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena" which on Pages A4 and A5 carries the same article as previously mentioned with the addition of

It is believed this article with the wide circulation it is receiving in "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena" will further serve as a disruptive tatic in the activities of the NPPR both in Puerto Rico and New York City.

A copy of this communication is being furnished New York for Information.

2 - Bureau (Encl. 1) (RII)

1 - New York (105-32872) (PM)

3 - San Juan (1-105-1014)

(1-100-3) (NPPR)

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31 JUN 18 1962

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EL DIARIO Final Edition April 20, 1962 Page 17

> CHATS AROUND THE NEW YORK FIELD BY JOHN I. ORTIZ, JR.

The opinions expressed in this column are not necessarily those of El Diario.

RAFAEL GIL DE LAMADRID (Guest Columnist)

The press wire informs us that for several days there has been some difficulty in the bosom of the Nationalist Farty (NPPR). And mentioned as the principal figure in this new drama of the followers of DON PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS is young OLGA VISCAL. I have never been a Nationalist although I respect the ideals of any organization that functions in a climate of austerity, democracy, liberty and humanitarianism. But what has bothered me about this affair is the fact that OLGA VISCAL has been mentioned as an enemy of the postulates and the plan of action of the Puerto Rican Nationalist Party.

OLGA VISCAL has declared, according to the cable wires, that the present leaders of her party are living like contented bourgeois without doing anything to bring about the independence of Puerto Rico and "instead live off the ideal".

The truth of the matter is that those persons who accuse VISCAL have not bothered to think of the sacrifices of this young woman who grew old prematurely in prison. They do not remember, either, (as I remember during the 1950 Revolution in Puerto Rico) that she remained at the side of the President of the Nationalist Party, DON PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS, whom she called "Master", until the latter was arrested by policemen and members of the National Guard

Translated by: 4720/02 /05-93/24- {}

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at the headquarters of the organization on Sol Street, corner of Cruz Street, which was under siege for several days.

\*\*\*

OLGA VISCAL was on the verge of insanity while she was imprisoned. It was almost impossible to visit her. But let us go on to the human side of the matter. No one can forget this girl's attitude when she was tried. Perhaps she is wrong, but the principles of each individual must be respected.

\*\*\*

But...let us return to the trouble. The Nationalist trouble, or to be more exact the difficulties within the Nationalist Party, has increased. Now, the QUINONES ESCUTES accuse Mrs. LAURA MENESES DE ALBIZU CAMPOS of maneuvering to "maintain the Nationalists in the United States disunited and in constant confusion".

On that matter, I can say absolutely nothing. I am new in this city of New York. But what has bothered me are the accusations that are made, now, not against young VISCAL, but against JULIO PINTO GANDIA. PINTO GANDIA is not a new Nationalist. He is one of the veterans. He lost his title of lawyer when he was convicted, together with the top Puerto Rican Nationalist leader, for trying to overthrow the government of the United States in Puerto Rico by force and violence. He was confined to a Federal Prison and then released, together with JUAN ANTONIO CORRETJER and others, to try to earn the daily bread having lost his college title which he acquired after a great deal of sacrifices.

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The wire has also informed us that ALVARO RIVERA WALKER came to New York to reorganize the Nationalist Junta but that DONA LAURA and FIDEL CASTRO's assistant, JUAN JUARBE JUARBE, stopped him from doing so.

\*\*\*

In the opinion of those of us who know the Nationalist Movement of Puerto Rico, who were exposed death while trying to dodge bullets in order to cover the story for the newspapers of the Island, ALVARO RIVERA WALKER cannot reorganize any Junta, as it is alleged. RIVERA WALKER distinguished himself within the Puerto Rican Nationalist

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Movement for only one thing. He remained at the side of ALBIZU CAMPOS during the siege of the leader's house like a cowboy, shooting it out with the agents posted around Sol Street.

...

About DONA LAURA, with all due respect for the lady, we can only say that although she does believe in the independence of countries, she also believes in her own independence since for many years now, she has stayed away from her husband, DON PEDRO, whom I respect, when the latter most needed the care of a loved one. That care was given to him by someone whom he loved as a daughter: that same OLGA VISCAL who is now accused of indiscipline.

...

As for JAURBE JUARBE, all the Puerto Ricans know him already. When the Nationalist leaders were tried before a Federal Court of Puerto Rico, being the prosecuting attorneys Mr. A. CECIL SNYDER (deceased) and the Puerto Rican, MARCELINO ROMANI, the only one of the accused who did not appear in court was JUARBE JUARBE. He fled and sought refuge in Argentina for many years.

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And to conclude, the QUINONES ESCUTES Are saying the truth and nothing but the truth when they affirm that "the present Nationalist Party is not the party of love and spiritual grandeur that PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS presided."

\*\*\*

What are they trying to do to OLGA VISCAL? What are they trying to do to JULIO PINTO GANDIA? What we can smell (and it isn't perfume) is that there are inexperienced people within the Nationalist Party who want to kick out those members who risked their lives, property and reputation for an ideal. And I repeat: I am not a Nationalist. But those cases arise a protest from the deepest corner of the heart and makes us tell this new generation what has occurred in the past and who is who. And as for the cases of VISCAL and PINTO, all that remains for us to say is:

"Thus Satan repays those who serve him."

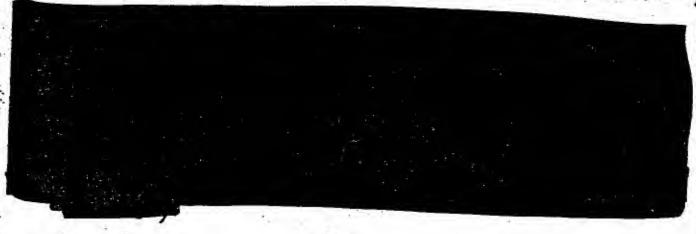
S.C. Sun Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) June 7, 1962

Director, FBI (105-93124) \_\_\_\_\_CONFIDENTIAL \_\_\_\_

EX 100

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

June 1, 1962. (w) Reurlet dated May 18, 1962, and Bulet dated



#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

desire to cooperate with the San Juan Office in publishing articles which can expose Cuban and communist influence on the Puerto Rican Independence Movement.(w)

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Memorandum

ER. D. J. BEENNAN (77)

S. J. PAPICH



DATE: June 1, 1962

CONFIDENTIAL

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO SUBJECT:



ACTION:

of the Internal Security Section. (u)

SJP: ban (5)

1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Troy Coleman

- Liaison - Mr. Papich

## Memorandum

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

Mr. J. F. Bland(

DATE: June 1, 1962

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Evans

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO SUBJECT:

COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr.

This is to advise concerning results of a technique PURPOSE: utilized in this Program which has as its purpose to disrupt and diminish communist influence among Puerto Rican independence organizations which advocate violence.

BACKGROUND: The Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI) at the University of Puerto Rico, a nationalist - communist student organization which is pro-Cuban and anti-United States, joined the International Union of Students (IUS), Prague, Czechoslovakia, in 1960 and sent their representative, Narciso Rabell, to Prague to serve on the IUS Administrative Board for a two-year period. FUPI often denied before the student body its communist connections.

IUS is a Soviet controlled international student organization which has noticeably increased its efforts to influence Latin and South American students against the United States.

In January, 1962, we obtained an article and photograph which had been published in a Cuban publication and in "Prayda" which showed Nikita Khrushchev and other Soviets surrounded by a group of students in Moscow during August, 1961. The most prominent student in the photograph was FUPI representative

We prepared a leaflet for anonymous distribution which incorporated the photograph and article and a paragraph in the Spanish language to call attention to Rabell and explain his presence in Moscow. Three thousand copies were anonymously mailed to three pro-United States organizations and individuals in Puerto Rico and subsequently received wide distribution on the campus. FUPI considers the appearance of the anonymous leaflet and article as a near catastrophe.

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Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan RE: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO 100-93124

OBSERVATIONS: On 2/20/62 one student organization reprinted the anonymous leaflet in its University paper and distributed six thousand copies in Puerto Rico.

On 4/11/62 the United States Army Antilles Command (which is not aware of the source of the anonymous leaflet) prepared an intelligence report of dissemination within the Department of the Army relative to FUPI's great concern over the anonymous leaflet.

The 5/6/62 edition of "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena," a pro-United States, anti-Cuba and anticommunist weekly carried the anonymous leaflet noting it as "indisputable evidence of the 'comradeship' existing between FUPI leaders and the Kremlin." Sixty thousand copies of the 5/6/62 edition were circulated in Puerto Rico and New York City.

As a result of the three thousand copies of the leaflet prepared at the Bureau, sixty-nine thousand copies of the photograph and article have been placed in circulation.

FUPI leaders and San Juan informants have pointed out that the results of the anonymous leaflet having been "extremely detrimental to the FUPI cause in Puerto Rico."

The appearance of the anonymous leaflet has curtailed FUPI membership, decreased attendance at meetings, decrease amounts obtained in fund drives, placed FUPI leaders on the defensive, has caused FUPI members to be scorned and ridiculed and has given pro-United States factions at the University propaganda advantages never before available to them.

ACTION: For information. We will continue with utmost discretion to further exercise the purpose of this Program.

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July Cold

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### Office Memora dum UNITED STATE GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Bub 1)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re San Juan letter to Bureau, 5/8/62.

Attached to each copy of instant communication is a translation of the second article published by "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena" in its edition of 5/22/62. This article is based upon the second anonymous leaflet distributed at the University of Puerto Rico, captioned, as translated, "What the FUPI Did Not Say". The article is again accompanied by a reprint of the photograph of FUPI representative. with\_NIKITA\_KHRUSHCHEY over the caption ... the FUPI could not lie out of it ...

It is noted that "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena" is one of the leading Spanish-language magazines in Puerto Rico, with a circulation of 40,000 in Puerto Rico and 20,000 in New York City.

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#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

BOHEMIA LIBRE PUERTORRIQUENA May 20, 1962 Pages AS, A9, A10

FUPI

WITH MOSCOW MONEY

During the last two years the Federation of University Students for Independence has lost its hold over the Puerto Rican student masses as a result of having . publicly announced its relations with Communist agents. Ever since its leaders openly sided with the Cuban regime joining its defense, many of its members - true independentists - choose to turn away from FUPI rather than play along with their leftist leaders. Therefore, there has been a considerable decline in the organization's ranks and today, there are no more than 30 FUPI followers.

In previous years, when the democratic student masses were characterized by their apathy, FUPI called itself the representative of all the "enslaved" Puerto Rican students. In this way, while Puerto Rican youths were dedicated to their studies, never giving a thought to politics, FUPI delegations were travelling from one end of the Continent to another, telling our brother countries of "the terrible tragedy the Puerto Ricans are living under the burden of Yankee imperialism".

Now, weakened by its constant screams in favor of Communist ideals, FUPI writhes in agony. The finishing blow was delivered by a group of students who disseminated, throughout the universities of Puerto Rico, handbills with the photograph of NARCISO JABELL JARTINEZ, FUPI ambassador in Moscow, standing next to KHRUSCHEV. (A copy of this indisputable evidence was published by Bonemia Libre Puerte-rriquena in its edition of two weeks ago.)

Translated by: 5/22/62 cc's:

2 - Bureau

T - New York 2 - San Juan

(5)

105-93124.77

#### FUPI COMES BACK

In an attempt to disprove the categorical statement that they are working for international Communism, the remaining members of FUPI held a meeting recently at the public square in Rio Piedras. But all the "antiimperialist" speeches delivered by them on that occasion, could not hide the truth which everyone knows.

MARTINEZ represented FUPI at a congress in Moscow. This admission was made when they were confronted with the irrefutable photographic proof that the FUPI is at the service of Boviet Imperialism and receives orders from the Kremlin. Never before had the FUPI publicly recognized its "diplomatic relations" with the Soviet bloc. But, on the contrary, nothing was said about the fact that Comrade MARCISO RABELL continues to represent the FUPI at the International Union of Students (TUS) with headquarters in Prague. It is well known that TUS is an organization subsidized by the Communists for the purpose of seeking followers among students and inflitrating the universities of the democratic world.

Another manifest which circulated among the university students as a supplement to the things FUPI didn't say at its public meeting, stated that RABELL's appointment is for two years which he must spend in Europe or in any other part of the world at the service of IUS: and continuism. Proof of this was obtained during January at the College of Social Sciences of UPE, when FUPI members commented that RABELL had been in the Dominican Republic during the Christmas holidays for the purpose of making a study of the political situation theme to be submitted to the strategists of Communist International policies.

At present FUPI's Foreign Relations Secretary is touring the Soviet satellites behind the Iron Curtain - Russian colonies - in a tripp which is entirely subsidized by the Red empire. Who else, if not, pays for his stay, his expenses and his services?

COMMUNIST AID

On the other hand, FUPI leaders are trying to

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convince the sudedt body that they receive no aid whatsoever from the Communist bloc. How thep, the students
and themselves, do they explain the fact that every year
many of their members make trips abroad which last from
three to ten months, during which time they travel
throughout the "Communist paradise"?

On many occasions FUPI has stated that it does not receive orders from the Communists by way of IUS. However, it has meever explained the fact that when the Communists are conducting campaigns and subversive demonstrations in the rest of the world, in Puerto Rico, at the same time, FUPI conducts the same campaigns, following the same ideology. An example of this was when the FUPI members picketed the French consulate in San Juan to protest against the death sentence of an Algerian youth. They have never protested against the Communist regime in Cuba, in spite of the fact that is has shot, imprisoned and murdered thousands of persons.

To express their "gratitude", the Communists help FUPI organize its activities against "Yankee imperialism" internationally, as they did with the world march in honor of ALBIZU CAMPOS on his 70th birthday.

All this only serves to reaffirm the fact that the ideals and the money come from Moscow. But the Puerto Rican student body - which has awakened in the nikk of time cannot be fooled by the demagogic ideals of these indoctrinated leaders.

This is the price which must be paid by the liberal and nationalist causes which could previously thrive in our world and which today, have been destroyed by the eyilsoof Communism.

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ist influence wit the present time leaflet. While point, the NPPR dissention that	distribution of hin independence would be inapprote the proposed lead at present is in the impact of the distribution at t	organizations opriate for di flet is well p such a state e leaflet woul	s, the SJO for latribution or prepared and of internal	els of such to the
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its own hand has been completely neutralized for the party by as a force for Puerto Rico's independence.

The proposed leaflet is aimed principally at the NPPR. Due to the NPPR's rapidly changing internal conditions, it is felt distribution of the leaflet should be withheld fintil after October or until some definite leadership emerges from the present internal struggle.

The SJO is attempting to take advantage of all opportunities to keep the issue alive and in this connection, a recent article in a New York newspaper, which was extremely critical of the NPPR's treatment of long-time member, and which pointed up the NPPR's connection with Cuban communism, was furnished to Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena and lagreed to reprint the article in Puerto Rico.

also recently gave wide publicity to an interview of which she accused NPPR leaders of deserting the NPPR cause in favor of Cuban communism.

Concerning the anti-FUPI leaflet proposed in Bureau letter of 5/4/62, the SJO feels this leaflet would be ineffective.

The FUPI's answer in "Informacion Estudiantil" is undoubtedly recognized by the student body as a weak cover for its inability to answer the questions posed in the leaflets and its inability to explain presence with KHRUSHCHEV. The leaflet proposed in relet emphasizes the anonimity of the previous leaflets and otherwise adds nothing to their content. The original leaflets are still receiving wide publicity, the photograph and second leaflet having been published in last week's issue of "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena," with emphasis upon the fact the leaflet was distributed by UPR students and that the FUPI has been unable to answer the questions concerning status within the communist of it is felt the shock of the original leaflets will continue status within the communist orbit. to have a damaging effect upon the FUPI for some time and that further distribution of anonymous leaflets at present might point up their anonimity and endanger the present success of this campaign.

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8J 105-3353 Sub 1

The SJO will continue to be alert for opportunities to disrupt activities of the FUPI and other Nationalist and communist organizations in Puerto Rico.

# Memorandum

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TO

DI.J:CTOR (105-93124)

DATE: 5/23/62

FROM :

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872) (P)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) (OO: San Juan)

Re San Juan letter dated 5/9/62.

The article concerning which was enclosed with relet for New York, has been reviewed by the NYO. The difficulties encountered by along with her dissatisfaction with the Puerto Nican Mationalist movement, have been the subject of articles recently appearing in New York Spanish language newspapers under San Juan datelines.

Although all of the statements attributed to concerning Mationalist functionaries were not printed in these papers, the NYO feels that in order to attempt to get such articles publicized they would have to be newsworthy as of this time. Inasmuch as statements have been the subject of previous articles it is felt that to bring this matter up again would merely be a "rehash of old news" in the eyes of newspapermen.

The NYO has made this article s part of the file for future reference when the opportunity presents itself wherein statements made by can be best utilized.

The NYO appreciates San Juan's consideration in forwarding this article for possible utilization by New York.

2 - Bureau (105-93124) (RM) ST-108 2 - San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) (RM) REC-32 4 MAY 24 1962 1 - New York (105-32872) (413) REC-32 4 MAY 24 1962 1 - New York (105-32872) (413) REC-32 4 MAY 24 1962 1 - San Juan (105-32872) (413) REC-32 4 MAY 24 1962 1 - San Juan (105-32872) (413) REC-32 4 MAY 24 1962

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SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) June 1, 1962 **REC- 135** Director, FBI (105-93124) -GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) Reurlet 5/18/62. Bureau authority is granted you to allow to utilize San Juan Office copies of publications printed by various Puerto Rican independence organizations for the purpose of extracting material which can be utilized by him to refute the numerous anti-United States statements. Libre Puertorriquena" makes him a source who could greatly contribute to the purposes of this Counterintelligence Program. You should furnish the Bureau information concerning any anticommunist and pro-United States articles published by the PSI. NOTE ON YELLOW: "Bohemia Libre" is an anticommunist and anti-Cuban publication which has a weekly circulation of 60,000 copies in Puerto Rico and New York City. The PSI is interested in publishing anticommunist articles particularly those which could expose pro-Cuban and communist influences in the various independence organizations in Puerto Rico. The 5/5/62 issue published an interview with a nationalist SI subject which was very critical of procommunist individuals within the NPPR. The purposes of this program are to disrupt the activities and lessen the influence of nationalists and communists who seek to separate Puerto Rico from the U.S. by violence. TC:cad RELEGI - 7 (4)00 of Section indets: He DECLASSIFIED BY 6080 2.30 15 JUN 27 1962 MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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llice IVlemon UNITED STA DIRECTOR, FB1 (105-93124) SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1) GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) Enclosed herewith are one copy each for the Bureau and New York of Bohemia Libre Puertomiquena", Puerto Rico edition of "Bohemia Libre", an anti-CASTRO magazine published in New York City. Pages A8, A9, A31, A32 of this magazine contain an article concerning an interview by the Puerto Rico staff of this magazine with longtime Nationalist in Puerto Rico. In this article criticizes the leadership of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR), JUAN MARIVERAS, of the Movamiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) and of the Cuban delegation to the United Nations in New York City. This article is being furnished in the event New York desires to utilize same in a counter-intelligence technique. such as having this article published in one of New York's Spanish newspapers. A translation of this article is attached hereto. 2 - Bureau (RM) (Enc. 3) 2 - New York (105-32872) (RM) (Enc.3) 1 - San Juan JLS:amb N/ KU distriction

# UNITED STATES OF MENT

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10 : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE:

5/8/62

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PROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re San Juan letter, 4/24/62.

The March, 1962 issue of "Vigia", University of Puerto Rico (UPR) Catholic newspaper, devoted its front page to an editorial and photograph in answer to FUPI's denunciation of "irresponsible" actions of "Vigia" in reprinting the photograph contained in the anonymous leaflet distributed at the UPR on 1/26/62. The distribution of this leaflet has thus sparked a running battle between the FUPI and "Vigia" in spite of FUPI's efforts to avoid such a clash. FUPI recognizes that since the vast majority of UPR students are of the Catholic faith, FUPI can only lose by criticizing "Vigia", thus indirectly criticizing the policies of the Catholic Church. A translation of the "Vigia" editorial is attached to each copy of this communication.

Also attached to each copy is a translation of an article in the 5/6/62 edition of "Bohemia Libre Puertorriquena", Puerto Rico counterpart of "Bohemia Libre", published in Miami and New York. This article is accompanied by a reprint of the photograph of with KHRUSHCHEV.

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2-Bureau (Enc 4)(RM) 1-New York (Enc 2)(105-32872)(RM) 2-San Juan

(1-105-3079-FUPI)

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LAT 10 1962

MAY 1962

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#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico

#### EDITORIAL

WHO ARE THE MALVED ONES?

The handbill entitled "Student Information".

which was distributed by FUPI on February 26 throughout
the University campus, denounces "irresponsibility on
the part of Vigia" and at the same time showers us with
scorn and tender phrases such as: "being miserable, cowardly
and immoral". Thank you. We never scorn anyone, neither
do we insult.

According to them, our "irresponsibility" lies in the fact that we have accepted, what they term "ideo-logic association through photography".

student FUPI Secretary of Foreign Relations, has his picture taken with NIKITA KRUSHCHEV, he has no "ideological association" whatsoever with NIKITA KRUSHCHEV.

So the student body can judge for itself, we are publishing an example. This little sample shows that is no less than a member of the IUS Secretariat.

The student body should know that the International Union of Students (IUS), the same as the World Federation of Democratic Youth (WFDY), are communist associations in disguise, used by Moscow in their attempt to influence the students of the world.

Translated by:

5/7/62
2 - Bureau
1 - New York
2 - San Juan
1 - 105-3079 (FUPI)
105-3353 Sub I (Counterintelligence Program)

(5)

It seems that there is something more to the "ideological association" than a photograph.

rupi recognizes that IUS is "essentially a leftist organization" (Bulletin 15). We assure FUPI that IUS! leftist tendencies are purely Communistic and FUPI is doing itself great damage by affirming that IUS "agrees with our policies". No Catholic can agree with IUS! policies. Therefore, we repeat, no Caholic can belong to FUPI while FUPI is under the influence of IUS.

Some politician from Chile might sustain that "there is no religious persecution whatsoever in Cuba" and FUPI, under the influence of IUS, might believe this false-hood. Unfortunately, the truth is very different.

The Declaration of the Committee of Catholic Cubans in Exile, states that Cuba has "no schools, no Press, no means of communication and the majority of its priests and clergy is exiled or in prison".

A word to all those Catholic students who are still active members of FUPI: "Don't be graive."

"sample", a photograph of taken from 1/21/62 issue of Bohemia, published in Cuba, with following caption, as It appeared in Bohemia:

"FROM THE SISTER COUNTRY OF PUERTO RICO

friendly nation, if Foreign Relations Secretary of the Federation of University Students for Independence of Puerto Rico and a member of the International Union of Students' Secretariat, visits the editorial offices of Bohemia. He is accompanied by attorney delegate of the Puerto Rican students in Cuba and an active worker for the cause of tearing the martyr island from Yankee clutches. Also in the photograph are our director, and Bohemia collaborator Puerto Rican revolutionary. (Photo:

May 4, 1962

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEXING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Reurlet 4-24-62.

The Federacion Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) is rightfully concerned because of the adverse publicity received as a result of the anonymous leaflets distributed on 1-26 and 3-12-62. FUPI cannot and has no intention of answering the questions which were asked in the anonymous leaflet distributed 3-12-62.

The following is submitted your office as a proposed answer to the information which appeared in the 3-26-62 edition of the FUPI organ "Informacion Estudiantil."

Your observations and recommendations are requested

### TRUTH CAN MAKE YOU FREE

The Anti-Communist League of Pucto Rico has no intention or time to engage in name calling with the FUPI.

FUPI in its guilty concern and because of the recent truthful exposure of FUPI activities included the following in its March 26, 1962, edition of REC- 40 /05 -4:1-11 -7 "Informacion Estudiantil":

"The Questions the Students are Asking . 19 MAY 7 1962 Themselves

at first anonymously, "Tho are the cowards who and now under the name of the 'Anti-Communist League of Puerto Rico' devote themselves to publishing leaflets insulting the FUPI? Who is the president of that 'League'? Who is the secretary? Why don't they dare to identify themselves? Are they the same as the 'Secret Fascist Movement'? Finally why all this secrecy?"

York (105-32872)

Letter to San Juan
FU: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
105-93124

The only students who are interested in asking themselves such questions are the few misguided would-be communists among the so-called leadership of the FUPI.

We are and intend to remain anonymous for reasons of effectiveness but there are no cowards among the members of the League. Cowards are those who are destitute of courage. The League with courage and truth and without desiring any acclaim or praise will continue anonymously to fight the Godless ideology of communism wherever it appears.

of a fascist movement is the forcible suppression of its opposition. The League has with truth only made known the activities and associations of FUPI to show the student body what FUPI is or is trying to be.

- We know there is no freedom, independence or hope under communism.

Anti-Communist League of Puerto Rico

Ma 4 10 50 M'ST

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May 2, 1962

Airtel

To: EX-114AC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

From: Director, FBI (105-93124)- 70

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTECLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

ReBuairtel 3-9-62 and urlet 4-24-62.

Although the Federacion Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) planned to ignore the anonymous leaflet which was distributed on 3-12-62, the questions asked in the 3-26-62 edition of the FUPI publication show that FUPI is very much concerned with the anonymous counterintelligence efforts.

This, too, points up the absolute need to make certain our efforts remain anonymous.

FUPI leaders'plans to direct their efforts toward support of current campaigns at the University of Puerto Rico which have the sympathy of the student body should be given your continuous attention.

When possible, with full security, we should offset or detract from FUPI's support.

The Bureau believes that consideration should now be given to the preparation and dissemination of the proposed anonymous leaflet suggested in reairtel. Consideration should be given to deleting the paragraph concerning the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) as previously suggested by providing office in order to leave the possible impression that the proposible impression that the proposition of the anonymous leaflet.

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SEE NOTE ON YELLOW PAGE TWO

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Airtel to San Juan
RE: GROUPS STEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
105-93124

The proposed anonymous leaflet in reairtel is intended to indicate the author is "pro-Puerto Rico" but yet criticize each of the three nationalist organizations and even more condemn the communist influences in the nationalist movement.

San Juan should promptly submit for the Bureau's approval a proposed leaflet based on the proposed leaflet set out in reairtel. Submit also the identities of individuals and organizations which could be be expected to give such a leaflet wide distribution.

Handle promptly.

NOTE ON YELLOW:

Two anonymous leaflets relative to the FMI, the nationalist-communist student organization at the University of Puerto Rico, were anonymously sent to individuals and organizations on 1-26-62 and 3-12-62 for distribution. The first leaflet showed no source of origin; however, the second leaflet showed it had originated with the inti-Communist League of Puerto Rico. The leaflets have served the purposes of this program which are to disrupt the activities and to diminish communist influences in the organizations. There is much confusion as to the identity of the sources and the blame has been placed upon several individuals and organizations, none of which are connected with the United States or Enerto Rican Covernments or law enforcement.

FBI

<u>;</u>	Date: 4/10/62
	PLAIN TEXT
ansmit the follow	ving in (Type in plain text or code)
AIRTEL	ATR MAIL
a VILLIA	(Priority or Method of Mailing)
TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)
FROM:	SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)
SUBJE	C TANDEDENDENCE BOR PUERTO RICO
	Re San Juan airtel to Bureau, 3/27/62.
recog at th FUPI it wi leade campa The i to th resul	attended weekly
FUPI	1. An average of only 12 to 15 persons have attended weekly meetings during March, as opposed to an average of 30 or 40 revious meetings.
in fr	2. The FUPI made a poor showing at an all-day collection of the UPR on Monday, 4/2/62, and FUPI members were culed by the UPR students.
\$10.00 STAND	3. During a recent collection the FUPI collected only of throughout the School of Social Science, formerly idered a FUPI stronghold.  REC. 34
STANDA 1 -	New York (RM) (Info) (105-32872) San Juan DECLASSIFIED BY (080 WMAY 7 1977
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1 10 A 10	1957 ENDLY SUBV. CICAROL
Approved:	Special Agent in Charge 2 1/3

SJ 105-3353 Sub 1

at the 4/4/02 FUPI meeting that only two membership cards had been completed and returned to the FUPI during March, despite intensive efforts of FUPI members to obtain new sponsors and adherents.



Date: 3/27/62

ransmit the following in .

PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

CONFIDENT

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM:

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 sub 1)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (Counterintelligence Program) (Subversive Control Section)

ReSJairtel to Bu, 3/12/62.

on 3/19/62, and ade available a copy of the leaflet obtained by him at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR). Informant stated these leaflets had been distributed by the hundreds at the UPR and had caused considerable comment by the students, mostly in agreement with the sentiments expressed in the leaflet. Informant stated the leaflet had been extremely detrimental to the Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (Federation of University Students for Independence) (FUPI) at the UPR.

On 3/23/62, the 471st INTC Detachment, San Juan, forwarded to the SJO a copy of a translation of the leaflet, stating the leaflet had been obtained from persons at the UPR.

on 3/26/62, devised the leaflet had received wide distribution at the University. According to the informant hundreds of copies had been placed at the entrance of the UPR and in the Student Center. Informant said the FUPI had not discussed what action they plan to take, if any, in face of this latest barrage of criticism and that the matter will probably be taken up at the FUPI Executive Committee Meeting on 3/28/62.

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Bureau (RM)

MAY 7 1977 REC.

I - San Juan

JCB/pam

Special Agent in Charge

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PPROPRIATE AGENCIES

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#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

Bulletin No. 14

STUDENT INFORMATION For a Democratic University

February 27, 1962

AN IRRESPONSIBLE ACT ON THE PART OF VIGIA. Vigia, "monthly publication of the Catholic University Center", has published in its January edition a photograph and a commentary attacking FUPI and has disseminated it anonymously at the UPR two weeks ago. An anonymous author, that is one who hides in the shadows to make accusations against others, accusations which he dares not make in the open, is a mean and low individual, a coward with no morals. And those who pay attention to him are no better. Vigia published the photograph and the commentary with the following statement: "Vigia has received and has been asked to distribute among the students of UPR, the photograph published herein. This photograph was accompanied by the following commentary and by an elaborate article which is of no interest to us." (Indeed, the article we saw is the most interesting piece of all, in spite of Vigia's statement that "it is of no interest to us".) And then Vigia repoduces the commentary attacking FUPI.

The Federation of University Students for Independence hereby states that it is prepared to discuss the aforementioned commentary with anyone who supports it. We do not fear a comparison of ideas. As to the anonymous author and those who have stood by him in the pages of Vigia, they deserve nothing but our utmost contempt.

FOR "VIGIA" AND COMPANY-. Puerto Rican independentists and particularly those of us who are active members of the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI), can be Catholic, Protestant or free-thinkers; can be Socialists, liberals or Christian democrats. But we are always, above any religious or ideological differences, INDEPENDENTISTS, opposed to foreign guidance for our country.

Translated by: 3/12/62 cc's: 2(- Bureau) 1 - 105-3079 1 - 105-3353 sub 1 (4)

EPULC ....

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We can go to Washington, Rome, Moscow or Belgrade; we can talk to KENNEDY; to Pope JOHN XXIII, to KRUSHEV or TITO and we will always be the same men, in our own country, day by day, hour by hour, minute by minute, facing all those forces which are opposed to Independence, without giving a thought to the loss of privileges we might have because of this or the persecutions we might

Therefore, to question FUPI's patriotic integrity one must be either very cynical or very ignorant. Because suffer. those who today (year 1962) favor and applaud American colonialism in Puerto Rico and even wear the American military uniform, may be called many things, but they will never be called patriots. And it is precisely that which hurts them deep down: the fact that FUPI is a patriotic organization whith faces them as well as anyone else who attempts to violate our Country's sovereignty, fulfilling its primary duty of fighting for the independence of Puerto Rico, unmasking its enemies. Let those hypocrites, traitors to their Country mark these words: we will fight harder and harder for the achievement of our ideals.

# FUPI IN VENEZUELA, MEXICO, TUNIS, SWITZERLAND, IRAQ, RUSSIA,

Thanks to FUPI's active participation in youth and student congresses held in the world during the last 3 years, the cause of Puerto Rican Independence has won the enthusiastic support of hundreds of youth organizations, as well as millions of youths from all over the world of every possible political ideology. Resolutions, rallies, protests, solidarity marches, petitions requesting the liberation of Dr. PEDRO ALBIZU CAMPOS are some of the rewards reaped by FUPI for this participation in international events held in more than 20 countries throughout the Continents. FUPI delegates have visited Venezuela (3rd Latin American Congress of Students), Tunis (Seminar on Under-Developed Countries), Sweden (Seminar on Student Participation in Society), Switzerland (9th International Conference of Students - CIE-COSEC), Iraq (6th Congress of

the International Union of Students), Moscow (Youth World Forum) and many other countries. And no matter how the enemies of independence, be they called what they will, try to stop it, FUPI will not abandon its practice of try to stop it, FUPI will not abandon its practice of participating in whatever youth congress is held to participating in whatever youth congress is held to further the cause of Puerto Rican independence and obtain the support of every nation of the world.

WIGIA'S" EVIDENCE. - Vigia has published a photograph
Which was taken in Moscow Tast August, at the end of
the Youth World Forum which was attended by more than
850 youths from 108 countries including Catholics, Communists,
Quakers, Socialists, Nationalists, Moslems, etc. In
Quakers, Socialists, Nationalists, Moslems, from the Communists,
order to prove that FUPI is taking orders from the Communists,
Vigia points out that the photograph shows NIKITA KRUSCHEV
Vigia points out that the photograph shows NIKITA KRUSCHEV
The photograph also shows approximately 40 persons, from
and a FUPI member who attended the Forum as represented a number of countries, who attended the Forum as representatives of youth erganizations. The photograph is of
a number of countries, who attended to the American Press
tatives of youth erganizations. The photograph is of
(United Press International, etc.), to the members of
(United Press International, etc.), to the members of
the United States Embassy, to the newspapermen of the
(United Press International, etc.), to the members of
the United States Embassy, to the newspapermen of the
domination of the entire world was plotted there.)

. .

Well then, if appearing in a photograph with KRUSHEV, at a public activity, means that FUPI receives orders from the Kremlin, we can also "prove" that we receive, by the same token, orders from ROMULO BETANCOURT, President of Venezuela, or from the Prime Minister of President of Venezuela, or from the Swiss Federal Council or from Iraq, KASSEM, or from the Swiss Federal Council or from the Prime Mister of Algiers, EEN KHEDA. And if we try the Prime Mister of Algiers, EEN KHEDA. And if we try hard enough we might even have a photo taken with KENNEDY, at the White House gardens.

Because if we are to accept the thesis sustained by Vigia, "ideological association through photography", then every bishop who has ever been photographed with TRUJILLO is his follower and all those Cardinals who have had their picture taken next to "Generalissimo" FRANCO had their picture taken next to "Generalissimo" FRANCO are in favor of his regime and those bishops who have been are in favor of his regime and HITLER are Fascists and photographed with MUSSOLINI and Photographed With Mussolini and Photographed With Mussolini

seeing that we have photographs of him taken last month in which he appears having a cordial chat with the President of Cuba, Dr. OSVALDO DORTICOS. Would Vigia have us employ their "tactics" and start publishing interesting photos? Naturally, we won't do this, it wouldn't be in good taste. Naturally, we won't do this, it wouldn't be in good taste. Especially when in those photos they publish KRUSHEV is not pinning medals on anybody, whereas the ones we have do show medals.....

"VIGIAS" TACTICS. - When the attack against FUPI was anonymously disseminated at UPR, it contained besides the photograph and commentary reproduced by Vigia, an article on the Youth World Rrum. Vigia then realized that this article detracted from the impact produced by the photo and it therefore eliminated the article, thus admitting to the therefore eliminated the article, thus admitting to the mistake" and the blunder committed by the anonymous author. For the student body's information we are hereby reproducing the first two paragraphs of the article deleted by Vigia, the one they said was of no interest":

"Over 850 youths from 108 countries, among whomwere Catholics, Communists, Christian-democrats, Moslems and Mohammedans, gathered at the recent Youth World Forum, agreed in those measures which should be world Forum, agreed in those measures in the relationship taken to overcome existing prejudices in the relationship taken to overcome existing prejudices.

meetings, discussions, seminars to be held in an intermeetings, discussions, seminars to be held in an international, national and regional level; exchange of delegations,
national, national and regional level; exchange of expositions, of
of tourists, of athletes, of students, of expositions, of
literature, of films; these are the correct formulas to
literature, of films; these are the young ones, stated the
iron out any differences among the young ones, stated

Now you might understand why Vigia in an irresponsible attempt to defame FUPI, omitted the article irresponsible attempt to the anonymous author. Let the previously published by the anonymous author. Let the student body judge for itself.

EDITORIAL STAFF - PUPI; De Diego 156, Rio Piedras.

WE HAVE NO COUNSELORS" .- We students who are active members



of FUPI manage to carry out our student and patriotic activities without the aid of any "Counselors" to guide us. Neither Russian Communists nor Spanish Fascists "advise" FUPI, officially or non-officially. Some of our enemies cannot say the same for themselves. For example: Vigia.

OUR NEXT EDITION. - Will contain more information on FUPI and its international policy and especially, on its relationship with the Coordinating Secretariat of National Student Unions (COSEC) with headquarters in Holland, and with the International Union of Students (IUS) with headquarters in Czechoslovakia. Even though FUPI has already given detailed reports on these phases of its activity on previous occasions, we now propose to delve deeper into this subject and denounce for once and for good, the continuous stream of slanderous campaigns which have been launched against FUPI by the enemies of Puerto Rican Independence, who incidentally, have never stood up for student rights.

AN UPSIDE DOWN WORLD. - Those who fight for Puerto Rican Independence have sold out to Russia, say the colonialists now. What a laugh! Those who accept the present rule of a foreign Congress and not a sovereign Puerto Rican people governing our country, those are the ones who are sold out. And they will sell out tomorrow the same way they have done today. This is the law of inertia. Let's begin to put things to right!

FUPI MEETING WAS GREAT SUCCESS. - Approximately 500 students gathered at the Rio Fiedras Plaza de Recreo (square) on the night of Thursday the 15th to listen to NORMAN PIETRI, MARCOS RODRIGUEZ, FELIX OJEDA, JUAN ANGEL SILEN and PEDRO BAIGES discuss FUPI's views on international, national and university problems. The "Alliance for Progress" was denounced as another attempt on the part of the United States to prolongue its rule in Latin America, using to this end, the dictators and corporations, such as United



Fruit, which exploit the great natural resources of their countries. The FUPI also denounced at this meeting the so-called "talks" held recently at UPR which were directed mainly at attacking the progressive movements of Latin America. FUPI speakers also spoke up against the irresponsible accusations which are being made against our organization.

3/13/62 Date:

PLAIN TEXT (Type in plain text or code) mit the following in .

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM:

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

ReBuairtel to San Juan 3/9/62.

Regarding the distribution of the leaflet covering the entire independence field as proposed by the Bureau, the San Juan Office feels the "Ponce Massacre" commemoration on March 21 next would not be an appropriate time inasmuch as this is primarily an event sponsored by and conducted by Inasmuch as the proposed leaflet includes other independence groups it is believed a more general celebration, such as the De Diego Day commemoration on April 8 or Betances Day commemoration on April 1.6, which are conducted by all independence groups would be more appropriate.

It is felt that the proposed anonymous leaflet is excellent with the exception of the following considerations:

It is noted the leaflet mentions both the APU and the MPIPR as being communist infiltrated. This fact may tend to unite these organizations against a common enemy and thus draw them closer together. At the present they are at odds and it is believed desirable to omit the paragraph concerning either the MPIPR or the APU in order to leave the possible impression the other organization composed the leaflet.

C. McCThe San Juan Office will promptly prepare a leaflet in the English language and Spanish language for approval of the Bureau.

3-Bureau (RM) 1-New York (RM)(Info)(105-32872) 4/05-73/21-65 1-San Juan JCB: 60 MAR 201962 (5) er districted.

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 3/9/62

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT: OGROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM).
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

As has previously been pointed out to the Bureau, the two issues within the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI) which appear to be amenable to exploitation under instant program are, (1) the Communist exploitation under instant program are, (1) the FUPI leaders connections of the FUPI and (2) the rift between FUPI leaders and The first point is being and handled through the medium of an anonymous leaflet at the University of Puerto Rico. The second is being handled University of Puerto Rico. The second is being handled through the use of informants within the FUPI specifically

instructed to take every opportunity to widen the differences between into an open break.

By way of background, it is pointed out that ecently organized the MPI Youth to operate on the national level, as opposed to the FUPI's activity on the University level. has been unsuccessful in his efforts and attendance at the two national conferences of University level. the MPIPR Youth has been very low and confined mostly to the FUPI membership. Informant has seized upon this opportunity to discredit and the FUPI and has spread the rumor throughout the FUPI Directorate that is trying to destroy the FUPI and to transfer its prestige, both locally and nationally, to his own organization. During the past remarked that the FUPI appeared to be through as an effective action group at the University and should, in the future, serve only as an intellectual organization to guide the activities of the independentist youth on the national level This statement, made in the presence of several FUPI officers, was "played up" by the informant to strengthen the

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SJ 105-3353 Sub 1

is concerned only with his own TOUR HALL OF WHITE ISTY TOO NE THE suspicion that became involved organization. At the 2/28/62 FUPI meeting. in an argument with FUPI member

then called for a vote of confidence of the FUPI Board by submitting his resignation as Vice-President and, to his surprise, his resignation was accepted, his replacement to be named at the next FUPI meeting.

ection within the FUPI influence has waned Directorate, It is believed as a result

The above is being furnished for the information of the Bureau as a counterintelligence measure which has met with some degree of success.

AIRTEL

To: SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

From: Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

The results of the distribution of the anticommunist leaflet at the University of Puerto Rico have been favorable. These leaflets were to disrupt the activities and diminish the influence of the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI). The FUPI leadership has attributed the preparation of the leaflet to a number of sources, none of which are connected with leaflet to a number of to law enforcement. Distribution of the the U. S. Government or to law enforcement. Distribution of the anonymous leaflet has been directed solely against FUPI.

The Bureau believes that we should consider at this time the preparation of another anonymous leaflet for distribution at an appropriate time in the future which will not only concern FUPI but include other Puerto Rican independence groups which are in anyway related to communism. The effect of this leaflet should be not only to exercise the purposes of this program but to add eonfusion as to the possible source of this counterintelligence activity.

As previously pointed out, timing in this program is of Freat importance. In this regard, it is noted that on March 21 of each year the Puerto Rican independence factions celebrate the so-called "Ponce Massacre" by placing wreaths in homage to deceased nationalists and attending masses for the dead at the church in rationalists and attending masses for the dead at the church in Ponce, is additionated other selebration.

1 - New York (105-32872)  Tolson NOTE ON PHONE APRELLED IN Selmont NOTE ON PHONE March 21 when Callaban of time before March 21 when	hocause of s	hort period
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irtel to San Juan
: Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico
(Counterintelligence Program)
Subversive Control
05-93124

San Juan should have in its possession a completed leaflet for anonymous distribution at the most appropriate time. The appropriate time is being left to the discretion of your office. The Bureau does not desire indiscriminate volume distribution which might detract from the effectiveness of this technique.

Each operation of this program must remain anonymous and be conducted in a manner so that the counterintelligence activities can never be traced back to the FBI.

Your observations relative to distribution of an anonymous leaflet around the period of the "Ponce Massacre" celebrations should be furnished to the Bureau. Furnish also the identities of possible sources to which such a leaflet the identities of possible sources to which such a leaflet could be anonymously mailed who would normally be expected to could be anonymously mailed who would normally be expected to could be anonymously mailed who would normally be expected to could be anonymously mailed who would normally be expected to could be anonymously mailed who would normally be expected to could be anonymously mailed who would normally be expected to consider the local American consider anti-Castro groups in Puerto Rico, the local American Legion organization and others. If you consider the March 21 Legion organization and others. If you consider the March 21 Legion organization and others. If you consider the March 21 Legion organization and others. If you consider the March 21 Legion organization and others. If you consider the March 21 Legion organization and others. If you consider the March 21 Legion organization and others of copies desired.

San Juan should promptly furnish the Bureau its proposed anonymous leaflet in the English language and the Spanish language exactly as it should be prepared for distribution.

The following is furnished as a proposed anonymous leaflet for your consideration:

### ETRAYED?

supreme leader for many years in the nationalist movement in Puerto Rico, often disavowed communist influences in the nationalist movement. During the United States war against communism in Korea the United States war against communism in Korea specifically stated that the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico must avoid being considered in anyway communistic in its views.

Aistel to San Juan
Pe: Croups Secking Independence for Puerto Rico
(Counterintelligence Program)
- Subversive Control
105-93124

whatever his relationship may have been with communist individuals and regardless of how wrong or right he was, was against Soviet communist ideology.

Suppose could see his wife, and so-called friend, together clinging to Fidel Castro's Soviet-type communism like leeches.

Suppose knew of the Federation of University
Students for Independence joining with international
communism, which, if we are indifferent, can eventually
destroy the Americas which

Suppose learns that Juan Mari Bras is attempting to united nationalists and communists under the banner of the Movimiento Pro-Independencia. Always opposites, the nationalists desire a republic and the communists a socialist state like Soviet Russia.

Unitaria, contemporary descendant of his Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico, is almost completely dominated and controlled by the communist who directs but never leads.

is the ract that Puerto Rico is being betrayed.

The destiny of Puerto Rico must not include subservience to an atheistic ideology.

Puerto Rico, yes; communism, no!

March 1

AIRTEL

SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

From: Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO\_RICO\_ (COUNTERLATELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Reurairtel dated February 21, 1962. and Bulet dated January 17, 1962.

Three thousand copies of the reproduction of the leaflet suggested in reairtel are being forwarded your office separately.

It is absolutely necessary that this leaflet be disseminated in Puerto Rico in a manner so that it cannot be traced back to your office or to the Bureau. Packages of the reproduction should be anonymously mailed in accordance with the instructions in reBulet.

MAILED 31 MAR 2 - 1962

Advise when mailing completed, number of copies furnished each recipient and keep Bureau currently advised concerning the reaction to the leaflet.

COMM-FBI

NOTE ON YELLOW:

REC 41

19 MAR 2 1962

Authorization to mail leaflet anonymously to anticommunist organizations at University of Puerto Rico approved in mesorandum hr. Bland to Mr. Sullivan dated February 23, 1962. ReBulet emphasized the necessity

Airtel to San Juan
Re: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
105-93124

NOTE ON YELLOW: CONTINUED

that counterintelligence techniques must be completely anonymous so that under no circumstances can the leaf-lets be traced back to the FBl. The leaflets are being mailed under the fictitious name "Anticommunist League of Puerto Rico."

TEC.D. SUPLICE

### UNITED STATES C Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SAC. NEW YORK (105-32872) (P)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO ( COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION (00: San Juan)

Re NYlet 11/29/61.

No activities have been noted in the Puerto Rican pro independence field during recent weeks upon which suitable counterintelligence efforts could be based.

The Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) on one side is still solit by factions, on the other. At present a meeting is conand the templated among the Nationalists in New York City, wherein an attempt will be made to solve the factional problem and a determination made as to who actually is the controlling force in the NPPR in New York City. This situation will be watched for any opportunity to employ counterintelligence messures.

leader of the Movimiento Libertador de Puerto Rico (MLPR) in New York City, is presently in jail and the MLPR is dormant at this time.

The Accion Patriotica Unitaria (APU) is a small group and activity on their part is of a limited scope.

The Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) in New York City continues its attempts to be a moving force in the independence field through contact work, meetings, etc., however its leader, presently hospitalized and the organization is not too active at this time.

- Bureau (105-93124) (RM) (725 - San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) (RM)

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1 - New York (105-32872) (413)

13 MAR 1 1952

NY 105-32872

rel of

The Movimiento 24 de Julio de 1898 (M 24), under is crumbling, apparently as the result of the arrest of one of its members, through the cooperation of the New York City Police Department, in possession of firearms. This group, which was organized to fight for the independence of Puerto Rico in a military way, lost their one rifle which had cost the group \$81., by this arrest and most of the members quit the organization when they learned of the arrest.

The NYO continues to analyze the independence activities of Puerto Rican groups in New York City, and will afford the Bureau its observations and suggestions regarding counterintelligence disruptive measures whenever opportunities are presented wherein worthwhile counterintelligence steps can be taken.

Calleb MemorandumSullivon Mr. W. C. Sullivan DATE: February 23, 1962 Tovel Trotter Tele. Roos - Mr. Belmont Mr. J. F. Bland - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE 1. Vice - Mr FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) Purpose: To obtain approval for anonymous distribution of an anticommunist leaflet on the campus of the University of Puerto Rico. This will be a follow-up to a similar leaflet distributed 1-26-62 which was designed to show the communist control of the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI). Background: The leaflet distributed 1 26 62 hore a reproduction of a picture of FUPI representative standing with Khrushchev at a youth function in Moscow. The picture first appeared in a Cuban youth publication. The message on the leaflet pointed out that this clearly showed the communist character of FUPI despite the persistent denials of the organization's leaders. San Juan informants advised that the above leaflet had a "disastrous effect" upon the FUPI at the University of Puerto Rico. FUPI members are ridiculed and commonly referred to as "comrades." Attendance at FUPI meetings has dropped off substantially and its annual membership drive had little success. FUPI leaders tried to overcome effect of leaflet by holding a public meeting 2-15-62 at which appearance in Moscow was passed off as being connected merely with one of the many student conferences attended by FUPI members to call attention to Puerto Rico's "colonial status." Its president stressed that FUPI was not a communist organization. San Juan Office noted that speakers ignored or passed over other facts clearly showing close and permanent connections of FUPI with

international communism and suggested it would be timely to issue another anonymous leaflet under the fictitious name "Anticommunist League of Puerto Rico" to point out the connections which the FUPI

leaders have concealed. San Juan has submitted the text of a proposed

leaflet in the Spanish language. 105-93124 but Egetsel RMH: baw '

62 MAR 6 1362

Memorandum for Mr. W. C. Sullivan
Re: Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico
(Counterintelligence Program)
(Subversive Control Section)
105-93124

### ACTION:

If approved, San Juan will be authorized to mail anonymously to known anticommunist organizations at the University of Puerto Rico copies of the leaflet proposed by the San Juan Office.

411

CONFIDENTIAL

Informant said speech, although delivered with conviction, was generally not accepted even by those listening in the audience. The fact that there were no favorable comments on the UPR campus during the following days also indicates a general lack of acceptance of explanation by the UPR students.

certain key facts, such as permanent status in Prague, which it is felt could form the basis for another leaflet for anonymous distribution. However, inasmuch as dwelled at length on the fact that the author of the original leaflet was afraid to identify himself and stated this tactic was not "honorable", it is suggested the fictitious name "Anti-Communist League of Puerto Rico" be signed to any future leaflet. This will maintain its anonymity, but give it the appearance of authenticity.

The following leaflet, to be distributed in the same manner as the original, is suggested. It is recommended the heading be printed in large black letters to attract attention. In order to be effective, it is felt this leaflet must be mailed within the next two weeks. If approved, the exact Spanish wording should be used.

## LETAT THE PUPI DID NOT SONFIDENTIA

Recently the FUPI held a meeting on the public square at Rio Piedras for the purpose of defending its public stand that it is not an organization at the service of international communism.

In an attempt to confuse the issue with demagoguery, the following facts were hidden, or were not revealed:

First: It was said that Karciso Esbell Kartinez represented the FUPI at a congress in Koscow. This admission was made only when confronted with irrefutable proof that the SUPI is at the service of the Kremlin. Never before had the FUPI publicly recognized its "diplomatic relations" with the Soviet bloc. Neither was it made known that Comrade Earciso Eabell not only represented the FUPI at this congress, but that he continues to represent the FUPI at the International Union of Students (IUS) with headquarters in Frague, as a member of the Executive Committee of this organization. The IUS is an organization subsidized by the Communists for the purpose of seeking followers among students and infiltrating the universities of the world.

Rabell's appointment is for two years which he must spend in Europe or in any other part of the world at the service of International Communism. Proof of this was obtained during January at the College of Social Sciences of the UPR, when FUPI members commented that PABELL had been in the Dominican Republic during the Christmas holidays for the purpose of making a study of the political situation there to be submitted to the strategists of Communist International policies.

Let the FUPI reply: Where is Rabell now? Who pays for his services? Who pays his expenses? Tell us: What are his duties in Frague? Besides, In addition to "representing" the FUPI, who else does he represent?

- 4 -

CONFIDENTIAL

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# CONFIDENTIAL

Second: According to its leaders, the FUPI receives no aid whatsoever from the Communist bloc. How, then, does the FUPI explain that every year many of its members make trips abroad which last from three to ten months, during which time they travel throughout the "Communist paradise"?

Let the FUPI answer: Where does the money come from to cover these "activities"?

Third: FUPI leaders maintain that they receive no orders from the Communists through the IUS. How, then, does the FUPI explain that when Communist campaigns are being conducted in the rest of the world, the FUPI, at the same time, conducts the same campaign in Puerto Rico, and follows the same ideology?

To express their "gratitude," the Communists help the TTPI fight "Yankee Imperialism" by the international organization of such special activities as Pedro Albizu Campos Day.

Let the FUPI answer: Why are the Communists so interested in helping the FUPI in its campaign? Are they trying to make another Cuba out of Puerto Rico?

LET THE STUDENTS ANSWER: Why do we permit the existence of a communist group in our Alma Mater?

ANTI-CO-MUNIST LEAGUE OF PUERTO RICO

- 5 -

CONFIDENTIAL

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# LO QUE NO DIJO LA PUPI CONFIDENTIAL

Recientemente la FUPI celebró una actividad en la plaza pública de Río Piedras cuyo próposito principal era defender su tan conocida posición de que ésta no es una organización al servicio del comunismo internacional.

Tratando de confundir al estudiantado con sus discursos demagógicos, se ocultaron, o no fueron revelados, los siguientes hechos:

Primero: se dijo que Narciso Rabell Martinez representaba a la FUPI en un congresc en Moscú. Esta admisión se hizo al verse confrontados con la irrefutable prueba de que la FUPI está al servicio del Kremlin. Nunca antes la FUPI había reconocido públicamente sus "relaciones diplómaticas" con el bloque soviético. Tampoco se dió a conocer al público el hecho de que el camarada Marciso Rabell no sólo representó a la FUPI en este congreso, sino que continúa representando a la FUPI ante la Unión Internacional de Estudiantes (UIE) con sede en Praga, como miembro del Comité Ejecutivo de esta organización. La UIE es una organización subvencionada por los comunistas cuyo fin es ganar adeptos entre los estudiantes e infiltrarse en las universidades del mundo.

El nombramiento de Rabell es por dos años, los cuales tiene que pasar en buropa o en cualquier otro punto del globo al servicio de la UIE y el comunismo. Prueba de esto se obtuvo hace poco durante el mes de enero en el colegio de Ciencias Sociales de la UPR cuando miembros de la FUPI comentaban que durante las Navidades Rabell había estado en la República Dominicana haciendo un estudio de la situación política para suministrar información a los estratégicos de la política internacional comunista.

Conteste la FUPI, ¿dónde está Rabel actualmente, quién paga sus gastos, su estadía y sus servicios? Diga, ¿cuales son sus obligaciones en Praga? Además de "representar" a la FUPI, ¿a quién más representa?

(4)

# COMFIDENTIAL

Segundo, según sus líderes, la FUPI no recibe ayuda alguna del bloque comunista. Entonces, ¿cómo explica la FUPI sel hecho de que cada año muchos de sus miembros salen hacia el exterior en viajes que duran de tres a diez meses, tiempo durante el cual recorren el "paraíso comunista"?

Conteste la FUPI, ¿de donde sale el dinero para cubrir estas "actividades"?

Tercero, los líderes de la FUPI sostienen que no reciber órdenes de los comunistas a través de la UIE. Ahora bien, ¿cómo explica la FUPI el hecho de que cuando en el resto del mundo los comunistas celebran campañas de agitación y demostraciones por alguna razón particular, en Puerto Rico la FUPI celebra al mismo tiempo, la misma actividad, siguiendo la misma ideología?

En señal de "agradecimiento," los comunistas ayudan a la FUPI a organizar internacionalmente sus actividades especiales, contra el "imperialismo yanqui" como por ejemplo, el día de Pedro Albizu Campos.

Conteste la FUPI, ¿por que están los comunistas tan interesados en ayudarla en sus campañas? ¿Pretenderán hacer de Puerto Rico otra Cuba?

CONTESTE EL ESTUDIANTADO: ¿Porqué permitimos la existencia de un grupo comunista en muestro Alma Mater?

LIGA ANTI-COMUNISTA DE PUERTO RICO

- 7 -

CONFIDENTIAL

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smit the following in	PLAIN TEXT		
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of Puerto Rico 20, 1962. The photograph show NIKITA KHRUSHCH	info of the Bureau, for ate that 6,000 copies of Catholic newspaper, we first page of this new wing FUPI Representative EV. This newspaper is as in Puerto Rico.	f "El Vigia" re distribut spaper conta	ed on February
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#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

BOHEMIA LIBRE PUERTORRIQUENA" San Juan, Puerto Rico May 6, 1962 Page 10A

FUPI AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW......Jaime Valldejuli

A printed sheet with this photograph - published in one of the Communist magazines printed in Cuba - is circulating around the universities of Puerto Rico as indisputable evidence of the "comradeship" existing between FUPI leaders and the Kremlin.

It is not news that a foremost FUPI (Federation of University Students for Independence?) member flew behind the Iron Curtain to participate in the Assemblies of Communists Youths which are held there to unite in evil those you've who are working as red agents in the shadow of democracy. It is a well known fact that some of its leaders frequently "get lost" on innocent trips to Mexico or other countries of the Continent and from there they join a caravan to Russia where they pay homage to KHRUSHCHEV. Later, their passports will bear no sign of this because verbal visas are given to individuals who are so handy.

However, this time, the camera has betrayed the FUPI ambassador in Moscow....There he is: NARCISO RABELL CARTINEZ, former student of the University of Puerto Rico and "ex" Secretary of Foreign Relations of FUPI, attending a conference of the high level youth organizations held in the capital of the little world of Communism.

The aforementioned handbill points out that the FUPI Ambassador is acting as intermediary between the Soviet Communist regime and the group of "anti-Imperialist" UPR students who are forging the "liberation" of Puerto Rico.

Translated by:

5/7/62
cc's:
2 - Bureau 1 - New York
3 - San Juan
1 - 105 - 3070 (RIPI)

105-3353 Suo 1 (counterintelligence Program)

(6)

(6)

(7)

(7)

(93/24-7

مين ا زا The only question the document does not clear up is how many "ambassadors" Moscow has in the FUPI and in Puerto Rico. For there is no doubt that the "diplomatic" gestures of Ambassador RABELL have been imitated by other of his Puerto Rican colleagues. And they are here, with us, to drive a knife in the back of that democracy which so blindly respects their rights as citizens when they appeal for them.





#### FBI

Date: 2/19/62

Transmit the following in

PLAIN TEXT

AIRTEL

(Type in plain text or code) AIR MAIL

(Priority or Meilles of

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM:

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re Buairtel, 2/15/62.

dvised the public meeting at Rio Piedras by the FEDERACION DE UNIVERSITARIOS PRO INDEPENDENCIA (Federation of University Students for Independence) (FUPI) was held on the night of February 15, 1962 and speakers were FIFT Officers

and Informant said the speeches of concerned local problems and were delivered merely as a cover to prevent the University students from thinking the FUPI is overly concerned about the leaflet and to place the audience in a recentive mood for the main speech by FUPI speech was concerned with recent anti-FUPI propaganda by "colonialist elements" who did not have the courage to identify themselves. discussed the anonymous leaflet in detail, stating the FUPI had nothing to hide; that was in fact the FUPI Representative to the INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STUDENTS in Prague: that had been in attendance at the meeting in Moscow in August, 1961 at which he was photographed with

KHRUSHCHEV; that the FUPI attended this meeting with an open mind in an effort to obtain a better understanding of international student problems; that the meeting was sponsored

- Bureau (RM)

- New York (RM) (105-32872) (Info)

/- San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

TCB:gjk

C C . WICK

Special Agent in Charge

82

SJ, 105-3353

CONFIDENTIAL

by the French Youth with the Soviet Union of Students acting as host, and that KHRUSHCHEV had by chance showed up at the meeting. Said the FUPI and the Communists have a common enemy, United States imperialism, and that the FUPI will continue to cooperate with anyone who will aid them in their struggle. Emphasized, however, that this does not mean the FUPI is or ever will be a Communist organization.

Informant advised the speech of was very effective and convincing, particularly since has long been known as an outstanding Catholic youth leader at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR) and is apparently himself convenced of the truthfulness of his arguments.

The San Juan Office will consider the preparation of another leaflet for anonymous distribution to counteract explanations. However, prior to any recommendation, ing the above public meeting and any other steps the FUPI is anticipated that will be contacted on the night of February 19th instant.



DIRECTOR, FBI

(105-93124)

Feb. 19, 1962

(105-5086)

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\*\*CGROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO \*\*EUBJECT: (COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re Miami airtel to Bureau, 1/26/62, and Bureau routing slip dated 1/29/62.

On February 11, 1962 made available a copy of the September 5, 1961 issue of Mella", official organ of the Youth Division of the Armed Forces of the Revolutionary Government of Cuba printed by the Imprenta Nacional, Havana, Cuba.

printer for the Communist Party of Cuba. He also advised that the individuals listed on the masthead, as follows, are self-admitted Communists.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

Board of Directors

FERNANDO RAVELO, Director

Members

CARLOS QUINTELA ADOLFO RIVERO RICARDO ALARCON DECLISCIFIED BY 6080 YEALMAY 7 1977

REC. 38

2 - Bureau (Enc-1) (RM)

1 - San Juan (105-3353) (Info) (RM)

3 - Miami (2cc 105-5086; 1cc 134-44)

JDH:mfm

PENCTO SPISE OF

Signification Indication

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FER DR MED

CARLES AND

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Chief of Information

**CHARTETY** 

ESTHER YALA

Artist Director

Members of 16

Naciona

VIRGILIO MARTINEZ

THEFT

ALEIDA ORDONEZ

Ideas expressed throughout this magazine are totally

Communistic and against the U. S.

Referenced routing slip from the Bureau indicated that this copy of "Mella" was no longer needed; however, inasmuch as the informant has obtained same, it is being furnished to the Bureau for any use the Bureau may desire to make of it.

This copy of "Mella" need not be returned to Miami and may be destroyed after serving its purpose.



February 15, 1962

AIRTEL

To: SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

REC- 48 From: Director, FBI (105-93124) -- 55

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Reurairtel dated February 12, 1962.

Advise Bureau by return airtel the explanation offered by Federation of University Students For Independence (FUPI) speakers on February 15, 1962, as to the reasons for presence in Roscow with Nikita Khrushchev during August, 1961.

San Juan consider, if practical, the preparation of another leaflet for anonymous distribution to counteract the explanations. Submit also your observations and recommendations as to whether a second anonymous leaflet could show without jeopardizing sources and techniques recent travel to the Dominican Republic and Cuba. Perhaps the question "Where is now?," or something similar could be asked to further confound FUP1 and its leaders.

This matter should be handled promptly so that a second anonymous leaflet, if prepared, would timely follow the explanations offered by the FUPI leadership.

NOTE ON YELLOW: Reairtel shows that FUPl officers extremely concerned over continued distribution on the campus of the leaflet showing FUPl representative in company with Khrushchev. In a desperate effort to counteract the influence of the leaflet, FUPl leaders have called a public meeting for February 15, 1962, for the purpose of attempting to explain presence with Khrushchev. Speakers will be FUPl's top leaders.

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TC: sac. (4)

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#### FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in		PLAIN TEXT	- 41	
Via _	AIRTEL	(Type in plain text or code)	THE RESERVE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON.	
- 7		(Priority or Method of Mailing)		
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DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM:

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Re San Juan airtel to Bureau, 2/6/62.

advised on 2/12/62 that the FUPI officers are extremely concerned over the continued distribution on the University of Puerto Rico (UPR) campus of the leaflet showing FUPI representative in company with KHRUSHCHEV. Informant advised that in a desperate effort to counteract the influence of this leaflet, the FUPI has advertised a public meeting at the Rio Piedras public square on next Thursday night, 2/15/62, for the purpose of presence with KHRUSHCHEV. Leaflets explaining inviting all UPR students to this public meeting are being distributed at the UPR. Speakers at the meeting will be FUPI officers

(3 - Bureau (RM) 1 - New York (Info) (105-32872) (RM)	LOTHER THE
2 - San Juan (1 - 105-3079) (FUPI / REC. 18 JCB: ZC (6) DECLASSIFIED BY 6070 MAY 7 1977/05	-93124-5716
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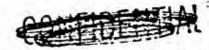
Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

NUTD STATES GOVERNMENT MemorandumMr. W. C. Sullivan wo DATE: February 8. Tele. Ro Mr. J. F. Bland 1 - Mr. Belmont - Mr. Mohr - Mr. Sullivan - Mr. C. A. Evans SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) PURFOSE: To advise concerning the favorable results obtained through the anonymous dissemination in Puerto Rico of copies of a two-paged leaflet prepared at the Bureau which shows the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI) relationship with international communism, a relationship FUPI has often denied. BACKGROUND: On 1/17/62 we forwarded to San Juan 3,000 copies of a mimeographed reproduction in leaflet form an article which appeared in a Cuban youth publication. The article concerned participants at the World Youth Forum (WYF) in Moscow during August, 1961, and carried a photograph showing some WYF participants being photographed with Nikita Khrushchev and other top Soviet officials. On the outside page of the leaflet we placed a paragraph in the Spanish language explaining the significance of the article and identified University of Puerto Rico (UPR) student FUPI's Ambassador to the International Union of Students (195), a Soviet controlled international communist youth organization located at Prague, standing near Khrushchev with other participants. The IUS has directed FUPI anti-United States activities in Puerto Rico through Rabell. San Juan on 1/26/62 mailed anonymously copies of the leaflet to two student organizations at the UPR and two student leaders who had previously distributed pro-United States and anti-FUPI literature on the campus. 105-93124 1 - Bufile 105-53868 (FUPI) 82 FEB 12 1962 X 101 DECLASSIFIED BY 60YO WOLAY 7 TC: baw: cad (8)

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
Re: Groups Seeking Independence
For Puerto Rico
(Counterintelligence Program)
105-93124

### OBSERVATIONS:



San Juan airtel 2/6/62 advised that the anonymous leaflet received wide distribution and that FUPI officers were thoroughly confused as to its origin.

The 1/31/62 meeting of FUPI officers was taken up by their extreme concern due to the appearance of the damaging leaflet.

President of Catholic Youth Organization furnished San Juan Office copies of leaflet and explained their anonymous receipt. He said the photograph and anti-FUrl message would be reprinted in the UPR Catholic Youth organ "El Vigia" as headline article, 6,000 copies of which are normally distributed at universities in Puerto Rico.

FUPI's most Castroized communist leader, expressed deep concern and stated distribution of leaflet could completely isolate the FUPI from UPR student body and destroy FUPI's future effectiveness on the campus. He said this undoubtedly is the beginning phase of an effective campaign by UPR administration to destroy FUPI.

The results obtained from this anonymous mailing coincide with the purpose of the program which is to disrupt activities and diminish influences of nationalist and communist organizations which seek Puerto Rico's separation from the United States by force and violence.

## ACTION:

For information. We will continue with utmost discretion to further exercise the purpose of this program.

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V.



SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

December 15, 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124) GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Reurlet December 8, 1961....

The proposal set out in relet if accomplished should show the University of Puerto Rico (UPR) student body and Puerto Rico generally that the Federacion de Universitarios pro Independencia (FUPI) is positively associated with international communism.

The Laboratory will attempt to reproduce the photograph and article in sufficient detail so that will be identifiable.

The following suggestions are set out for your consideration.

The article including the photograph on pages 62 and 61 of the September 5, 1961, issue of "Mella" could be reproduced in its entirety on cheap commercial paper similar to the paper of the original. Copies of the reproduction would be folded in the center as a two-page leaflet. The outside of the left page could show the significance of the photograph and text of the article, such as "FUPI Ambassador and Friends in Moscow."

The Federacion de Universitarios pro Independencia (FUPI) denies Russian guidance. However, Narciso Rabell
Martinez, former UPR student and FUPI Secretary of Foreign
Relations, was photographed at a high-level youth conference in Moscow during August, 1961, among those who are plotting Soviet communist domination of the world. FUPI Ambassador Rabell is presently behind the Iron Curtain at the full expense of the communists as the intermediary through which the communist regime guides the FUPI's so called anti-imperialist activities.

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080 YM 1 - New York (105-32872) 1977 2 - Miami SEE NOTE ON YELLOW PAGE THREE ! TELETYPE UNIT

CONFIDENTIAL

At a discussion-among the above officers and other FUPI leaders prior to the meeting, indicated deep concern and stated continued distribution of the leaflet could completely isolate the FUPI from the UPR student body and destroy its future effectiveness on the campus.

During the later discussion at the meeting, said that examination of the leaflet revealed it was an expensive job and was not prepared by amateurs. He suggested the photograph was furnished by some anti-CASTRO exile group in Puerto Rico and the leaflet itself was prepared by the ROTC students with monetary backing of the UPR administration. stated this was undoubtedly the beginning phase of an effective campaign by the administration to . \_ destroy the PUPI at the UPR. He said there was no way to refute the presence of and KHRUSHCHEV in the photograph and that the FUPI should therefore reprint the entire article in its next bulletin, emphasizing the anti-colonialist nature of the meeting and de-emphasizing the photograph. He said the photograph could be explained to some extent by stating the particular meeting was sponsored by the French Youth and that the Soviet Union It was finally of Students had agreed to be the host.

## CONFIDENTIAL

agreed the above action would be taken and that close attention would be paid to the distribution of these leaflets in the future in order to determine its origin.

of the Catholic Youth Organization at the UPR, appeared at the San Juan Office with a few copies of the leaflet and explained their anonymous receipt. He said he was furnishing copies to the FBI for our information and that the photograph and anti-FUPI message on the front of the leaflet would be reprinted as a headline article in the next issue of "Vigia" to issue within the next three weeks, 6000 copies of which are normally distributed at the UPR and other universities in Puerto Rico. He said Catholic Priest at the UPR, had not permitted the distribution of the leaflet inasmuch as the leaflet contains pro-communist propaganda within the body of the reprinted article. Stated that possibly after the publication of "Vigia" the leaflet will be distributed by the members of the Catholic Youth Organization after the body of the article has been obliterated.

The above is being furnished for information of the Bureau and any additional reaction to distribution of the leaflet will be furnished upon receipt.

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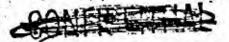
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FROM: SAC, SAN	JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)	4.	
GROUPS SI	EEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR	± √+**	***************************************
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ReBulet	to San Juan 1/17/62.		
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anonymously to t	62,500 copies each of the Statehood Youth Gro	the leaflet were	mailed
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MM 105-5086



"Puerto Rico, and member of the Secretariat of
International Union of Students who arrived
recently from Czechoslovakia, a friendly nation,
visits the Editorial Office of 'Rohemia.' He
is accompanied by Attorney
delegate in Cuba of the Puerto Rican students
and very active, just as he is, in the nevertiring cause to get the martyred island out of
the clutches of the Yankees. With them at the
extreme right of the photograph is our Director
and the Puerto Rican revolutionary
of 'Bohemia magazine,
(Photograph: GILBERTO ANTE)."

Miami will continue contact with with respect to possibly obtaining copy of 9/5/61, issue of "Mella."





1-Mr. Sullivan 1-Mr.Belmont 1-Mr. C. A. Evans 1-Mr. Nohr January 17, 1962 SAC, San Juan (105-3353) PERSONAL ATTENTION Diractor, FBI (105-93124) GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE APPROPRIATE AGENCIES FOR PUERTO RICO AND FIRED OFFICES ; (COENTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) ADVISED BY ROUTING (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) HIP(I) OF CK Reurlet December 21, 1961. Three thousand copies of the reproduction of the article which appeared in the September 5, 1961, issue of "Mella" are being forwarded your office separately. You are aware of the absolute necessity that this leaflet be disseminated in Puerto Rico in a manner so that it cannot be traced back to your office or to the Bureau. Packages of the reproduction should be anonymously mailed at the same general time to the University's Catholic newspaper "El Vigia," to the Statehood Youth Grown at the University, and to the physical mailing of the packages should be accomprished in a manner so that no Bureau employee can be identified with the mailing. Upon reflection, the Bureau feels that in order to further insure the anonymity of this counterintelligence technique, the leaflet should not be furnished to SAC to anyone baren might herry that the Bureau is the source Contact of the dissemination. San Juan should advise the Bureau when the mailing has been completed and the number of copies furnished each, recipient. Thereafter, San Juan should keep the surrently advised concerning the currently advised concerning the reaction to the reletant did creetly after the leaflet has publicly appeared, for the reaction of the facertain from sources specifically the reaction of the rederation do Iniversity and the reaction of th Federation de Universitarios Pro Inder Lacher and other. 1.12 Merto Rican independence organizations. REC- 8 105-7 63: 165 1-Bufile 105-53868 (FUPI)/ NOTE ON YELLOW: See memo Pland to Sullivan pagame caption, +\_oach ..... 1000 0378 TC:mtb: Took GD3. Com recl (11) A Democratica mediane DECLASSIFIED BY ele. Ro

Letter to SAC. San Juan
Re: Groups Seeking Independence
for Puerto Rico

- (Counterintelligence Program) 105-93124

You are again cautioned that comterintelligence techniques can be more effective if complete anonymity is maintained. This is an absolute necessity if we are to disrupt the activities and diminish the influence of those organizations which seek Puerto Rico's independence through force and violence.

united states Memoranaum

To : Director, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 1/25/62

якы : SAC, Miami (105-5086) (Р)

FOR PUERTO RICO;

(COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION).

Minimo Instructed by on 1/19/62 In disconting of the chiaire thisper enpy of "Michens.

ReBulet to San Juan 12/15/61.

Files of the Miami Office contain to copies of "Mella."

was contacted on receipt of referenced communication, and contact has been maintained with him with regard to obtaining copy of September 5, 1961, issue of "Mella."

On January 19, 1962, advised that he is attempting to obtain the copy through contacts in Cuba.

Miami will continue contact with re this matter, and the Bureau and San Juan will be immediately advised on receipt of copy.

One copy of this letter is designated for San Juan for information.

(2) - Bureau (RM)

1 - San Juan (Info) (105-3353) (RM)

2 - Miami

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## UNITED STATES C CENT 1emorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

12/21/61

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

ReBulet 12/15/61.

The San Juan Office agrees it would be desirable to have the entire article reprinted. However, if this makes the photograph so small that would not be immediately recognizable, it is felt the authenticity would not be lost if a small portion of the article could be printed on each side of the photograph. is also pointed out that the same photograph appeared in a Russian newspaper, presumably "PRAVDA", shortly after the World Youth Forum and was sent to the FUPI The photograph accompanied by the article in hussian may have been more effective for our purpose is not aware of the location of this newspaper.

It is suggested that if possible a small white face in the reproduction circle be placed aound to draw immediate attention to him by the reader.

Regarding distribution, this will be effected by the anonymous mailing of packages of the leaflets to the UPR Catholic newspaper "El Vigia", the Statehood Youth Group at the UPR, and to the UPR students

As previously note have distributed anti-FUPI literature at the UPR. is the student leader of ROTC at the UPR, has expressed anti-FUPI sentiments in the past, and was recently noted by "El Mundo" to be distributing pro-United States literature at the UPR. Also, as suggested in relet, one copy will be furnished to SAC contact of "El Mundo" ashaving been furnished

by a source at the UPR.

REC- 45 2-Bureau (RM)

1-Miami (INFO)(RM) DECLASSIFIED BY 60YO YHUMAY 7

1-San Juan

17 JAN 29 145B-WARE Shampt from

It is recommended that 3,000 copies of this leaflet be prepared by the PBI Lab.

Regarding the message on the leaflet, the entire wordage must be in the Spanish language and must be written in Spanish type. The following is the exact translation of the message as set out in relet and it is suggested this wordage be used:

"EMBAJADOR DE LA FUPI Y SUS AMIGOS SE REUNEN EN MOSCU"

La Federación de Universitarios Pro
Independencia (FUPI) niega estar bajo la tutela rusa.
Sin embargo, la fotografía muestra a Narciso Rabell
Martinez, ex-alumno de la Universidad de Puerto Rico
quien durante un tiempo ocupó el cargo de Secretario
de Relaciones Exteriores de la FUPI, en una
conferencia de las altas esferas de organizaciones
juveniles celebrada en Moscú durante el mes de agosto
de 1961 para tramar la dominación comunista en el
mundo entero. En estos momentos, el embajador de la
FUPI, RABELL, se encuentra detrás de la Cortina de
Hierro, con todos sus gastos pagos por los comunistas,
actuando de intermediario entre el régimen comunista
y la FUPI. A través de él, los comunistas dirigen las
llamadas actividades anti-imperialistas de la FUPI.

podrá la FUPI seguir engañando al estudiantado de la U. P. R.?

Concerning contacts with was contacted concerning another matter by SAC SPEAKES on 10/25/61, at which time he expressed his concern over communist connections of the FUPI and volunteered to again publish any article or editorial which the FBI felt would serve to counteract the influence of this organization. Such an editorial, however, would concern: the clear-cut issue of the FUPI's admitted connection with the Soviet-controlled International Union of Students (IUS) and it is felt would be extremely hesitant to publish an editorial concerning communist infiltration at the UPR, other than the FUPI, in the absence of strong evi nce to the effect that such infiltration exists and is danger to the welfare of the people. This is particularly true since both the Chancellor of the UPR and the Governor of Puerto Rico have publicly opposed an investigation into the possible communist infiltration at the ·UPR.

It is believed the type of counter measure referred to by the Bureau is already being adequately handled by the general public in Puerto Rico, the vast majority of whom are in favor of the democratic process and are decidedly pro-United States. Each public statement by an anti-United States group, either a group of students or a group of professors, is countered by an expression of pro-United States sentiment by responsible citizens in Puerto Rico. An example in point, in addition to the above mentioned anti-FUPI demonstration, is the publishing of a document in support of the United States signed by a large group of prominent business and professional men of Puerto Rico, in repudiation of the so called "Document of Extermination" by 19 university professors in protest to the United States bases in Puerto Rico. Also, the concern of the public, as shown by numerous letters to the editor in local newspapers, following the statement by Puerto Rican senators to the effect that "Communist infiltration could exist" at the UPR, is another example of sincere public response which is effective as a counter measure against pro-Communist propaganda.

In summation, the following observations are made:

A counterintelligence program at the UPR is believed unnecessary inasmuch as effective countermeasures are being taken by the faculty and students, as well as by the general public. Further, in Latin American countries, even more so than in the United States, university faculty members and students are considered "a breed apart" and freedoms of academic thought and expression are highly prized and closely guarded. It is therefore felt the implementing of such a program in Puerto Rico could possibly open the Bureau to criticism for attempting to stifle academic freedoms. In this connection, while

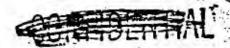
The San Juan Office has close contacts who have the respect of the student element. It is believed, however, "letters to the editor" by these contacts would be ineffective in the face of recent public statements by the UPR Chancellor and the Governor against an investigation of communist infiltration at the UPR.

It is therefore the opinion of the San Ruan Office that this program not be undertaken at the present time.

Letter to San Juan

Re: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

105-93124



## "In the face of this irrefutable evidence, can FUPI continue to deceive the UPR student body?"

San Juan should consider whether or not the above information should be in the Spanish or the English language. If in the Spanish language, San Juan should furnish the information to the Bureau exactly as it should appear on the outside of the leaflet.

Advise the Bureau of the number of copies desired and the manner in which you will distribute them.

Consider also the propriety of furnishing a copy of the leaflet to SAC Contact as information received from one of our sources who advised that the leaflet would be distributed on the campus of the University in the near future. The may desire to publish the leaflet in "El Mundo" after the distribution is made on the campus. The information should be furnished him sufficiently in advance of the anonymous distribution to allow time to prepare so that its publication will be timely.

In any event the article must be prepared to appear as nonprofessional printing, and it must be distributed anonymously in a manner so that it cannot be traced back to the Bureau.

files or if a copy of the September 5, 1961, issue of "Mella" is available. If so, furnish a copy to the Bureau.

Both offices must give this matter continuous attention and promptly furnish the Bureau the requested information. Timing in this matter will be very significant.

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Letter to San Juan
Re: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUBLITO RICO
(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
105-93124

# COTTO

#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

Mella, published in Cuba, is organ of the Association of Rebel Youths. The September 5, 1961, issue contains an article concerning achievements made by youth at the World Youth Forum held in Moscow in August, 1961. A photograph includes, among others, Khrushchev, Anastas Mikoyan, Sergei Pavlov, along with FUPI representative in May, 1961, departed for Prague, Czechoslovakia, to serve a two-year term as FUPI representative on the International Union of Students (IUS) Executive Committee and accepted a five-year scholarship at the University in Prague. He attended the World Youth Forum in Moscow. IUS is an international communist student organization, which is dominated by the Soviets. The published two editorials warning Puerto Rico of the Communist connections of FUPI based on information furnished him under this Program. FUPI is a nationalist-communist student group at the UPR which is extremely anti-United States and pro-Cuba. FUPI has denied on numerous occasions any communist connection. Bureau investigations showed that IUS has directed many of the FUPI activities. The purpose of this Program is to disrupt the activities of subversive groups in Puerto Rico and is to diminish their influence.



# Office Memori dum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

Director, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 12/8/61

FROM

SAC, San Juan (105-3353)(P)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO -(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION (OO: San Juan) 经明明和

APPECPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD GFFICES
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"Mella" published in Havana, Cuba, self-described as the organ of the "Association de Jovenes Rebeldes" (Association of Pehel Youths). This publication was made available by h 12/5/61. It is noted the cover page and last page of this issue are missing.

On pages 60 and 61 of this issue appears a photo of participants in the World Youth Forum held in Moscow, Russia, in August 1961, which photo includes among others NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, ANASTAS MIKOYAN, and SERGEI PAVLOV, along with FUPI representative (face circled prior to receipt).

It is believed this photo offers the perfect opportunity to graphically prove the FUPI's often denied connections with the Communist regime. It is felt the reproduction and distribution on the University of Puerto Rico (UPR) campus of this photo of former UPR student and FUPI officer who is well known on the UPR campus, in company with KHRUSHCHEV at a high level youth conference in Russia would prove beyond a doubt to the UPR student that the FUPI is not only closely connected with the Communist regime, but is also regarded with esteem by the Communist higher echelon.

Subject to Bureau approval, it is anticipated that copies of this photo will be included in a leaflet to be distributed on the UPR campus and possibly to be mailed anonymously to "Vigia", Catholic newspaper on the campus which has previously attempted to alert the students to the FUPI's Communist orientation. The caption under the photo on the leaflet would be as follows:

2 - Bureau (Encl. ) RM - 1977

- New York (105-32872)(Info.)

(1-105-3079)(FUPI)

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SJ 105-3353

to be followed by these words:

"Although the FUPI denies Russian guidance, among those shown above plotting Communization of the world at a high level youth conference in Moscow as recently as August 1961 is well known former UPR student and FUPI Secretary of Foreign Relations. Is presently maintained behind the fron curtain as FUPI Ambassador at full expense of the Communists as the intermediary through which the Communist regime guides the so-called 'Anti-Imperalist' activities. Not shown in the photo but who was also receiving instructions at this meeting in Moscow was UPR student and FUPI officer Can the FUPI continue to deceive the UPA student body as to its true purposes in the face of this irrefutable evidence?"

The exact system of distribution of the above leaflet has not been decided upon, but consideration is being given to the anonymous mailing of packages of the leaflets to individuals who have previously distributed antiFUPI leaflets on the UPR campus such as authors of the leaflets enclosed with San Juan airtel to bureau, 11/18/61.

Bureau is requested to advise if the FBI lab can reproduce photo in sufficient detail. Bureau is also requested to furnish any additional suggestions concerning the format of the above leflet.



UNITED STATES GOVEROO Memorandum prink. c. sullivan William DATE: January 16, 1962 FROM : IIr. J. F. Pland Silv 1-Mr. Belmont 1-Hr. Fohr 1-Mr. Sullivan I-Nr. C. A. Evans SUBJECT: GROUPS SEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

#### PUTPOSE:

Attached is a copy of a two-page leaflet prepared at the Bureau which can graphically prove the University of Fuerto Rico's (Url) Federation de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUI) oftendenied connections with international communism.

The purpose of this memorandum is to request approval for the anonymous dissemination of this leaflet in Fuerto Rico.

#### BACKGROUND:

The FUFI, claiming several hundred adherents among the nearly 16,000 students at the Ura, from 1956 through 1956 remained primarily a vocal group which mouthed demands of fanatic Puerto Rican nationalists. During 1959, FULL applauded the Cuban revolution which it continues to support. In 1960, under its thoroughly Castroized leader, FULL affiliated with the International Union of Students (IUS), an international communist youth organization headquartered in Frague, Czechoslovakia, which has since that time controlled many of FUFI's pro-Castro and anti-United States activities.

In August, 1961, The student and FIFI officer, arrived in Frague to serve for two years as FUPI imbassador on the Executive Committee of the IUS. He has been the intermediary through which the IUS has guided FUPI's so-called "anti-imperialist" activities.

The 9-5-61 issue of "Mella," organ of the Association of Rebel Youths, Mavana, Cuba, carries an article and a photograph con-cerning participants in the World Youth Forum held in Moscow during August, 1961. The photograph includes among others, Rikita Khrushchev, Anustas Mikoyan, and Sergei Favlov, along with FU-I representative, standing close by. The photograph has also appeared in a least an newspaper, presumably "Tydo."

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Enclosures Leut 11-17 1 - Bufile 105-53868 (FIII)

JAN 19 1962

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Hemorendum to Hr. Sullivan

He: Groups Seeking Independence
for Puerto Rico
(Counterintelligence Program)

105-93124

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#### OBSERVATIONS:

Furpose of this program is to disrupt activities and diminish the influence of organizations which seek Fuerto Rico's independence through violence.

The article including the photograph has been repreduced in its entirety on commercial mimeograph paper. A white arrow has been placed above head in the reproduction to direct immediate attention to him by the reader. Copies are folded in the center as a two-page leaflet. The outside of the left page contains a paragraph in the Spanish language which shows the significance of the photograph with the title "FUPI Ambassador and Friends in Moscow." The paragraph describes the occasion of the photograph and concludes with the question, "In the face of this irrefutable evidence, can FUPI continue to deceive the UPP student body?"

Packages of the leaflet will be mailed anonymously to the UFR Catholic newspaper "El Vigia," the UFR Statehood Youth Group, and to three UFR student leaders who have distributed pro-United States and anti-FUFI material on the campus in the past.

Copies of this leaflet have been prepared in a manner so that they cannot be traced back to the FBI.

San Juan will be instructed that the leaflets must be anonymously disseminated in a manner so that under no circumstances can the leaflets be traced back to the FDI.

#### ACTION:

If you agree, there is attached a letter to San Juan in accordance with the above observations.

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B and win

CONTESTIAL THAT

EMBAJADOR DE LA FUPI Y SUS AMIGOS

SE REUNEN EN MOSCU" La Federación de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) niega estar bajo la tutela rusa. Sin embargo, la fotografía muestra a Narciso Rabell Martinez, ex-alumno de la Universidad de Puerto Rico quien durante un tiempo ocupó el cargo de Secretario de Relaciones Exteriores de la FUPI, en una conferencia de las altas esferas de organizaciones juveniles celebrada en Moscu durante el mes de agosto de 1961 para tramar la dominación comunista en el mundo entero. En estos momentos, el embajador de la FUPI, RABELL, se encuentra detrás de la Cortina de Hierro, con todos sus gastos pagos por los comunistas, actuando de intermediario entre el régimen comunirta y la FUPI. A través de él, los comunistas dirigen las lamadas actividades anti-imperialistas de la FUPI.

Confrontada con estas pruebas irrefutables, podrá la FUPI seguir engañando al estudiantado de la



Departs in clausers del Pero Mundial de la lacontad schoo, Anoster Mikeyis of Primer Secretaria del Konsumel de la URIS Serge Partes y el Prysidente de

# LOGRO DE LA JUVENTUD EN EL FORO MUNDIAL

AS de acharientos cincuente jóvenes procedentes de ciento ocho palses, entre los que se encontrabes católicos, comunistas, demócraias, cristianos, prosumanes y matometianos, reusados en el secunte Foro Mundial de la Juventud, concidirron ra les formas que debenos pouer en préctice para superar los prejuirios es las relaciones ruite pales y organizationes jureniles.

"Congresos, ausmbiens, conferencias, festivales, enquentros, discuriones, seminarios que ar realizan en el plane internacional, nacional y regional; intercam-

bios de delegaciones, de turistes, de deportistas, de estudiantes, da exprescionen, de bieratura, de pell-culos; mas son los fórmales correctas para lumar cualquier tipo de aspereza entre los jóreses", afer-maros los delegados.

El perremento de la cultura moderna y el progreso científico turieros tenas defensa de los particapantes del Foro, por cuanto ambos has hecho que las generaciones aucres estás más comprientes en cistado e sus derrehos institunables. Y la participación de Cube en oute Foro Mundial

de la Juventud todos estamos de scuerdo en que tue altemente fructifera, no milo para nuestro país, sino para los júvenes de todos los paiers que hoy luchas denodadamente por alcanzar la libertad plena de su

En su gran mayoria, les delegados estaban es-tuaisamados por las grandes conquistas que hemos logrado es sólo dos años y medio de Revoluciós. sobre todo, les jóvenes.

-(Cómo has pododo lograr tante y es tas poca timpo), era la pregunta que afloraba en los rentros

de mexicanos, chalenos, alemanes, brasileños, chisos peraguayos, congoleses, hartisnos. . .

La respuesta de los cubanos siempre erà le

-Eso la hemas logrado a base de unidad. La unidad de nuestras fuerzas errolucionarios, de nuestros obieros, de nuestros campesanos, de todo

La delegación cubana era silicitada en todas par-La delegación curana era sinciada en todas par-res. Se aucedian los encuentros fraternales, se intercambiaban opiniones sobre los probles pecíficos de la juventud de cada país y mente más les lacos de amastad al participar de lacos de lacos de lacos de amastad al participar de lacos d

Fue en una de esas jornadas belliames de camaraderia que todas las organizaciones juveniles de America Latina alzaren sus voces para declarar . . al imperialismo y aliados a las oligarquias nacionales, como enemigos principales de los pueblos latingamericanos"; para proclamar "el derecho de los purblos latingamericanos al disfrute de la plena soberania nacional, a la compuesta de la independencia económica y a la realización de Reformas Agrerias que acaben con el régimen latifundista y el atrano en el campo".

Con respecto a la Revolución Cubana, intima-mente ligada a todos los pueblos latinoamericanos, denunciaron que, "nuevas invasiones, directas e indirectas se preparan en los Estaclos Unidos en compleaded can stree gobernos pera realizar una sevasión mercenaria destanada a cercenar los derechos conquistados por el purbio cubano . . .

Y no teremeron un antes declarar a la OEA. metramento de intervención en contra de los intereen latinoamericanos", condenar el coloniciono y exper la restricción de los deseños nacionales en Las Guayanas, Belice, Antillas Francesos, Malvings y Puerto Rien y considerar "La Alienza pera el Po greso", como "un refuerzo desemperado del in

hamo nottenmercano per apager los acon-volución Cubana en América Latina".

El Forn llegó a su término, ya el agosto. Esta vez, los jóvenes de ciento ocho para diferentes, de las más chalcules ubicaciones politicas. acordaron derie una gran lección e los "madures" del campo imperialista, hoj emperandos en manderles a la muerte.

—El problems no reselto de Alemania y Berlia Occidental - declararon representa un grave pa-ligro para la par mundial. Es necesario que unifquernos puestros esfuerzos para levantarnos como una muralla infrançuesble en el camino de los que están preparande un autro derramamiento de sangre/en

-Estation on contra de que, baje el pretesto de ayuda, se imposga el yugo del colonialismo a les pueblos.

palers de Asia, Africa y América Latine, que m hehe tenas y diffeil has lograde la libertad y lencia nacional y están edificas

NO AIRES ONU CARACAS SANTIAGO - SAN SALVADOR - COPENHAGUE VIENA CAMBERRA ASUNCION LISBO The second section of the second second second

SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

November 15, 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124)\_4

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Reurlet dated October 31, 1961.

Information set out in relet afforded the Bureau a clearer understanding of the existence of a particular situation, such as exists at the University of Puerto Rico.

Even though the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI) maintains a membership of only 125 students out of a 16,000 student body at the University, because of the positive influence of the Soviet-dominated International Union of Students of which FUPI is an affiliate, we cannot afford to underestimate the inherent dangers. We must take the initiative and with foresight plan to combat the influences of international communism, as well as the influences of Castro's Cuban Government in Puerto Rico.

Our purpose continues to be disruption of the activities and lessening the influence of those nationalists and communists who seek to separate Puerto Rico from the United States by unlawful means. Additionally, we must bear in mind that some of their activities are for the sole purpose of fomenting violence in Puerto Rico for the propaganda benefit which nationalists and communists may derive from such violence.

You are encouraged to continue your enthusiasm for this program, and whenever appropriate, your observations and recommendations should be furnished to the Bureau.

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Letter to San Juan
Re: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
105-93124

#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

Relet sets out examples of how countermeasures referred to in Bulet to San Juan dated 9-18-61 are being handled in part by the general public in Puerto Rico, i.e., public statements by anti-United States groups are countered by expressions of pro-United States sentiments

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SJ 105-3353 Sub 1

It is also noted that "Vigia", a Catholic student newspaper at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR), has published various articles since the beginning of the school year alerting the students to the international communist connections of the FUPI. A leaflet prepared by "Vigia" writers was recently distributed on the UPR campus at the beginning of the school term. A translation of this leaflet is also attached to each copy of instant communication.

In addition

Priest at the UPR, recently received considerable publicity both at the UPR and in local newspapers when he banned FUPI adherenta from the Catholic youth center at the UPR because of the FUPI's communist affiliations. Further, formed has recently advised in confidence that is attempting to get FUPI

to publicly renounce his position because of the communist control of the FUPI. There has been no indication to date that has had any success in this regard.

The above publicity has undoubtedly dispelled any doubtendich may have existed in the minds of the UPR students in the ideological position of the FUPI and has gone far in halting the spread of the FUPI's influence among the student body. It is felt by this time all UPR students, as well as most of the general public in Puerto Rico, are well aware of the FUPI's communist connections and motivations.

SJ 105-3079

#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

EL MUNDO San Juan, Puerto Rico November 15, 1961 Page 6 Col. 1

#### EDITORIAL

#### WARNING TO PARENTS

This year the University of Puerto Rico is charging a ten dollar fee to each student who wishes to take the entrance examination. The reasons given by the University authorities for this measure are the following: (1) the high cost of the operation, (2) the waste of time and effort in the process of correcting and evaluating examinations for individuals who are not truly interested in receiving a higher education and (3) the impossibility of determining, by the previous system, the exact number of candidates to higher education. This is very important to the establishment of further facilities at the University.

In view of the fact that many of the poorer students cannot afford to pay this fee, the University has arranged for the examination to be given free of charge to those students who are not in a good financial position but who have a good academic record. This is the same method used for granting scholarships.

In spite of this provision which favors those who truly need it, a group of students from several secondary schools picketed the University last Friday to protest against the ten dollar fee measure, stating that it is the Dean's intention to make UPR an educational center for the privileged classes.

This student movement of protest, which was not quite as effective as it was intended to be, was inspired by the

Translated by: 11/15/61 (5)

ENCLOSURE

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Federation of University Students for Independence, which the same as all other organizations of its kind in the free world, takes advantage of every opportunity to create dissension at the University and introduce its political aspirations in student matters. Without a doubt, certain of the organization's agents, specially trained for intrigue and provocation, visited the schools, deceiving a number of Senior students who believed they were serving a just cause and agreed to picket the University.

It is a grave injustice to accuse the University of becoming an educational center for the privileged, when every year, more than two million dollars are used for scholarships granted to students who have high averages and low economic resources.

This measure which is being adopted at the University has been established at other universities long since and it has been brought on by the cost involved in the processing of thousands of entrance examinations and by the need to determine the number of students who are truly interested in acquiring a higher education.

Parents should warn their children of the consequences which activities such as the ones organized by FUPI can have on the advancement of education and of the danger involved in participating in organizations which pursue political ideals within the educational centers. Above all, they should tell them to be alert against professional agitators who try to deceive them.

"EMBAJADOR DE LA FUPI Y SUS AMIGOS SE REUNEN EN MOSCU"

Independencia (FUPI) niega estar bajo la tutela rusa.

Sin embargo, la fotografía muestra a

ex-alumno de la Universidad de Puerto Rico
quien durante un tiempo ocupó el cargo de Secretario
de Relaciones Exteriores de la FUPI, en una
conferencia de las altas esferas de organizaciones
juveniles celebrada en Moscú durante el mes de agosto
de 1961 para tramar la dominación comunista en el
mundo entero. En estos momentos, el embajador de la
FUPI, se encuentra detrás de la Cortina de
Hierro, con todos sus gastos pagos por los comunistas,
actuando de intermediario entre el régimen comunista
y la FUPI. A través de él, los comunistas dirigen las
llamadas actividades anti-imperialistas de la FUPI.

podrá la FUPI seguir engañando al estudiantado de la U. P. R.?

GRO DE

#### TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

THE ACCIEVEMENT OF YOUTH IN THE WORLD FORUM

The 850 youths from 108 countries, among whom were Catholics, communists, democrats, Christians, Mussulmans and Mohammedans, meeting at the recent World Youth Forum, agreed on the manner in which we must act to overcome prejudices in the relations between countries and youth organizations.

"Congresses, assemblies, conferences, festivals, meetings, discussions, seminars held on an international, national and regional level; the interchange of delegations, tourists, athletes, students, exhibits, literature, films; these are the right ways to erase all kinds of bitterness from youth," affirmed the delegates.

The increase of modern culture and in scientific spheres was strongly defended by those attending the Forum inasmuch as this increase in culture and scientific technology has made the new generations more conscious of their inalienable rights.

We are all agreed that the participation of Cuba in this World Youth Forum was very fruitful, not only for our country but for the young people of all countries which are fighting today for their full independence.

The great majority of the delegates were enthusiastic about the great achievements we have made in only 2½ years of our Revolution. Especially the youths were enthusiastic.

"How could you achieve so much and in so short a time?" was the question most commonly heard on the lips of Mexicans, Chileans, Germans, Brazilians, Chinese, Paraguayans, Congolese, Haitians, etc. The answer of the Cubans was always the same:

our revolutionary forces, our workers, our farmers and all

The Cuban delegation was wanted everywhere. There were fraternal meetings in which opinions were exchanged on the specific problems of the youth in each country, and the ties of friendship were strengthened by joint participation in sports events, exhibitions, talks and conferences.

It was on one of those beautiful days of friendship that all the youth organizations of Latin America raised their voices to declare "that imperialism and its allies and national oligarchies are the main enemies of the Latin American nations," and to proclaim "the right of the Latin American nations to enjoy full national sovereignty, to achieve economic independence and agrarian reforms which will end the landlord system and underdevelopment on the farms."

With respect to the Cuban Revolution, which is intimately connected with all Latin American nations, the youths denounced "new direct and indirect invasions prepared by the United States in complicity with other governments in order to carry out a mercenary invasion destined to do away with the rights won by the Cuban people."

They did not stop until they had called the Organization of American States "an instrument of intervention which goes against the interests of Latin America." They condemned colonialism and demanded the restitution of national rights in the Guianas, in Belize, in the French Antilles, in the Malvinas (Falkland Islands) and Puerto Rico. They consider the Alliance for Progress "a desperate effort on the part of North American imperialism to extinguish the echo of the Cuban Revolution in Latin American."

The Forum ended last August. This time, the youths from 108 countries and from the most different political backgrounds, decided to give a good lesson to the "mature" politicians of the imperialist camp, who are today stubbornly trying to send them to their death.

These youths declared: "The unsolved problem of Germany and East Berlin represents a grave danger to world peace. It is necessary that we unify our efforts to raise ourselves like an unbreakable wall in the way of those who are preparing a new shedding of blood in the world.

"We are against the imposing of the yoke of colonialism on nations under the pretext of aid.

"We salute the peoples and the youth of the countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America who, in their continuous and difficult struggle, have achieved liberty and national independence and are building a new life."

# HISTORIA DE FUEGO OF THE STATE OF THE STATE



de la redacción

La liberación total de las pueblos no se alcanza sino a través de un proceso que suele escribirse en varias etapas. Cuba, no podía escapar a esta Ley histórica. Y es por eso, que a la Revolución victoriosa del Primero de Enero de 1959 no podemos deslindarla, en modo alguno, a las luchas independentistas, y menos aún, a la frustrada Revolución de 1933.

La juventud cubana que tan activa participción ha tenido en nuestras luchas independentistas, podrá apreciar a través de este recuento de Joaquín Ordoquí, participante de la lucha contra Machado, porque no triunfó en esta ocasión el esfuerzo del pueblo. Y podrá ver más, inclusive las raíces del actual movimiento juvenil cubano organizado que no son otras que aquellos Clubes Culturales y Deportivos, la "Liga Juvenil Comunista", y el Ala Izquierda Estudiantil.

Aqui están los precursores de nuestra ASOCIACION DE JOVENES REBELDES.

A nosotros, conscientes de esa tradición que nos horro y enorgullece, nos toca decir: cumpliremos el legado de nuestros predecesores, levantaremos con honor la bandera de Mella, Martínez Villena, Guiteras, Pablo de la Tornente Brau...



A participación de la cubana en la Revoluciómos ha sido narrada po bre que participó activamen proceso de nuestra historio Ordooui.

Ordoqui, viejo luchador Socialista Popular y cuhano y

"Le carcel es la Universidad de los trabajadores", dijo Julio Antonio Mella en los dificiles dias de la tirania machadista. Su sentencia se cumplio fielmente pues de la carcel de La Habana, salieron los cuadros obreros y campesinos que habrian de realizar el proceso revolucionario hasta las grandes reivindicaciones de hoy.

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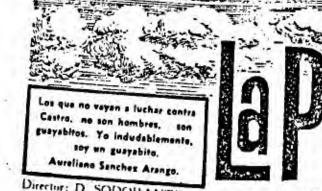
—Casi finalizando el año 1926, se fundo la "Liga Juvenil Comunista". Para organizar la Liga se formaron cuadros ce la Dirección del PSP tantes Partido Comunista! que se había fundado en 1925. A mi me dijeron: "Tu responsabilidad junto con otros compañeros es organizar la kiventud".

la juventud".

—Pero antes de la Liga, se crearon en todo el país una serie de clubes denominados "Juventud Cultural Deportiva Obrera", cuyo carácter cultural y depor-

ANTONIO GUITERAS:
Junto al Partido Comunista,
se manturo intransigante
ante la ingerencia
nortesmericana.
Precitamente esa honestidad
eevolucionaria la cestó la
evida, cuando por orden de
Batista fue asesinado el 8 de
Mayo de 1935, en el
Morrillo.





# PERIODICO DE LIBRE EMPRESA

Cube no significa ningun peligro. todo la contrario, su gobierno està decididamente a nuestra ledo.

Director: D. SODORANTE - Año Iso, No. 1 - Organo periodistico de la Organización Contrarrevolucionaria No. 453, 652, 864, 708, 832, 763, 234, 765, 498

# SOCIALISTA

En este primer número de "las peste el último", queremos hacer resaltar los nobles propósitos que nos inspiran.

Este periódico defenderá, la libertad de prensa proclamada por la SIP, los bienes espirituales, la democracia representativa, la lucha contra Castro y el capital privado, (casl

iEs mentira que ceta excitation la namie la

El MELLA, es realmente un robo, no vale los dies kilos,

No publican nada de lo que a nuestra jueventud le hace falta, como son las aventuras de Tarzán, las conrisas del ruballo de Roy Rogers y las novelas de relajo, que tento nos gusten.

El MELLA se la pasa hablando de moral, de revolución, de miliDECLARACIONES RESPECTO AL BRASIL



ENTREVISTA EXCLUSIVA AL SENSACIONAL, PATRIOTICO. -SALVAJOTE, MACNIFICO, CENIAL UNICO, CALVOTE E INDISCUTIBLE, SFNADOR.

que eso de formar una sola organización no como bien entre nosotros.

Además si nos unimos todos y llegamos a un acuerdo, seguro que los yanquis nos mandan de cabeza para Cuba y eso no nos gusta nada. Está bien mandar de vez en cuando unas gentes a ver si logran hacer algo. En último caso mandar a los marines. Pero no es lógico que nos manden a nosotros, en primero porque un hemos pensando en ningún momento hacer est.

Y no hablemos más porquerías, que en est el rey es Kennedy,

¡Viva el invasor!- Siempre perdemos.

# **NUESTRO**

# HEROE



Cachirulo Petardo. es indiscutiblemente nuestro héroe.

Entre sus valiosas acciones se encucntran: poner una bomba en la Escuela No. 3·1, poner una bomba en el Hospital de Maternidad, poner una bomba en el asilo de Santovenia, poner una bomba un el parque ile diversiones, ponerle una bomba a su propia vieja, ponerle una bomba, etc. etc. etc.

. Es por eso que Cachirulo se gana miestro homenaje. Es, sinceramente, una lintima que sea un homenaje póstumo.

#### REDACCION

"Le mejor que ha laide en mi vida". Sra. del Tosté, ITenia dinero quardado en la casal.

"¿Por qué no publican fotos de Marlan?" Joe Palooka.

"Deberien tener nevelse policiaeas". Dick Tracy.

"Ahi les vs mi chequecito". Allen Dulles. I Jele de la CIAI.

"¡Que San Panche de los Teletes, les protejs!" Reverendo Matraca.

"¡Pero hay que ver, que ustedes son whos picarotes". Miguel Angel Quevedo".

"En el servicio de mi vida, son ustedes la cadens de mi admiración". Juan de los Palotes. (Casi Poetal.

"Cree que debierse Incrementar al asesinato en masa y los salcechamientos de muertes putrefactos". Esteban Ventura.

#### ASI VA LA CIENCIA



Unos nuevos relores han salida a la venta en Nueva York, Estos aparatos, además de marcar el mes, el año y el dia, le dicen a uno cuando va a llover, que película debe ir a ver ew da; le echa un chorrito de agua en la boca cuando tiene sed, y además de eso, se fums los cigarros. Aunque no dá la hora, este aperato no dela de set una gran cous.

La revista "Life" està experimentando con una máquina, graclas a la cual toda noticia que se recibe alli, toma la forme que neпроскорукративности проскожности проскожности проскожности проскожности село el mundo I-bre. Pongamos

"Abajo U.S." (U.S. quiere dec Unión Soviética, ¿no?)

-Pero si los comunistas siguen agitando alli, enviaremos nuestras tropas de marina, la aviación, la policia de Miami, los paracaidistas, los tanques, los vendedores de churros y los exilados cubanos."

-Y debemos jurar aqui, solemnemente por los secros restos de la abuela del Pato Donald. ¡Nosotros no sabemos nada de lo que pasa en el Brasil! ¡Nos ha cogido de sorpresa!\*\* ¡Dos y dos son cuatro! ¡Todo ha sido de. pronto! ¡Nadie sabia nada! ¡Si, efectivamente, dos y dos son cuatro! ¡Esto ha sido muy rápido!

\* IA ver si salimos de ellos! \*\*Y si no preguntenia al Embajedor allá, que la entrada a pedradas que le dieron fue de

#### LA CERDA SE BAÑA

BRASIL, Ago. 29 (O Prensa Do Rilajol .- Nuestro enviado especial, se trasladó hoy al rancho "Le Grosse Calviva" pare entrevistar a La Cerda en su oficina.

La oficina de La Carda, es bastente exótica, lo único que dilo a la prensa fue:

---Por favor no me molesten shora no acostumbro a stander a nadie cuando me baño.

Debemos hacer constar que la oficina era bastante rara, y que La Cerda se bañaba con fango, lo cual nos dió a entender de una forma bastante compleja, que aquello, jera un chiquero!



-Senador ¿qué opine usted de la Revolución de Castro?

- [Eso es una barbaridad! [Deben Intervenir rapidamente! No cebe quedar nadie que hable cosas reras con la cabeza puesta sobre los hombros. Inclusive, el FBI ha abierto una Investigación George Washington,

-/Usted cree que no debe existir un país comunista tan s ca de los EE. UU.?

-; Claro que no! ¿Cóm. cree que nosotros vamos a tir un pais comunista en la mon-Sailop

-- Pero Cube no está Mongolia!

-¿Cómo que no está Mongolia?

-No senador, está en las An-

250? -A novente milles de aqui

Senador -- A NOVENTA CUANTASP

-Noventa millas senador. --- Auxilioocoooooo!

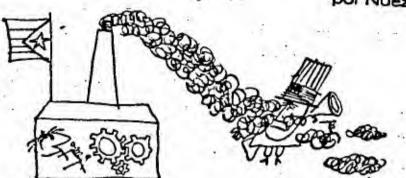
El Senador se retiró tan rápidamente que no pudimos continuar la entrevista. Otro dia será.

 Con esta descripción solament creo que nos hemos ganed chequecito de este mes.

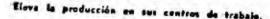
un ejemplo: "Todos los cubenos están esperando a los marines pera comérselos vivos y Kennedy es un anormal". Entonces el echarse en esa máquina lo que sale es esto: "El pueblo cubano está esperando a los marines, para darles la bienvenida y todo lo que ellos quieran, pero a peser de todo eso, Kennedy sigue siendo un anormal."

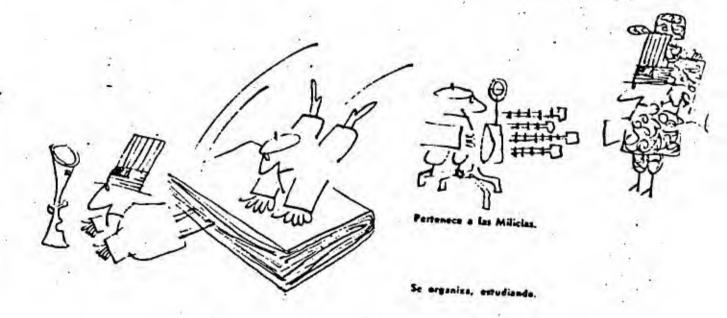
El ladrón electrónico, es el úl timo éxito de la General Motors. Este genial aparato, planes los robos, los ejecuta, y además, el solito compre a la policia. La demande ha sido grandiosa, pero ya ha traido serios problemas con los ladrones de came y hueso, que se han visto de pronto sin trabaio. A este paso, las estadisticas están demostrando que el próximo eño el Presidente podrá ser una magaine, aunque como es de suponer, el mecanismo será mocho más simple.

# Cole es un jouen organizado

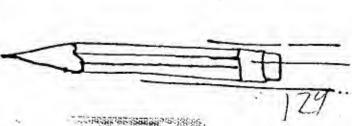














UNCA podemos plantear el exalicto de "eso no hay".

porque todo se puede sustipor es caso de que esto sea imsoestra comprensión debe llelada prescindir de las cosas más sus con asturalidad.

a expresión es de Isabel Fernánmerdinadora de la tienda "Fin Mos anacionalizada.

a casato a la moda, la propia d'lubla como gran conocedora de chesa que es:

La moda es una mujer que no sua excerrar bajo llave en ningún a la ticho Elena Solovieva, restitutad de Cultura de la la Unión Soviética. Y es la moda es internacional, distributado de un país a otro por sustances de colorido, ligereza, perior la tela que son factores del la moda es internacional distributados de colorido, ligereza, perior la tela que son factores del moda.

China, Checoslovaquia y Bulgaria hasta que podamos auto-abastecernos con nuestras industrias textiles. Mientras tanto, no se deben acaparar telas, ni comprar más de las necesarias, pues si abora alcanzan para todos, a pesar del aumento considerable de la demanda, el abuso y el despilfarro nos llevaría pronto a la carestía.

naliza- llega de países amigos como

#### LA BELLEZA DE LOS CABELLOS.

Tintes, cremas suavizantes, acondicionadores, champús, lacas y cremas para permanentes sin corriente y en general, productos para el embellecimiento del cabello también se fabrican en Cuba con las materias primas procedentes de España, Alemania, Inglaterra, etc. que aún quedan en los almacenes.

En el futuro, se proyecta adquirir

esas materias primas en Hungria y Checoslovaquia y otros países socialistas, con lo que se espera que nuestras jóvenes no carezcan de productos que dan nuevas tonalidades a los cabellos y ondas a las que suelen ser tan aficionadas.

#### TAMBIEN AUMENTA LA DEMANDA DE COSMETICOS

En la Empresa Consolidada de Perfumeria y Jaboneria, situada en el reparto Alta Habana, funcionan tres unidades: 6-10-11.

Allí desempeñan sus labores los obreros de "Avón", "Max Factor" y "Revlon" que utilizan materias primas de nuestro país.

Acido esteárico, talco, estearina, óxido de zinc, estearato de zinc, indispensable para la elaboración de cremas y talcos, llegan de la República Popular China mientras que la glicerina

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es collares y aretes pueden hacere hasta de semillas.

que antes se muide mento se está refina utilizarla en cremas - Es ena realida da de cosmeticos ha mayer noder adquisi cubina -dice Ileas linco-quimica- per por que sociona el i ec los estamos resolvic primas cubanas, que pe superiores a las yank Le sugiero a las nuó- que se acostun zar sus productos de rir sólo lo que estén c inmediatamente, pues ahora que miles de s

# MOSTACILLAS Y

tienen mayor poder adremos de esos artículo

Lindos adornos femvan en nuestras vidras están elaborando en C La joyesia de fantas demanda están

demanda entre las mue cen con cuentas de c checos, hilos de nylon, tacillas y semillas natur dantes en nuestro país, joyas llevan el sello y e operarios cubanos.

-Aqui estamos procitren -expresan en la i dias femeninas "Kaiser importación de medias n obstaculizaba el mercac las fábricas cúbanas pa tiempo un trabajar, ac cilias de desempleo.

La materia prima en está llegando del Japón nylon, además agujas y maquinas, procedentes o Democrática.

—Podemos asegurar que no faltarán las mec muchachas sienupre que moderación, y esto es finuestro clima caluroso per dir de las medias en la miocasiones.

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as a service above son de superior calidad.

#### IS MUY SUPERIOR LA DEMANDA DEL CALZADO

My de zapatos, qué?: buena cablad en pieles criollas, aumento de la producción pero más demanda aún, de la lato poder adquisitivo del anda a lo que podemos decir del la la la actualidad.

La bonce "Lerner", Unidad 3

c'el Consolidado Zapatero, por ejemplo se nota la fiebre contagiosa del aumento productivo.

—Se venden más zapatos que nunca —dice el administrador — Nuestras fábricas trabajan a todo tren con pieles de hoja, charol y beneditine, pero a pesar de que nuestra producción se ha elevado considerablemente no puede satisfacer abundantemente los caprichos de nuestras mujeres que han elevado su poder de compra en cantidad incalculable.

Nuestro objetivo inmediato no se concreta sólo a satisfacer la enorme demanda de calzado, sino también a ofrecer a nuestras mujeres la calidad que no tenían en cuenta los capitalistas que dominaban nuestra industria.



PABLO DE LA TORRIENTE BRAU: Era de los principales dirigentes del "ala isquierda" del Directorio Estudiantil Revolucionario. Su pluma "siempre en ristre" azoto a los titeres impuestes per la vanquis para frustrar muestra Revolución de 1933. Pablo marió como vivió, buchando cantra la traición, en lo querra civil española.

tacto con la juventud y vincular a n de 15 mil jovenes en la lucha con

The state of the second property of

—El Club de "preguntas y respuesti por medio de buzones conquistó la ati ción de la juventud. Las preguntas e sometidas a un tribunal que presi Rubén Martinez Villena.

—De Martinez Villena puedo decique era un gran teórico, cuya mode y capacidad le ganaron el respeto y admiración de todos. Con su claripolítica extraordinaria fue de tos pris ros en orientar a la clase obrera cub por el camino correcto de lucha.

tivo era una forma de evadir la feroz persecución del tirano Machado.

—Tanto los jóvenes de la Liga, como los de los clubes comenzamos a trabajar estrechamente, y en 1927, cuando fueron cercenadas las garantias constitucionales, lográbamos evadir el cerco impuesto por la tirania mediante actividades que iban, desde las veladas donde los jóvenes tenían oportunidad de hacer preguntas sobre temas nacionales, hasta la práctica de deportes como la pelota,

bolibol, boxeo, etc.

Cracias a estos actividades que se ampliaron con la organización de bibliotecas
en los barrios, veladas artísticas y competencias de guitarra entre los campesinos, logramos mantener, estrecho con-

Una mujer joven y mey valiosa, fundadora de la "Liga Juvenil Comunista" en la provincia eriental. Se llamaba AMERICA LABADI y fue vilmente assuinada durante una de las manifestaciones callejeras que solian realizar los jávenes revolucionarios contra la tirania de Machada.





# HISTORIA DE JUAN PERDIDO.

Juan en el bosque, representa a los jóvenes que no comprenden la importancia de la teoría y subestiman al estudio del marxis. mo leninismo creyendo que lo más importante es tener un propósito bueno y trabajar apresuradamente por él. Con que trabajan por un propósito bueno pero les falta el conocimiento indispensable sobre los medios para alcanzar ese propósito,

Los que tranajan por un proposito nueno pero les tatta el conocimiento indispensante soure los medios para sicanzar ese proposito, de su propio objetivo, que en este caso es el socialismo. muchas veces actúan de tal manera que trabajan contra su propio propósito, de su propio objetivo, que en este caso es el socialismo.

PUNTA DEL ESTE

mí, a Luisito, ; me han dado una rosada! Eso es una maniobra comunista ; Me opongo, me opongo y me opongo! El presidente mandó a que (¿lo, la?) sacaran del salón. Luisito cayó desmayado y fue transportado afuera en brazos de un fornido y corpulento agente del F.B.I. Ya no molestaria. Al menos por un rato. Mr. Dillon se preparó para comenzar su discurso

-Queridos y resignados compañeros: Aquí estamos reunidos para destruir otro infundio de Moscú. Los rojos, malhumorados por la ventaja que les llevamos en los vuelos espaciales, tratan de destruir nuestro prestigio afirmando que nosotros tratamos de mantener en el atraso a la América Latina. Nada más falso ¡Y cómo prueba de éllo, aquí tenemos los quinien..., digo los veinte mil millones (¡estos comunistas!) que emplearemos en la Alianza para el Progreso y la Chancleta con Retroceso. Ah! ¿Pero que quieren los rojos materialisfas?... Quieren que esos millones que tan magnánimamente han donado los hombres de negocios norteamericanos, los empleemos en Reformas Agrarias que eliminen el hermoso marabú que crece en las bellas tierras de Latinoamérica y en sucias fábricas, que con su humo nublen el cielo azul de los maravillosos países que se hallan al sur del Río Grande. ¿ Y creen acaso que nosotros toleramos ese atentado a la naturaleza? Jamás ¡Antes, prefiero montarme en un cohete de Cabo Cañaveral!

Para América Latina abrazamos el plan de esc grán economista que es Mr. Felipe Pazos: letrinas, letrinas y más letrinas ¡Nosotros nos sacrificaremos y pondremos a funcionar las odiosas fábricas, y naturalmente, les mandaremos para acá lo que nos sobre! A propósito, para el próximo año les aumentaremos en un millón de cajitas la cuota de chiclets, que es algo que no alimenta, pero no se puede negar que entretiene cantidad.

Y cuando Mr. Dillon se ballaba más

Y cuando Mr. Dillon se hallaba más entusiasmado, se formó tremendo alboroto. Afuera, y en la tribuna popular se escuchaban aplausos.

—¡Llegó Ché Guevara! —gritó alguien. Entonces se formó el corre-corre. Espantoso era la viva estampa de su nombre. Figueres mordía la cachucha desesperadamente. El representante de Ydígoras repetía incesantemente: ¿Por qué, señor? ¿Por qué?

Mr. Dillon, al parecer algo disgustado exclamó.

—Bueno, pues si no les gusta la Alianza, pidan ayuda a la Cortina de Hierro. Se escuchó una aclamación unánime: ¿DE VERDAD?

—Bueno pero sin violar el Pacto de Caracas, el Pacto de Bogotá y el Pacto Donald, porque si lo hacen...iINTERVENI-MOS!

Después de ésto se suspendió la asamblea en vista de que un pastor uruguayo estaba empeñado en lanzarle un toro cebú por el cogote a Mr. Dillon.

RANDIOSO. barbaro, fenildimetilminodementansulfonato y genial John F. Kennedy, señor de villas y haciendas, fabricante exclusivo de las trampas para cucarachas "Escache-boy". Fuherer del mundo, con sma mota más alta que el Popocatepelt y además de todo esto presidente de los EE. UU. con sus toletes de policias adyacentes.

#### SABER: HAGO

Que el Congreso ha sancionado, el Senado ha aprobado, yo he firmado y al pueblo nada le ha gustado, lo siguiente:

# POR CUANTO:

Cada vez que su excelencia el Primer Ministro de Cuba, Dr. Fidel Castro, junto con su excelencia de pueblo, se les ocurre hacer algo, nos deja todo desexcelenciado.

# POR CUANTO:

Esto está de bala.

# CUANTO:

El Contra-almirante K. Cadepe Ro falleció el otro dia, en la base de Caimanera, al aterarsele entre la dermis, la epidermis y las válvulas sanguineas, un ave con plumas y todo, al parecer una guanajita echada.

### CUANTO:

Este lio no lo entiende ni la sobrina tercera de Chiang Kai-Shek

# CUANTO:

Nosotros los americanos, nos le escapamos a la momia por debajo del esparadrapo.

# CUANTO:

Nuestra política es llevarle la contraria a nistas es decir, si ellos mandan un hombre al es otros lanzamos de cabeza a Allan Sheppard, inverecundas profundidades del Océano Atlantic emplean la discusión, nosotros utilizamos la sil-Y si ellos son inteligentes, a nosotros nos encas (abetismo.

#### TANTO: POR

En pleno uso de mis dificultades mentales. y estomacales y ya que al Congreso, al Senado les ha gustado mucho y porque a mi me ha d lisima e inaudita gana de hacer la siguiente;

#### LEY

ARTICULO 1 .- Si los cubanos sacan nuevos, nosotros no nos podemos quedar atras que sacar unos billetes mejores que los de ello de munequitos en colores y fotos de Marylin o trando los bondades del mundo libre.

ARTICULO 2 .- El papel de los nuev debera ser bien suavecito, para que en caso d ción del dollar, sus poseedores puedan utilizarle

ARTICULO 3.— Se habilitan como oficir tonamente. je, los locales del KKK, la Maffia, los Casinos cinas del Partido Republicano y el Demócrata. ARTICULO 4 - Les oficines trabajarán

tres y cinco, teniendo los empleados durante ese receso de siete minutos para merendarse sus batidos de Ham and Egg y helado de Hot Dor ARTICULO 5 .- Como aqui es rico el

y no así los limpiabotas, los cocineros, los obres sea esa gente que precisamente so es rica y com Papa Tarugo 76: "Los ricos son la esperar . Es que decidimos en defensa de los cristianos, quitarles de diez mil pesos para al que no tengan diez mil pesos.







tiones de obreros y campesinos deambulan sin empleos bajo la más absoluta miseria.

El 25 por ciento de la población vive en las ciudades y en el campo, el 64 por ciento de los restantes viven en la periferia de las ciudades y en las "fabelas", (casucha en la las laderas de las lomas).

Entre las ciudades más importantes se encuentran, por el número de habitantes: Río de Janeiro, Sao Paulo, Racife, Salvador, Porto Alegre, Belo, Horizonte, etc.

#### CARACTERISTICAS CENERALES DE LA ECONOMIA BRASILEÑA

Brasil es, fundamentalmente un país agrario, monoproductor; el algodón y el café representan el 60 por ciento de su producción agricola, y el 90 por ciento de su comercio exterior.

Otra de las características: abastecedor de materias primas; la gran concentración de tierras en manos latifundiarias. Las 4/5 partes de las tierras cultivables están en poder de grandes latifundios y extranjeros. Las relaciones feudales y semifeudales son las que imperan en el campo, el 95 por ciento de los campesinos carecen de tierras propias.

El dominio de los monopolios extranjeros, especialmente norteamericanos también han deformado la economia del Brasil, desde un punto de vista industrial. El Brasil es un país cuya industria nacional se basa en la manufactura, principalmente textil, calzado, alimentación, etc.

Los monopolios norteamericanos han controlado el 82 por ciento de la producción de petróleo del Brasil, después de la Segunda Guerra Mundial se acentuó notablemente la expansión de los monopolios yanquis en Brasil; las inver-

siones directas pasaron de 194 millones de dólares en 1929, a mil 209 millones en 1956; es decir, aumentaron más de 6 veces.

Aparte del imperialismo yanqui, los monopolios de la Alemania Occidental. Japón y Francia desangran la economia del hermano pueblo brasileño. Anualmente los monopolios sustraen más de 200 millones de dólares.

Como consecuencia de esta dependencia, el Brasil es otro de los palses de
América Latina que no ha podido desarrollarse plenamente. Esta explotación
ha traido el desempleo crónico, la rebaja de salarios, la carestía de la vida, la
insalubridad. Se calcula que más del 70
por ciento de la población es analfabeta.
Tomando como base el año 1948 y 100
como promedio el costo de la vida se
ha elevado a más del 300.

#### EL PUEBLO DE BRASIL LUCHA

En los últimos tiempos la situación se ha caracterizado por un alza del movimiento popular en defensa de sus derechos, de la independencia nacional frente al apetito voraz del imperialismo que se ha manifestado en una creciente lucha de los campesinos por una ley de Reforma Agraria, en la cual se le garantice el derecho a la tierra; en huelgas, manifestaciones de parte de los obreros portuarios, metalúrgicos, exigiendo la baja de la carestía de la vida, y el aumento en un 27 por ciento de sus salarios; y la participación activa de los estudiantes brasileños por la aplicación de la Reforma Universitaria.

Además, amplios sectores de la burguesia nacional, interesados en el desarrollo independiente del Brasil, chocan cada vez más con los intereses del imperialismo opresor; todas estas fuerzas en sis conjunto se van sumando a la Aucha por un camino amplio y de progreso.

#### LA ACTUALIDAD EN BRASIL

El desarrollo de la Revolución Cubana ha contribuido y contribuye al crecimiento impetuoso del movimiento liberador en la América Latina. La defensa de la Revolución Cubana, el respeto a su soberanía, el rechazo a las amenazas intervencionistas del imperialismo yancui en nuestro país, es parte también de esta lucha liberadora.

Este principio lo sostuvo hasta el último momento, el presidente del Brasil, Janio Quadros. El derecho al intercambio y a mantener relaciones con todos los países del mundo, también tuvo Quadros un defensor; la firme posición del Brasil en defensa del principio de no intervención y de mantener el libre comercio con todos los países, posición que quedo demostrada en la Conferencia de Punta del Este son las causas fundamentales que motivaron el golpe traicionero instigado por la desesperación del imperialismo norteamericano y realizado por sus servidores reaccionarios, encabezados por el gobernador Lacerda un grupo de militares castrenses.

Pero no va sólo contra Brasil el artero golpe. También va dirigido contra Cuba y el movimiento de liberación Latinosmericano.

Es un nuevo intento encaminado a aislar nuestra Revolución y preparar las condiciones para llevar a cabo una nueva agresión armada contra nuestra Patria

Solidarizarnos con la juventud y el pueblo brasileño en la lucha por el respeto a la constitución, y la toma de posesión del Vicepresidente Joao Coulart, y el rechazo al golpe fascista, es un deber revolucionario de nuestra juventud.

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En el mapa de la izquierda puede observarse como quedó dividida Alemania a raíz de la Se gunda Guerra Mundial. En el mismo puede notarse la ubicación de Berlin, dentro del territorio c

· En el mapa de la derecha se señala la actual situación de Berlín dividido en dos partes. I la República Democrática Alemana. parte de los países aliados (E.E.U.U., Inglaterra y Francia) como puede apreciarse está dividio también a su vez en tres sectores.

¿Culi es la ulteación actual de

-Pinelizada la Regunda Guerra Alemania? Mundial los palers aliados: Union 80metica Oran Birtafia y Estados Unidos ruscribieron el 2 de agosto de 1945 el tratado de Postdam, en el cual se estatuyo la dirigion de Alemania en dos sonas con fines administrativos: Aiemania Occidental corupida por Estadis Unidos, Oran Bretafia y posteriorinesis te Francia: y Alemania Oriental, tocupada por, la Union Soviética.

En el referido tratado los países aliados se comprometieron a la desnazificación y democratización de toda la

vida pública de Alemania. Alemania Occidental fue dividida en los siguientes sectores: inglés, nortesmericano y francés. El poderio económico yanqui pronto desplazo a los ingleses y franceses, produciéndose la fusion de los tres sectores integrantes de la Alemania Occidental.

En 1949 loc Estados Unidos, unilateralmente propiciaron la conversion de Alemania Occidental en la República Pederal de Alemania entregando el pais a los antiguos consorcios monopolistas y a los mismos elementos civiles y militares que habian lierado a Alemania a la catastrole de la Segunda

Querra Mundial. Meses más tarde, se constituyo la Republica Democratica Alemana la que fue integrada con elementos libremen-Le elegidos por el pueblo de la Alemania Oriental

#### ¿Como quedo organizado Berlin!

-La capital de Alemania, Berlin, a pesar de haber sido conquistada por el ejércilo soviético, fue dividida por as aliados antihitlerianos de la Segunda Guerra Mundial, antes de finalizar la guerra con el objeto de crear un mando conjunto encargado de resolver los asuntos relativos a la liquidacion de la Segunda Guerra.

Berlin quedo ubicado a 176 kilome-tros dentro del territorio de la Republics Democratics Alemans...

En ninguna de las negociaciones lievadas a efecto se constató que Estados Unidos tuviers participación en el destino futuro de Berlin.

Alemania Occidental (Republica Federal de Alemania: desde su fundación situo su capital en Bonn.

Cual en el denominado problems de Berlin?

-La Alemania Occidental, de de ru transformación en Republic: deral de Alemania se ha valir cuantos subterfugios le han sido bles para tener participacion ( vida de Berlin Occidental

La República Pederal de Ale no tiene ningun derecho a pari en la vida de Berlin Occidental ; el mismo, al igual que el Occi esta enclavado en territorio de pública Democrática Alemana y por lo tanto pertenece a ésta nación.

A partir del año 1946, los occidentales de postguerra ( Unidos, Francia y Gran Breta: menzaron a dar a Berlin Oc. una vida ficticia de riqueza.

Le mayor contribución econó ha debido a los Estados Unidos facilitado cifras fabulosas. P. Plan Marshall fue destinado a Actualmente se desconoce la cif ta con que los imperialistas mericanos subsidian a Berlin tal, pero se sabe que alcanz estronómicos.

# Hag os todo por la paz

Reitera Jruschov

# "Ahora hay 400,000 Obreros más en la Producción"

Dijo Carlos Rafael Rodriguez por la TV

Vigilaran los CDR ventas, que efectúen las bodegas

Pertenecer al Partido Unido de la Revolución Constituirá un Honor

BLAS ROCA

Inician Brasil y Cuba negociación comercial

Africa la delegación bresileia que o

"En Cuba se Dice la Verdad" Continúa llegando gran cantidad de medicinas

Temberes de fant, esjes de posicilies : bulles virges de paixe accidiose Espera Fidel que Brasil

DECLARA JANIO QUADROS QUE RENUNCIO ANTE

Más poder eléctrico en Cuba con ayuda checa

Prohiben la venta ambulante de diversos productos esenciales?

Trimes de sechilles de afeiter, hiles de a ser, jahones, perts derrei, desergente, sie

Contrario

EE.UU. a La

Coexistencia

SERA ELEYFEO AL MAXIMO EL NIVEL DE SALOD EN EL PAIS

Tratan las ORI habaneras sobre Circulos Culturales

Les Ciercies Calerraies tiendre a meir a rades les bombres Rabrito mismos de prime para incomer conscientes

"¡A librar las tres batallas: la producción, la defensa y la alfabetización!", dijo Fidel

Lásaro Peña: 60 mil obreros se harán al fabetizado res

Desagravio Popular a Cubanos en Panamá Provocan incidentes en el sepelio de Arbelio Ramires Es al proposa montado por derechios des mises de como de

Produjo Conmoción la Denuncia de Guevaro

Las Decementes Secretos de E. U. que Loyd en la Rosentin Rosentinico Prophen al Deservoio Harle Palese Latinomerica

Crean una Ley para; la represión de la solidaridad a Cuba

La carta de Punte del Este es un programa demegégico del semi-colonialismo

TRATAN LOS E. U. DE FRENAR LA INFLUENCIA CUBANA EN AMERICA

Cuba no firma la declaración de Punta del Este

# Lo que no se ha publicad

FELIPE PAZOS SER" FORMI-DABLE

la Conferencia estaba a primera comenzar su primera Partimos como un rayo con excessocidad hacia el salón de actos. El mente, para comenzar la Confere le cedió la palabra al Primer Mini Perú, Sr. Pedro Beltrán Espantoso bra que se llama así). El espantoso toso, comenzó su perorata:

Estimado, adorado, blenamado mado representante del extraordina de los Estados Unidos de Norteá sostén de la democracia representa: la libre empresa y del "sundae" de late. Demás latinoamericanos:

Aquí estamos, y en realidad no s por qué, aunque nos lo imaginamos mos a ver si por casualidad encor la forma de comenzar a estudiar la ra de ver si buscamos el modo de en a analizar el medio de ver si por alguagro logramos descubrir el método gar a conocer los problemas econ que afectan a nuestro Continente. que en realidad, yo no creo que el Por ejemplo, yo no tengo ningún para! (14 guayabas compatriotas, nientes de la tribuna popular, caye: improviso sobre la cabeza del Sr. 1 Ministro del Perú).

—¡Está bien! ¡Está bien! Tal v sido un poco superficial en mi anális: jemos que hable nuestro amado Do Dillon.

Mr. Dillon se preparó para subir tribuna. Entonces tuvo lugar un pe incidente. Enfundado en unos vapo "alacks", y peinado a la forma que la moda en Brodway, hizo su entra el salón de actos. Luisito Conte Ag Ya en medio del salón, exclamó con voz:

i Protesto, protesto y protesto! ... hombres delegados les han dado creciales rojas y a las mujeres blancas.

## Compañeros Escritores y Artistas:

Discurs pronunciado per el Presidente (p.s.r.) de la A.J.R., Capitán Fernando Ravela en la inauguración do Primer Congreso de Escritores y Artistas.

The state of the s

A Dirección Nacional de la Asociación de Jóvenes Rebeldes, saluda solidariamenta este Primer Congreso de Escritores y Artistas.

Para los jóvenes y todo nuestro pueblo, tiene una extraordinaria importancia este Congreso; la revolución económica-social que se está produciendo en nuestro país, ocasiona profundas transformaciones en el campo de la cultura, en el cual suspetes tienen que jugar un importante papel.

Como es lógico en todo proceso revoluciona-

rio, estas transformaciones están intimamente ligadas a los intereses de todo nuestro pueblo.

Es una necesidad para los jóvenes, que ustedes contribuyan con su trabajo a que nuestra cultura se nutra de todos los valores culturales del pasado y se desprenda de todo lo superfluo, intoxicante y reaccionario que los servidores del imperialismo introdujeron en la misma con el propósito de acentuar, desarrollar y consolidar los prejuicios, discriminaciones y divisiones consustanciales a su sistema de opresión y robo.

Nuestros jóvenes que en su inmensa mayoría se encontraban ayer sin oportunidad de educación y de adquirir, en un sinnúmero de ocasiones, los más elementales medios de subsistencia, son hoy los que estudian distintas tecnologías, y adquiricos estos conocimientos los ponen al servicio del pueblo.

Son los que estudian distinta ciencias que permiten utilizar las nuevas fuerzas energéticas descubiertas por el hombre, para uso y común disfrute de todos.

Son los que en la actualidad adquieren una moral socialista, que permite rendir consciente y colectivamente su máximo esfuerzo por aumentar la producción en su centro de trabajo.

Son los que integran el ejército de la cultura, el cual lleva el glorioso nombre del maestro-mártir CONRADO BENITEZ, ejército que se propone junto con los obreros, campesinos y profesionales, erradicar el analfabetismo en nuestro país en el término de un año.

. Son los que unidos firmemente a los obreros, campesinos y profesionales, integran las gloriosas Milicias Nacionales Revolucionarias y el inmortal Ejército Rebelde.

Theeles a untades ascritores y artistas, com-

tribuir con sus trabajos para que, de esa venil obrera, campesina y estudiantil, intelectuales, músicos, escultores, etc., q recojan en sus obras la vida y los ideale ciedad nueva que estamos construyendo dicen en el desarrollo objetivo de nuestra para desnudar toda mentira y mixtificar nuestra historia y situar los hechos en en que ellos mismos hayan contribuido a de hov.

Los niños de Cuba también esperar con esa sana e inocente alegría que sólcapaces de sentir. Esperan que Uds. lo: educarse y formarse según los ideales d sociedad.

Nuestro país carece de una Liter sica, Teatro, etc. para niños que nos p cerles llegar por medio de las mismas, ción sin sobresaltos ni limitaciones.

Los niños de Cuba esperan los re este Primer Congreso de Escritores y Afiados de que Uds, pondrán en sus m que les permitan reafirmar su jurament neros Rebeldes de poner "El interés coencima del interés personal". Que avivar en ellos el amor por todos los niños, los campesinos, los intelectuales y nestos.

¿Que los resultados de este Prim-Nacional de Escritores y Artistas sea que ilumine el camino que tiene que re tro pueblo, para la construcción del Sc

¡Que los escritores y artistas rec obras todas las luchas de nuestro puet permitido que hoy podamos tener una Socialista!

¡Con regocijo y alegria laten nues corazones convencidos de que Uds. es: tistas cubanos, pondrán su inteligencio de la gran tarea de convertir el sa! monio de todo nuestro pueblo.

¡Adelante compañeros escritores ¡Adelante compañeros artistas! ¡Que vuestra obra contribuya a Paz y coexistencia pacifica en el mur ¡Viva nuestra Revolución Social ¡PATRIA O MUERTE! — ¡VENC!

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# Wadding and Sampanna Reside Since and a structure

# tuación Actual de Alemania?



Uno de los grupos de refugiados alemanes que abandonan la Alemania Occidental a su lleada a Blankenfelde, en la República Democrática de Alemania. Los refugiados explicaron las raones de su decisión, entre las que figura como motivo principal la intensificación del militarismo la persecusión política en la República Federal Alemana.

La Unión Soviética por su parte, dió la administración de Berlin iental a sus habitantes, denominánse desde entonces Berlin Democrátien consonancia con la República mocrática Alemana.

'or qué el Imperialismo ricamericano ar empeña en antener esta altuación artificial en rlin Occidental?

-La salida de los norteamericanos: Berlin Occidental significará la perda para los Estados Unidos de una inta de lanza de ataque contra la Reiblica Democrática Alemana y otros l'ses socialistas.

La finalidad es evidente: presentar los habitantes de Berlin Democráco y a los de la República Democráca Alemana, un panorama falso, pero rayente, de lo que es la vida en los alses occidentales.

Muchas de las "oficinas" norteamecanas que existen en Berlin Occidental son más que centros de espionaje de propaganda antisoviética y antimunista.

Desde estas "oficinas", verdaderos miros de subversión, se traman con-

tinuamente actos de sabotaje y provocación contra la República Democrática Alemana por agentes pagados por el imperialismo yanqui.

Ante tal estado de cosas la Unión Soviética se ve obligada a pedir la evacuación de Berlin y la neutralización de éste.

¿Cóme actúan Alemania Occidental y la República Democrática Alemana? —El Gobierno de Alemania Occidental (República Pederal de Alemania declara abiertamente su actitud negativa hacia cualquier acuerdo que tienda a solucionar la actual situación, cultiva el militarismo, el resurgimiento del nasismo y aboga por la revisión de las fronteras alemanas y de los resultados de la Segunda Guerra Mundial.

Mientras, el Gobierno de la República Democrática Alemana, reconoce y se atiene a todos los acuerdos, provenientes del final de la Segunda Guerra Mundial.

¿Cuál es la actitud de los Estades Unidos y la Unión Soviética ante el problema de Alemania? —Los Estados Unidos permanecen reacios a cualquier tipo de negociación que tienda a solucionar el problema de Alemania, aduciendo para ello sofismas y sofismas.

Materialmente los Estados Unidos no quieren renunciar a su punta de lanza guerrerista, antisoviética y anticomunista en Europa Occidental.

El Gobierno Soviético, por su parte, está dispuesto a examinar evalquier proposición constructiva del Gobierno de los Estados Unidos, para que el tratado de paz alemán sea resuelto por acuerdo reciproco, entre los Estados Unidos y la Unión Soviética.

¿Qué resolveria la firma del tratado de Pas alemán?

La firma del tratado de paz alemán por todos los participantes de la coalición antihitleriana formada con motivo de la Segunda Guerra Mundial y el arreglo sobre esta base, de la cuestión del status neutral de Berlin creatia las mejores condiciones para la confianza entre los estados y la resolución de problemas internacionales tan importantes como el desarme y muchos otros.



and enicios por Martinez Villen

El clima por el año 30 era tan viosento que se hacia imostenible. Periodicamente se organizaban actos de callo, organizábamo: también brigades para asaltar estaciones de radio y propatar los munitiestos que nos permitien ponernos en comunicación con el pueblo.

—El ABC, era una erganización celutar cuyo único medio l de fucha contra la tirania consistia en el terrorismo. La direja Martinez Seenz y sus principios eran reaccionanos y pro-fascistas. Adcmás, constituia el puente pera la ingarencia norteamericana en nuestros asunmisternos.

—Por esa época la cárcel de La Ha bana estaba san abarrotada de previpolíticos que a iniciativa de Mella, qui dijo que: "La cárcel es la Universida de los trabajadores", organizábamos ciculos de estudio sobre marxismo, dábam conferencias sobre Marti y otras figur de nuestra independencia, obreros y car

Tambien CARLOS RAFAEL
RODRIGUEZ: Director del
periodico "Hoy", participò
activamente en la lucha contra
la tirania de Machado.
Pertenecio al ala izquierda
del "Directoria Estudiantil
Revolucionario", junto con
Martinez Villena y Pablo de
la Torriente Brau.

Como la persecución arreciaba por día tuvimos necesidad de dar nuestras reuniones clandestinamente. También realizabamos demostraciones callejeras, lo que costó la vida de la valiosa distigente comunista, América Labad un Manduley y muchos otros jóvenes.

Manduley y muchos otros prendo en el —Cuando Trejo fue asesinado en el mes de noviembre, la huelga estudianti abarcó todo el país.

Dentro del movimiento estudiantil se organizó el "Directorio Estudiantil Revolucionario" y el Ala Izquierda, a esta pertenecieron Ladislao Conzález Carvajal, Pablo de la Torriente Brau, Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, Raúl Roa, Edith Garcia Ruchaca, Carlos Font y Sergio Aguirre; en esta ala se agrupaba lo mejor del estudiantado y fue orientada en

Nuestro Ministro de Relaciones Exteriores, RAUL ROA, miembro del ale izquierdo del "Directorio Estudiantil Revolucionario", organización que surgió al calor de la lucha contra la tirania de Machado.



fier hub cauc ante



Cuando TREJO foe asesinado el 30 de septiembro de 1930, los estudiantes de toda la Rapública se fueron a la huelga. Este nuevo acesinato llené de indignación a le apinión pública de Cube y el axtranjero.

· · ·

Otra de las actividades de los clubes fue sacar a la luz la publicación "Juventud", de la cual llegamos a vender hasta 20 mil ejemplares de cada edición. En "Juventud" colaboraban Martinez Villena y mi hermano Higinio Ordogul.

En "Juventud" colaboraban Martinez Villena y mi hermano Higinio Ordogui. También tuvimos nuestro grupo teatral, flepó a ser tan bueno que los empresarios nos lo disputaban. La cosa terminó con la clausura del grupo teatral pues todas nuestras obras tenían profundo contenido social.

—De estre clubes surgieron nuestros cuadros del futuro: Severo Aquirre, Cartos Fernández, Higinio Ordoqui y muchos más. También de la Universidad Popular que se creó antes y fue el primer intento serio por estrechar las relaciones en-

JUAN MARINELLO: Destacado intelectual, orientador de la juventud de los años treinta a través de la Universidad Popular, e incansable luchador del Partido Comunista cubano.





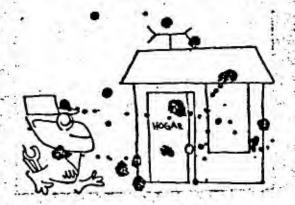
Habia una vex un muchacho muy bueno llamado Juan que estando en medio del bosque donde habitaba
un fiero león, quiso
llegar a donde sus
amigos que luchaban
titánicamente por destruir la fiera.

Juan, que era un caminador muy rápido, se dijo: "por aquí, por el oeste, seguro que llego sano y salvo a donde mis amigos para ayudarlos en su misión..."

Juan emprendió la caminata, seguro de que alcanxaría su propósito. Pero a pesar de dar vueltas por el bosque, no encontró a los amigos...

... Sino al temible, fiero, león. "¡Ay, si hubiera tenido la precaución de orientarme antes de emprender tan difícil camino!",

# Y DE JUAN PRECAUCION



















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# Copa en la Conferencia de Política del Este

- Si el mundo acepta la coexistencia pacifica, ¿por qué no puede haber coexistencia pacifica en el hamisferia?
- 2. Excluir a Cuba delata que no hay real Alianza para el Progress.
- Se debe instituir en América Latina un sistema de becas, que contemple el problema de la carencia de recursos económicos de casi todos nuestros estudiantes.
- Queremos técnicos de todo el mundo, y financiación de todo el mundo.
- Cuba está dispuesta a negociar con la delegación norteamericana sobre una base de igualdad todo lo que quiera negociar.
- 6, ¿Por qué no se habla en esos documentos de infustrialización?
- 7. Para hacer la Reforma Agraria, basta tomar la tierra del que tiene mucha, y Zdarla al-que no dione, ninguna.
- S. La Regulución Cubana está per la eliminación total de las compalias imperialistas.

  R. Neseros college que selamente
- B. Nosstree collinie que selamente su samble de la optractura total en les relaciones de producción, en le que puede determinar que cultirse de verdad, condiciones para el progreso de les puebles.
- 10. Una von min los Estados Unidos
  no contralaron a la interregación
  cubana, de tal forma que el ellencio debe interpretarse come
  nas negativa y Cuba no participará en la Alianza para el Progreso.

11. Hay dos caminos mada más.
Afrontar el descontento populacon toda su secuela, o iniciar el
camino de una liberación del comercio exterior, fundamental para nuestras oconomias.



El Ministro de Industrias de Cuba :
Presidente de la delegación que representó a nuestro pas en la Conferencia de Punta del Este.
Conde. Ernesto Che Guevara, en una de sus intervenciones durante las sesiones de esa erunión económica.

#### Portada.

- Nuestros héroes: este es un miembro de las brigadas "Patria o"
- Muerte" de la A.J.R. dispuesto a enfrentar
- las más duras dificultades para construir el socialismo

#### Contraportada:



Mella

Organo de la Asociación de Jévenes Rebeldes; Director: Fernando RacConsejo de Dirección: Carlos Quintela, Adolfo Rivero y Ricardo Alar Jela de Información: Esther Ayala; Director Artistico: Virgilio Marti Administrador: Aleida Ordoñes. Acogida a la franquicia postal e inscreoma correspondencia de segunda clase en la Administración de Correo La Habana. Redacción y Administración: Desagüe No. 108 y 110 Habana. Teléfonos: 70-8333, 70-8444 y 70-6940; Apto, 6806. Edi en la Imprenta Nacional, Unidad No. 1205, 150.000 ejemplares; predel ejemplar: 10 cts. Año XVII - Septiembre 5, 1961, Año de la Fración - No. 197; 80 EDICIONES CLANDESTINAS BAJO LA TIRAT

## NITED STATES OF MENT emoranaum

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SUBJECT:

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872) (P)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPT TOENCE POR PUERTO RICO ( COMPTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION (00: San Juan)

ReBulet 10/10/61.

The NYO has continued to pay careful attention to the activities of the Puerto Rican independence movement on a day to day basis, for the purpose of obtaining information upon which to base suitable counterintelligence disruptive efforts.

There have been some problems arising within the independence movement upon which counterintelligence activities could have been based. After careful consideration of each of these incidents as they arose, however, it was felt that no counterintelligence effort should be brought into play because the novement was doing a good job of disrupting itself, without outside help.

In particular, the recent fist fight between although a most desirable act from a counterintelligence standpoint, was the type of thing which couldn't hope to be accomplished through counterintellirence efforts. The effect of this altercation has been felt throughout the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (MPFR) in MYC, as evidenced by a recent statement by NPPR leader in NYC, that there were disputes within the narty and that the NPTR was in a crisis.

It is felt that in a case such as the one mentioned above, no consterintelligence action should be taken as long as

2 - Bureau (105-93124) (R1)

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disruption is being accomplished without outside influence. If, on the other hand, disruptive tactics were employed and suspicions arose, it could have the adverse effect of unifying the party against the "common enemy".

In other groups in the independence field it is noted that there has been some discord. A case in point is the 24 Julio movement, the latest group to appear on the Although this group is in its infancy it has already been noted that the treasurer reportedly "ran off" with \$85. of the \$150. in the treasury. Also there is some discord within the ranks because of the selection of the "commandants". of the organization. One member has already voiced his resentment because he was not selected to be a commander and he now harbors a grudge against the leaders.

Most noteworthy in the selection of the "commandants" but he is not the "top man" in the group. Past experience has opinion of himself as a great man in the independence movement. At present it is in a subornot expected that all will be harmonious with

It is not planned at this time to direct any counterdinate position. that these individuals will soon be maneuvering for individual positions of power and will cause their own destruction. intelligence effort against NYO Source of Information, is close to this froup and he will be utilized for disruptive purposes if, and when, it is felt that counterintelligence efforts are necessary.

The NYO will continue to pay careful attention to the developments within the Puerto Rican independence movement and will submit suggestions to the Bureau regarding possible counterintelligence activities whenever feasible.

Letter to San Juan
RE: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
105-93124

in this instance is the timely publication of pertinent material, preferably in editorial form, such as that prepared by El Mundo, with this program in April, 1961.

San Juan should submit observations. Also submit suggestions concerning the type of material which should be confidentially furnished to Advise the Bureau if your office has close contacts who have the respect of the student element and who could write letters to the editors of various Puerto Rican newspapers expressing concern in the possibility of communist infiltration in the UPR.

NOTE ON YELLOW:

#### TRANSLATION FROM THE SPANISH

### ANALYSIS ON "THE TRUTH ABOUT PUPI" PLEA

By: JOSE ANTONIO LIZARDI Student, Social Sciences IV

Last week I accused the Federation of University Students for Independence, FUFI, of being a branch of the IUS (International Union of Students) which, as you already know, is a student organization which follows the Kremlin's international policies. This organization, IUS, is composed of groups such as FUFI all over the world, which are, in turn, composed of young Communists or followers of the Communists' doctrines.

Have you ever asked yourselves who finances these young persons! trips to attend IUS activities abroad? Who else but the Kremlin, through IUS. Who finances their "educational" trips to Prague; and Moscow? I do not think it is necessary to answer.

Seeing that FUPI, in the handbill it published last Friday has reaffirmed its filiation to IUS, let us ask them, how they can boast they are defenders of student rights when during the Hungarian uprising of 1956, IUS remained silent regarding the massacre by Soviet tanks of Hungarian students who were demanding recognition of their rights. When the brutal oppression of the young Czech students by the Communist secret police, the young Communist leaders of IUS, headed by their vice-president ALEXANDER SHELEPIN, of the Soviet Komsomol, refused to protest. It is convenient to point out that SHELEPIN is today, the famous successor of BERIA, chief of the Russian secret police, ex-KVD, which is now the KGB political police.

Even recently, neither IUS nor PUPI has made my protest against the abuses committed by the FIDEL CASTRO regime against the students in Cuba. The most recent case is that of ALBERTO MULLER who has been sentenced to 30 years of prison because he proclaimed himself openly against the social, cultural and economic imperialism of the Soviet. Regarding the executions of Hungarian youths in 1959 and 1960, just after the Hungarian uprising of 1956, FUPI has kept completely elent. Neither has

Translated by 9/22/61

IOS - 93/24-44

PUPI or IUS denounced the imposition by the Kremlin of the compulsory study of Russian on the students of its satellite countries; as well as the study of the Marxist-Leninist theory, its origin and development and dialectic and historic materialism. Furthermore, has IUS or FUPI ever protested against the flagrant violation of student rights that is the edict proclaimed on February 3, 1953 by the East Germany Communists which reads as follows: "Students may receive scholarships only in the event that they are supporters of the State of laborers and peasants of the Democratic German Republic." This, as we can see, is the liberty guaranteed by the Communists. Things being as they are, we must ask ourselves how FUPI dares to affirm that it is defending Academic Freedom and the Freedom of the Students to form a representative body which will freely expose their points of view on those matters which concern them.

According to FUPI, they censure imperialism. It should be noted that FUPI does not consider Russia an imperialist country, although by means of puppet regimes and unlimited violence, Russia has taken over the following countries, calling them "Popular Republics": Latvia, Estonia, Lithuania, Rumania, Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland, Czechoeslovakia, North Vietnam (1959), Tibet (1960), Corelia, Shakalin, Tannun-Tuva and the Kuriles Islands. This colmial Soviet empire is defended by FUPI which is the organization that represents IUS, student organization which defends the Kremlin's international policies in Puerto Rico.

#### THOUGHTS ON WHAT PUPI CLAIMS TO BE

By: EXOR M. RODRIOUEZ Student, General Studies I

Last week the Federation of University Students for Independence, in one of the handbills it has been publishing since the beginning of the present academic year, attempts to inform the student body on what they call the truth about FUPI.

PUPI states that they have always been at the yanguard of the student body as a fundamental sector of the University. This is false, as false as HITER's great lie, which on the basis of constant repetition, he attempted to impress upon those who were the unlucky objects of his demagogism.

and not only the student body, but the Faculty of the Universities, as well, have been put at the service of the state, a state which is ruled by men who have sold themselves to an alien power which bases its system on the unheard of proposition that God does not exist and the State is all-powerful.

FUPI claims that its organization counts as active participants members and even leaders of the different civic, social and cultural organizations at the University. This is the same as saying that there are FUPI members who also belong to these organizations. And what does this mean? Simply that FUPI agents have infiltrated a large number of, if not all, the civic, social and cultural organizations of our University.

Therefore, be on the alert, fellow university students. We must awaken from the apathy which has been characteristic of the student body of our Institution, which is dedicated to serve a society such as ours, is engaged in battle to achieve the final triumph of our Democratic ideals. Be on the alert, fellow students.

SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

September 18, 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124)

PERSONAL ATTENTION

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION .

Articles which have appeared in August editions of "The San Juan Star," specifically the edition, indicate that recent speeches of University or Puerto Rico (UPR) Professor (Bureau file have caused some concern in Puerto Rico that communists have infiltrated the UPR.

edition shows that a motion wasfiled in the Commonwealth Senate calling for an investigation of the UPR and other Government agencies where communist infiltration could exist. generally known as a Soviet apologist was also strongly criticized in the Commonwealth House of Representatives for his "political views."

In the edition on page 11 a tro- nears the name of letter is filled with tongue-in-cheek sarcasm which indicates he in pro-Soviet talk before various groups in Puerto Kico.

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· Bureau file contains the results of an investigation captioned Inquiry-State Department, Public Law 402, 80th Congress, (Voice of America)" which was completed in 1951. The . Special investigation shows that generally recommended as a loyal American of good character and reputation. The Bureau files show that the Dean of Students, Manhattan School of Music, advised that chuested that the school records be falsified so that he could callect additional funds from

the Veterans Administration Filt is not known whether is identical with the

1 - New York (105-32872) [X 113

19 SEP 19 1961 SEE NOTE ON YELLOW PAGE THREE

TC:cad r p(9)[c195]

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Re: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO 105-93124

The above information is being considered in our over-all responsibilities with regard to the internal security of the United States. This concern increases because we know that there are others associated with the UPR who may pose a threat to the internal security.

UFR, College of Law, during 1961.

are aware has in the past authored or co-authored two published articles severely criticizing the work of the Burcau. Professor is a former paid CP of Puerto Rico (PCP) functionery and was a Smith Act subject of your office. His wife, is also a professor at the UPR. Professor is a former PCP member.

In addition to the above, there are at least five persons among the UPR faculty who have been or are presently affiliated with Puerto Rican independence groups some of which have expressed approval of Fidel Castro and his Cuban Government.

A letter of unknown origin dated April 21, 1961, was circulated at the UPR which expressed concern over the United States policies with regard to Cuba. The concern was with regard to alleged United States support of Cubananti-Castro elements and President Kennedy's statement concerning the possibility of unilateral intervention in Cuba. Fifty-nine of the seventy-eight signers were identified as professors at the UPR.

San Juan letter dated January 12, 1961, captioned "Relations with the Governor of Puerto Rico" shows that you were of the impression that Governor Munoz knows little about subversive matters in Puerto Rico. You noted at that time the Chancellor of the UPR is weak and could not be relied upon to properly evaluate or adequately inform the Governor of the threat international communism presents in Puerto Rico by the affiliation of the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI) with the International Union of Students in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

Because the influence of persons such as shown herein undoubtedly encourages the activities of organizations such as FUPI in which the Bureau has a definite interest, it appears our counterintelligence program should be extended to include efforts to lessen their influence.

11-7-61

To: SAC, San Juan (105-3353 sub 1)

From: Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

The Weekly Intelligence Summary - Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands prepared by your office dated November 1, 1961, on page two shows a summary of recent cabled instructions received by the Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) from the International Union of Students (IUS). The number two instruction "that all IUS affiliates energetically protest the continuance of atomic tests by the United States even though emanating from the IUS, a Soviet-controlled student front organization, is so ridiculous that it appears juvenile. In light of the series of high megaton explosions set off by the Soviet Union in the atmosphere, the absurdity of such an instruction could clearly show the Puerto Rican man in the Street where the loyalty of the IUS lies and, therefore, FUPI loyalty because of its affiliation with the IUS.

It appears a proposed editorial could show the absurdity of such instruction by comparing the IUS instruction with the Soviet series of explosions and note that there was no complaint with regard to Soviet activities although the majority of the representatives of countries of the world in some way condemned the Soviet explosions.

San Juan should promptly prepare for the Bureau's approval the above information in the form of an editorial or other means of publication to be furnished confidentially to one of your contacts for publication in a local Puerto Rican newspaper. Your confidential sources should, of course, be

1 - New York (105-32872)

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SEE NOTBOOK YELLOW PAGE TWO

TELETYPE UNIT

Tolson Selmont Mohr \_ Callahan Conrod

DeLoach Evans . Malane Rosen .

Sallivon Tovel . Trofter

Tele. Ros

Airtel to San Juan
Re: Groups Seeking Independence
for Pucito Rico
Counterintelligence Program
105-93124

Specifically, you should consider furnishing the proposed editorial to El Mundo, El Mundo, because of his cooperation in the past and that El Mundo is a widely distributed Spanish-language newspaper in Puerto Rico.

would be of current interest.

Any additional comments or recommendations you may have are solicited.

NOTE ON YELLOW:

SAC, New York (105-32872) Director, FBI (105-93124) - 4/ October 10, 1 GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL Reurlet 9-27-61. given to this particular phase of our counterintelligence The Bureau appreciates the careful consideration program. After reflection, the Bureau believes that because have not received any publicity in the United Nations nave not received any publicity in the United Nations and very little newspaper publicity in connection with their appointments to the Cuban Delegation, we should not initiate any publicity which might tend to give them notoriety which would possibly benefit them. Average Puerto Rican nationalist. You should keep in nind.

has solicited the sympathy of puerto Rican independence nowever, that audiences not connected with Puerto Rican independence audiences not connected with Puerto Rican independence by hypocritically stating that United States imperialism has kept her separated from her beloved husband, New York should be alert to determine if and when the Cause of Puerto Rico's independence. If she should state that "United States imperialism" has kept her separated information concerning her cohabitation with the concerning her cohabitation with concerning to the possible use by United States concerning her possible use by United States concerning her possible use by United States concerning her possible appearance before the United Nations expects to appear before the United Nations to plead concerning her possible appearance before the United Nations should begurphptly for tished to the Bureau. Tolson Callahan . Conrad . 1 - San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) 17 NOTE ON YELLOW, PAGE 2. ofter . TC: bmt; mtb. P MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Letter to New York
Re: Groups Secking Independence
For Puerto Rico
(Counterintelligence Program)
Subversive Control
105-93124

#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

Relet contains New York suggestion that the information concerning and cohabitation be furnished to a national syndicated columnist to show such a relationship existing between two members of the Cuban Delegation to the United Nations. New York believes that if the information was made known through such wide publicity the hypocritical nature of these two individuals would serve to bring ridicule not only upon themselves but upon the government of Fidel Castro.

SAC. New York (105-32872)

August

Director, FBI (105-93124) - 2 REC- 29

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

Reurlet dated July 31, 1961.

The Bureau appreciates the efforts and successes realized in the counterintelligence moves against and the Movimiento 21 de Marzo (M-21). The tectics you have employed, particularly have brought about the desired results of disimpling the activities of and the members of the M-21.

It appears, however, the time is not propitious to discontinue the counterintelligence efforts as they pertain to the Puerto Rican independence movement as a whole. The Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico still exists in New York and Puerto Rico. The desire for Puerto Rico's separation from the United States, even though violence may be necessary to accomplish it, is still paramount with Fuerto Rico's nationalists. The Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR), one of the larger movements which originated in Puerto Rico has among its leaders both nationalists and communists. A prime effort of the MPIPR is to influence the United Nations to place Puerto Rico's status as a "colony of the United States" on the agenda of the General Assembly.

An MPIPR activity was reportedly held in New York City at 87 East 116 Street, on August 6, 1961.

Consideration of counterintelligence measures, to disrupt the activity of Puerto Rican groups, which seek Puerto Rico's independence by unlawful means, continues to be a very important part of the Bureau's responsibilities concerning the

internal security of the U	nited States.		> >
The Bureau does  Hohr volume producing program.  Collobum relationship which has exi		this be merely a	
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DIRECTOR, PBI (105-93124)

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION (00: San Juan)

ReNYlet 7/31/61, and Bulet 8/14/61.

Careful consideration has been given to the existing relationship of be taken, based on this relationship, to further the counterintelligence program. It is believed that to achieve any degree of success in this respect, the existing relationship must be held up to ridicule in connection with their official positions with the United Nations. The relationship should be exposed to those circles which frown upon, and will not condone, such a relationship, as opposed to those areas which accept, or at the very lesst, apologize for such relationships. The counterintelligence move will have to be so directed as to reflect upon the illegal Puerto Rican independence movement and accomplish the ultimate and desired result, disruption of this movement. At the same time it may be possible to cause some embarrassment to the government of Cuba.

It is believed that a "leak" could be arranged to an appropriate local newspaper of the relationship of the two Cuban delegates to the United Nations. However, such would only have a local effect and it is felt that more than this is desired. If it could be brought to the attention of a nationally syndicated columnist that the wife of the titular head of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) is cohabiting with a fellow Cuban delegate in NYC, it would have a much greater effect. If it could be

- Bureau (105-93124) (RM) - San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) 1 - New York - New York New York (105-320/2)(413)

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NY 105-32872

brought out that while

about the imprisonment of her beloved husband and the
great desire she has for his release; she has in fact been
living with

it could be forcefully impressed upon thousands of the hypocritical nature of these
individuals. This would serve to bring ridicule, not only
upon these two individuals, but also upon the government

scale, it could be accomplished on a national language newspaper in the form of a suitable letter to the government of Cuba.

There is another aspect which could fit in with this endeavor and, it is believed, should be considered. If mention of the relationship of the two Cuban delegates should be made on a national scale, consideration should be given to alerting the State Department to this relationship. They, in turn, could utilize this information within the United Nations as a matter of general conversation among friendly groups. In doing this it is hoped that an atmosphere of some ridicule would develop concerning the Cuban delegation.

The Bureau is requested to consider furnishing this information to a friendly columnist, advising the proper sources within the State Department, should the information be published, and advising the NYO concerning the sending of the letter to a Spanish language newspaper. A copy of the proposed letter would be furnished to the Bureau for approval prior to the submission of such a letter to a newspaper.

## NMENT emorana.m

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872)

SUBJECT!

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLICENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION) (00: San Juan)

ReBulet 7/6/61.

A review of the files of the NYO has disclosed that the most effective counterintelligence weapon employed to date to disrupt the nationalist movement has been the utilization of a live informant. There was a degree of success in the use of the flyers which were mailed out on 1/6/61, with the intent of leading to believe that the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) was the source of these flyers, which was accomplished. The flyers did cause friction and were the source of much discussion in the independence movement.

The 12/23/60 issue of the "Workers World", copies of which were mailed to leading NPPR members on 2/8/61, were apparently unsuccessful in causing disruption or discord as no response to this issue was received from the independence movement,

However, from the inception of the counterintelligence program in the Puerto Rican independence field particular emphasis has been placed on the use of York Source of Information, to further this program because of his close association with and the high regard which members of the Movimiento 21 de Marzo (M-21) had for Through the months has been coached continuously in his movements by SA pointing out weaknesses and items that should be brought up for dispointing cussion, in order to undermine the M-21. was instructed

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of M-21 which would cause them to question the leadership of did this so successfully that he personally was never considered as the source of the discontentment which resulted within the ranks. As far as the M-21 members were concerned the discontentment developed as a natural thing because of the actions of

As an example of this, the M-21 had associated with the Workers World Party (WWP), a Trotskyite organization in NYC. The began to plant the seeds of discontentment by talking individually with each M-21 member, pinting out that too much Marxist influence was being exercised over the M-21 leadership by this association, that the M-21 consisted of Puerto Rican revolutionists end not Marxists. In turn the M-21 members would discuss this among themselves and the discontentment gray.

to M-21 members and receiving their promise to repay the amount, knowing that they never would. He received IOU's for these "loans" so that at any time he was called upon to do so he could readily show why the M-21 didn't have the money to buy guns, etc. which they needed to proceed with the revolution. The slace gave money to to pay his rent on the pretense that a room in the apartment was available for M-21 headquarters. The it is known that was into the treasury again.

Eventuelly these counterintelligence efforts through were rewarded when the angry and discontented members of the M-21 called a special meeting in NYC, on July, 8, 1961, at which was asked to explain his actions. This cause to get angry, to tell the M-21 members to go their own separate ways if they cared to do so, which they did, and the M-21, as an organization, collapsed. The source, however, is still in the good graces of and, in fact, was approached by when the M-21 members had left him and he asked for his advice. To told to disassociate himself from all activity for at least 6 months in order to give himself time to think, straighten out his problems, and then if he cared to return he would be a much stronger person to start all over again.



NY 105-32872

The collapse of the M-21 could not have had better timing as far as the complete demoralization of was concerned. He has been having serious financial difficulties, as well as family problems, and the collapse of the M-21 was a severe blow to his ego. The being an extreme egotist and one who envisioned himself as another FIDEL CASTRO, has been "hard hit" by his problems, particularly his failure as a leader of men. His leadership ability is of such great importance to him that it will probably take him months to recover from this defeat.

In light of the present situation in the independence field, the NYO suggests that the Bureau take no further direct action at this time in the counterintelligence program. It is suggested that the situation be allowed to solidify in order to obtain a definite picture at which time disruptive activities can be resumed.

In regard to the possiblity of employing the relationship of as a means of diminishing their influence among the Fuerto artan independentists. it is felt that very little could be accomplished. have been "companions" for years, traveling extensively together through Mexico, South America, Cuba, and now the United States. This relationship is known to the Puerto Rican nationalists and due to their standards of morels and human relationship they see nothing unusual in this association. To the Puerto Rican nationalist, common-law relationship is an acceptable thing and even though husband is their hero and incarcerated while enjoys herself, it is felt that we must look upon this association, for the purposes of counterintelligence, as the Puerto Rican nationalist looks upon it. It is believed that any attempt to take issue with the association of would immediately indicate to the Puerto Rican netionalists that one, other then of Latin temperment, was the source of objection.

Letter to New York
I'c: GROUPS SEEXING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

because some nationalists see nothing unusual in this association. Both of these individuals can be expected to use their position as Cuban representatives in the United Nations to attempt to embarrass the United States. New York and San Juan must continue to give careful consideration to this program and consider any tactic in accordance with previous instructions to disrupt the activities of such organizations which seek by unlawful means to separate Puerto Rico from the United States.

#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

Relet showed results of counterintelligence against M-21 and recommended that Bureau take no further action in this program and suggested the situation be allowed to solidify in order to obtain a definite picture. Relet also showed that little could be accomplished by utilizing the common-law relationship between under this program since the moral standards of Puerto Rican nationalists make such an association nothing unusual. Bureau letter 7-6-61 pointed out that recently obtained a lease on an apartment in New York City for himself and which would expire 9-30-63. It pointed out that in propaganda efforts in Latin America her sympathetic appeal has been lamenting the restrictions which have been placed on her re-entry into Puerto Rico which keeps her from visiting her husband. head of the NPPR. New York was requested to consider this and submit observations as to how the information could be used to diminish the influence of

SAC, San Juan (105-3353-Sub 1)

August 31, 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUP SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
(COUNTERINIELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

ReBulet 6/12/61.

A review of the Bureau's files shows that only one of the six memoranda requested of San Juan in referenced Bureau letter has been received.

The purpose of this program is to completely disrupt and compromise the effectiveness of those who seek Puerto Rican independence by unlawful means. The importance of the program is obvious. The Bureau expects that in the future more careful attention be given to this program. San Juan and New York should promptly submit the memoranda requested in Bureau letter.

2 - New York (105-32872)

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#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

Relet set out names of six most influential nationalists in each office. New York and San Juan were instructed to prepare memoranda on each to show personal weaknesses, morals, criminal records, family life, educational qualifications, personal activities, and other intimate details. Purpose also is to appraise caliber of leadership.

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DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL)

ALL INFORMATION HETEIR IS UT TRASSIFIED

ENCORE IT THE SHOWN OTHER ISE

Re Bulet to San Juan, 6/1/61.

Methods of organizations advocating Puerto Rico's independence range from peaceful, legal separation, advocated by the PIP, to violent revolution, advocated by the NPPR.

The PIP polled only 25,000 votes during the 1960 elections and thus lost its status as a political party. This number is no measure of the independentists in Puerto Rico and the low figure can be largely attributed to the successful campaign of "electoral abstinence" conducted by the MPIPR, and joined by other pro-independence organizations, just prior to the elections. It can be assumed the 25,000 who voted for the PIP were those for the most part who refused to participate in the "electoral abstinence" campaign and actually desired peaceful and harmonious separation from the United States. Paradoxically, the defeat of the PIP has served to increase the threat of violence in Puerto Rico inasmuch as a great number of those who supported the PIP have become disillusioned and have switched to more violent "action organizations," such as the MPIPR and APU.

The NPPR, a small dedicated group, has distinguished itself in the past by erratic acts of violence which, although seemingly futile, have well served the NPPR's calculated purpose of calling world attention to Puerto Rico's "domination by the United States.

cherry d Between these extremes, the most active organizations in Puerto Rico at the present are the APU, FUPI and MPIPR. Of these, the FUPI and MPIPR work in close harmony due to the fact the policy-making leaders of the FUPI are all members of the MPIPR Directive Board. The APU, however, , is at oggs with

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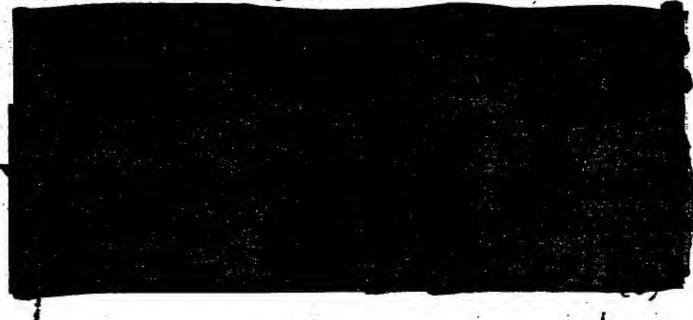
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with the MPIPR and attempted to move into a leadership position in this grown. When he failed, he became active in the APU is and devoted a great deal of his efforts to winning agnerents to the APU from the MPIPR and other independentist organizations and has been moderately successful in this regard. Sources have reported the APU is a rapidly expanding organization under and more as an "intellectual organization" because of its direction by the professional class, doctors, lawyers and university professors. A source has reported the APU appears to have more to offer the common man and the speeches of and other APU leaders call for more action and are more on the level of the independentist masses who have been disillusioned by failure of PIP's peaceful efforts toward independence.

The above information is being set out for the Bureau inasmuch as it is believed the jealousies and tensions between these two factions may be increased and effectively utilized to disrupt their efforts. At the present time the files of

JUAN MARI BRAS,

and are being reviewed for information which could be used in this regard.



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voluntarily contacted the SJO and furnished full information concerning connection with the FUPI and his recent travel behind the Iron Curtain. She has been married to the father for five years and has been constantly at odds with concerning his independentist views. She contacted the FBI because of her loyalty to the United States and offered her services, provided such would be held in strict confidence.

Mrs is in an excellent position to furnish correspondence maintaindin possession of and background investigation is being conducted with a vew or developing her as a Confidential Source.

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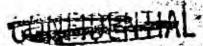
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SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

June 12 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124)



GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

In order to appraise the caliber of leadership in the Puerto Rican independence movement, particularly as it pertains to our efforts to disrupt their activities and compromise their effectiveness, we should have an intimate detailed knowledge of the more influential leaders as individuals.

The names of each of the leaders listed below are maintained in the Security Index.

SAN JUAN

NEW YORK





Your files will contain descriptive information appropriate to our investigative reporting. We should, however, for the purposes of this program, delve deeply into that part of their lives which do not show on the surface; for example, we must determine their capabilities of influencing others, capabilities of real leadership, why the intense desire for Puerto Rico's independence, what they expect to gain from independence, and the support they have from other leaders and rank-and-file members. We must have information concerning their weaknesses, morals, criminal records, spouses, children, family life, educational qualifications and personal activities other than independence activities.

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Letter to San Juan
RE: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
105-93124

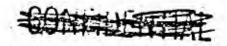
Developing this intimate knowledge should not be difficult. Your live informants, through their present associations with these leaders, can answer questions or obtain the information desired. Informants can tell you if the individual is weak, strong, cowardly, dedicated, or an opportunist. These individuals have been interviewed by Bureau Agents. The Agents' observations could be pertinent to this matter.

San Juan and New York should compile the information on the above-listed Puerto Rican independence leaders in your respective offices. Submit the information in letter form, utilizing a dual caption consisting of the caption of this letter and the caption of the individual's case file. You should include your observations and recommendations as to how the information obtained may be utilized to disrupt the activities of the individual and/or the organization of which he is a part. Reference should be made to this communication and the original and two copies are sufficient for the Bureau.

The influence of domestic and international communism developing in these organizations make it imperative that we emphasize this phase of our responsibilities.

#### NOTE ON YELLOW:

This program was initiated in August, 1960, for the purpose of disrupting the activities of Puerto Rican independence groups which seek Puerto Rico's independence by unlawful means.



1

UNITED STATES GONMENT
Memoranaam



TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 7/19/61

FROM

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Re San Juan letter to Bureau, 6/1/61.

Informants of the SJO who are familiar with activities and organization of the MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO (MPIPR) have reported no reaction to mailings of "The Worker" to

Puerto Rico, files on MPIPR, and and ail to reveal any information indicating any reaction to these mailings.

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SAC, New York (105-32872)

7/6/61

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUP SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM.
(SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION)

ReNYairtel dated 6/29/61, subject

SM-N.

Resirted shows that and a women whom referred to as "his wife" have been residing in New York City, for approximately a week. The terms of the lease from 7/1/61 to 9/30/63 indicate expects to remain in New York for a considerable period.

The woman referred to is undoubtedly inasmuch as they have reportedly resided together as man and wife since 1950 in Cuba and in Nexico.

Since 1950, in propaganda efforts in Latin America relative to Puerto Rican independence, the been introduced as the wife of the Puerto Rican independence leader imprisoned by the onited States. Much of her sympathetic appeal has been lamenting the restrictions which have been placed on her re-entry into Puerto Rico which keeps her from visiting her beloved husband.

Information previously reported shows that has resented her mother's relationship with

We can reasonably expect, in future 1961 meetings of the United Nations, to have and attempt to use the United Nations as a medium through which they can spread propaganda concerning Puerto Rican independence.

New York should consider this matter under this program and submit observations and recommendations concerning action which may be taken to disrupt the activities of and and and alminish their influence among Puerto

Rican nationalists.

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-Mr. Coleasi

Re: GROUP SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO 105-93124

Fore on Yellow:

Names of the and re maintained in the Security Index. These Puerto Rican Nationalists were given Cuban citizenship by Castro in late 1960 at which time they were made delegates to Cuba's Permanent Mission to the United Nations. They resided together at the Tudor Hotel prior to moving to the 46th Street address. Purpose of this program is to disrupt the activities of individuals and organizations which seek Puerto Rican independence through other than lawful means.

## PLAIN TEXT

THE

AIRHAIL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-92397)

FROM:

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3992)

SH - MISCELLANEOUS

INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO

Re San Juan letterhead memos dated 6/5 and 6/22/61 captioned, "FEDERACION DE UNIVERSITARIOS PRO INDEPENDENCIA (FUPI), IS - N."

Referenced communications show subject departed for Cuba on 5/30/61 to participate as FUPI delegate in meeting of International Union of Students (IUS), an international communict student organization. Subject subsequently returned to San Juan and presented an oral report at FUPI meeting on 6/14/61.

U.S. State repartment instructions against travel to Cuba after 1/16/61. In addition it is believed riolated provisions of T. 18, USC, Section 1542, concoming false statements in his application for a U.S. passport for this trip. Specifically, was appointed one of FUPI delegates to Havana meeting and, unlarge he could travel to Mexico on a tourist visa, subsequently applied for a U.S. passport, stating his purpose for requesting sime was for "two weeks travel in Mexico for pleasure." passport was issued to see on 5/29/61.

Rio Fledres, F.R. and resides at the University of Puerto Rico, Las longs, Rio Piedras.

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Bureau authority is requested to interview concerning the above trip. If approved, will also be questioned concerning a possible violation of the above statute, after he has been advised of his rights.

It is felt this interview may serve one or more of following purposes, depending upon outcome of interview:

- 1. Develop information concerning FUPI's connection with IUS and results of IUS meeting in Mayana.
- 2. Develop information concerning possible violation of a U. S. law by subject.
- 3. Serve as a method of disrupting the activities of this organization.

concerning the latter point, it is noted FUPI has told FUPI members they need have no fear of action by U. E. Covernment for their travel, and specifically pointed out travel of their travel, and specifically traveled to Communist China and Cuba during the past few years without any action having been taken against him. It is also noted the FUPI plans to send four representatives to Communist China for a two-month tour in July-August, 1961. They plan to depart for this trip on 7/3/61. An interview of the at this time concerning illegal travel will certainly be brought to the attention of those preparing to depart and may cause them to decide against making the trip.

Eureau is requested to expedite reply in view of anticipated departure date of 7/3/61 of FUPI delegates to Communist China.

## Memoranaum



TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 6/1/61

FROM

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Re Bulet to San Juan, 4/10/61.

A copy of each of "The Worker" editions of 11/27/60 and 12/4/60, appropriately marked, were mailed to and and and 5/24/61.

Reaction to receipt of these articles will be determined discreetly and the Bureau will be advised.

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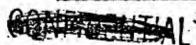
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SAC. San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

June 1, 1961

PERSONAL ATTENTION

Director, FBI (105-93124)



GROUPS\_SERVING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL)

During the November, 1960, election in Puerto Rico, approximately 25,000 votes were polled by persons who desire, through varying means, to have Puerto Rico separated from the United States. This number is insignificant when it is compared with the over 800,000 votes cast during the election. We know, however, from experience that mere numbers are not sufficient to determine the dangerousness of an organization or movement which desires to change an established form of government through other than peaceful means. When those who desire Puerto Rican independence by peaceful means are subtracted from the 25,000, we find those in whom we are concerned.

The conditions which exist in places in Latin America contribute to the dangerousness of communism and nationalism. We have seen during the past two years a small hard core of nationalists advocating Puerto Rican independence grow into a movement of considerable magnitude wherein communism has a greater part than ever in the past. This has happened despite the fact that the majority of Puerto Ricans apparently prefer a commonwealth association with the United States.

BY ROULIN

FIELD OFFICES

The effect that Castro and the Cuban revolution has on those who would employ violence is obvious. They are particularly encouraged by Castro's having given Cuban citizenship to These top-ranking nationalists are presently in new rolk City as permanent delegates to Cuba's Mission to the United Nations and can be expected to promote propaganda for Pucrto Rico's independence before this international organization. the more active Pucrto Rican independence groups has either communists or nationalists among their top leaders.

Tolson There has been a noticeable increase activities and subversive associations of the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI) at the University Select Callighan of Puerto Rico. FUPI is the only student federation in the Del noch 2 - New York (105-32872) REG 37/05-93/21-2 PEOLASSIFIED BY GOYO YEV MAY 7

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FE: GROUPS SECTING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
105-93124

United States which is known to be a member branch of the International Union of Students (IUS), a Soviet-controlled communist front organization headquartered in Czechoslovakia. We have several specific instances where FUPI has obediently carried out IUS instructions to conduct anti-United States demonstrations and propaganda. This obedience and the fact that, historically, students have had a prominent place in the world's revolutions make FUPI very important to our responsibilities in the internal security field. FUPI members' travels in Europe, Asia and Latin America reportedly at the expense of the IUS must, where possible, be completely covered.

Because of the above, investigations should be more penetrative and exhaustive to make certain we are completely aware of the subversive activities of FUPI and other such groups. Emphasis must be placed on the development of live security informants and consideration given to the utilization of other investigative techniques to insure complete coverage.

There are indications that travel by FUPI members to Soviet-bloc countries will increase. Arrangements have been reportedly made in Czechoslovakia so that future correspondence from IUS to FUPI will be sent from Vienna to prevent authorities from knowing such correspondence came from an Iron Curtain country.

San Juan should submit its observations relative to the possibility of obtaining, with full security, the texts of such correspondence.

Every effort, commensurate with good judgment, must be made through our Counterintelligence Program to disrupt the activities of organizations and individuals which seek Puerto Rico's independence through unlawful means.

The internal security situation in Puerto Rico is unique because of its strategic location away from the continental United States and its historical relationship with Latin America. The greater part of the internal security responsibility belongs to the Bureau. It will take imagination, thoroughness and dedication of purpose to fulfill this responsibility.

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Special Agent in Charge

SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

May 25, 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124) - 2/

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (SUBVERSIVE CONTROL)

## Reurlet 5-3-61.

The Bureau has noted the good results obtained from publication in "El Mundo" of the editorial based on information supplied by your office. This illustrates the effect of carefully planned counterintelligence measures, and you are urged to continually keep in mind other methods for carrying out counterintelligence operations against subversive elements in Puerto Rico.

## NOTE ON YELLOW:

As part of a counterintelligence program directed against Puerto Rican nationalists, particularly the communist-directed FUPI, San Juan furnished material to "El Nundo" demonstrating communist infiltration of FUPI. This was utilized in an editorial 4-26-61 with the result that FUPI leaders have planned to discontinue pro-Castro demonstrations and will play down support of communism. A present and a former FUPI member have cooperated with the San Juan Office as a result of the editorial.

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM:

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-33534Sub I)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

Re Bulet to San Juan 4/10/61 and New York letter to Bureau 4/20/61 enclosing for San Juan two copies each of issues of "The Worker" for 11/20/60 and 12/4/60.

Careful review of "The Worker" for November 20, 1960 fails to reveal any column by JESUS COLON. It is noted this is "Mid West Edition" and it is believed COLON's column may have appeared in the Latin American edition or East Coast Edition of the same issue. New York is requested to review these editions and forward appropriate issue to San Juan.

Hailing of December 4, 1960 edition to being held in abeyance until November 20, and 1960 issue received.

(3-Bureau (RM) 2-New York (105-32872) 1-San Juan (105-3353-Sub IRC JCB:zhc

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Special Agent in Charge

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: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

: SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872) FROM

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

ReBulet, 4/10/61.

There are enclosed be rewith for San Juan two each of the issues of "The Worker" for 11/20/60 and 12/4/60.

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2-Bureau (105-93124) (RM) """ 2-San Quan (105-3353 Sub 1) (Encls. 4) (RM) 1-NY 105-32872 TMW: une

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1emorandum

Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: 4-7-61

FROM !

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

The captioned program was established August, 1960, to disrupt activities of Puerto gican nationalist and communist groups which seek independence for Puerto Rico through unlawful means.

The purpose of this memorandum is to request approval for a tactic San Juan desires to utilize.

The Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR), the largest organization in the Puerto Rican independence movement, has assumed increased importance through efforts to unite eight different organizations which advocate independence for Puerto Rico, including the Communist Farty of Puerto Rico.

Juan Mari Bras MPIP? Secretary General, and

Were in New York during november and December, 1960, contacting united Nations delegations in an effort to include Puerto Rico in the debate on "colonialism" then in progress before the United Nations.

On two occasions in 1960 Jesus Colon, columnist for "The Worker" in New York City, devoted his column to Mari Bras' statement of appreciation to Nikita Khrushchev for Khrushchev's remarks before the United Nations relative to "colonialism" in Puerto Rico and the MPIPR's plans for an annual General Assembly, to be held in Puerto Rico on 11/26-27/60.

who furnishes space for MPIPR headquarters and is very active in the mrip?, according to two sources is "violently anticommunist," as is the MPIPR

San Juan desires to furnish conies of the pertinent editions of "The Worker" anonymously to and would be marked with colored pencil and a notation attached "Independencia por ledio de Comunismo." Translated, this means "Independence Through Communism."

105-93124

1 - Mr. Parsons

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr.

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31 APR 11 1961

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TC: sed (5)

Nemorandum for Mr. Belmont RE: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO 105-93124 .

## OBSERVATIONS:

Bureau files show that Jesus Colon's column in "The Worker" on 11-20-60 was devoted to the MPIPR and its 11/26-27/60 General Assembly, and on 12-4-60 the column was devoted to the statement by Mari Bras concerning Khrushchev's statement before the United Nations on colonialism in Puerto Rico.

to and 12-4-60 editions should be anonymously mailed with the pertinent articles appropriately marked and the Spanish-language statement affixed, for whatever effect it may have on these two MPIPR officers who are reportedly anticommunist.

San Juan should be cautioned concerning the necessity for discreetness in anonymous mailings.

ACTION:

If you agree, there is attached a letter to San Juan in accordance with the above observations.

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1 - Mr. Parsons 1-Mr. 1 - Mr. Belmont 1-Mr. SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1) April 10, 1701

Director, FBI (105-93124) - / 6

EX-) OF GROUPS SEELING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUBLIC RICO (COUNTERINFELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

New York. Reurlet 3-29-61, copies of which were furnished

Bufiles show that Jesus Colon's column in "The Worker" on 11-20-60 was devoted to the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) and its General Assembly, to be held on 11/26-27/60 in Puerto Rico. The 12-4-60 column of Colon's was devoted to the statement of Juan Mari Bras expressing appreciation for Nikita Khrushchev's statement on "colonialism" before the United Nations, which included Fuerto Rico.

New York should promptly furnish San Juan sufficient copies of both editions so that both may be directed anony-

San Juan should appropriately identify the pertinent articles and affix the statement "Independencia por Medio de Comunismo" so that it will be easily noted.

A copy of each of "The Worker" editions, appropriately marked, should be directed to and and and San Juan should advise the Bureau as soon as the anonymous mailings are made and thereafter discreetly determine any reaction to the receipt of these mailings.

All of the usual precautions should be taken in the anonymous mailings to prevent them from being traced back to the FBI.

Our Counterintelligence P	rogram can be effective and
our ciforts completely justified on	ly by bringing about the dis-
addition of activities of Rationalis	it and communist groups which
stek Puerto Rico's separation from	the United States through
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DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR

PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE

PROGRAM)

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

(00: SAN JUAN)

Re San Juan letter 1/30/61.

Proposed article relative to FUPI has not yet appeared in "El Mundo" (u)

The New York Office has furnished a copy of an article from the 12/4/60 edition of "The Worker" which is by JESUS COLON entitled, "As We See It From Here", wherein the text of the statement mady by JUAN MARTY BRAS ... (Bufile 105-292) regarding KHRUSHCHEV's statements before the United Nations (UN) on colonialism is set forth in its

It is noted that the Second Annual General Assembly of the MPIFR was held in Caguas, Puerto Rico on November 26-27, 1960, -P-

2-Bureau (RM) 2-New York (RM) (105-32872)

1-Chicago (RM)

1-San Jan ECP:vv

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Exempt from CDS, Category

Date of Declassification Indefinite 17:14





In the event that it did appear, the following action is proposed by the San Juan Office. (u)

The MPIPR has recently assumed increased importance in the Puerto Rican independence picture by reason of its efforts to unite 8 different organizations advocating independence for Puerto Rico, including the Communist Party. (u)



was one of the MPIPR officers who were in New York diring November and December, 1960 during the period that the MPIPR attempted to have that international organization include Puerto Rico in the debate on colonialism which was then in progress. Considerable publicity appeared in local San Juan papers regarding the activities of the MPIPR in this regard. (u)



It appears that calling the above two articles to attention might reasonably result in his resignation from the MPIPR, which would seriously hamper its activities by reason of depriving them at free rent and other payments at this time. (u)

CONFIDENTIAL

SJ 105-3353 Sub 1



The New York Office would furnish the San Juan Office with copies of the edition in which this article appeared, as well as copies of the 12/4/60 edition which contained COLON's previous article relative to the MPIPR.

Editions of both of these newspapers would be mailed to and with a piece of paper attached to the light with the notation, "Independencia Por Medio de Comunismo" (Independence through Communism).

Attention would be directed to the appropriate articles through having them marked with a red or other color pencil.

This matter continues to receive the attention of supervisory and investigative personnel in the SJO. Additional suggestions will be submitted for Bureau approval as opportunities are presented.



#### MEMORANDUM

(105-93124) DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872) FROM

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE SUBJECT:

FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION (00: SAN JUAN)

ReBulets, 11/29 60 and 1/961, and NY letters, 12/30/60 and 1/31/61.

On 1/6/60, the flyers which had been approved and had been translated to Spanish by ReBulet, 11/20:50 were mailed out, as set forth language by SA

Prior to the actual mailing of these flyers, careful groundwork was laid in order to increase the possibility of the flyers success.

Source of Information of the NYO, to be alert for had been briefed by SA every opportunity to cause disruption within the Puerto Rican pro-independence movement. It was pointed out to hat due to the existing friction of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) and other groups, he should be particularly alert for opportunities to increase this was interviewed regarding friction. In this respect. Classified by

- Bureau (105-93124) (RM

in Re NY letter, 1/31/61.

- San Juan (105-3353) (RM)

- New York

(100-7689) (NPPR) (105-40548) (MOVIMIENTO 21) - New York (100-127309) (WORKERS WORLD PARTY

- New York - New York

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- New York (134-4609) (134-478)- New York

New York (105-32872)

JJT:bjb (12)

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the position of within the Movimiento 21 de Marzo (Marzo 21) and in passing, it was suggested to that perhaps was placing too much confidence in for the good of the Marzo 21. Tagreed this was probably true, especially in view of background as a nationalist and his close association with known nationalists:

During the course of a subsequent conversation which had with the conversation shifted around to the members of the Marzo 21 and settled or pointed out to his suspicions concerning and added that the trip that had recently taken to Puerto Rico in behalf of and the Marzo 21 to locate weapons for the Marzo 21 had been a complete failure and only wasted money from the Marzo 21 treasury.

The arguments, as presented by were well received by

within the Marzo 21, when the anonymous fivers were mailed.
One of these flyers was directed to
Source of Information of the NYO, without any knowledge
on his part as to its origin. Immediately contacted
SA at the NYO upon receipt of the flyer and his
views concerning the source of the flyers were solicited.
advised that it was a very pointed letter from an
anonymous source but unmistakenly the work of the NPPR.

arisen within the Marzo 21 that was a true was a true nationalist at heart and apparently the flyer was the result of stories he had carried back to the NPPR concerning the Marzo 21. During the course of this interview, was asked if the had received the flyer, to which replied that he did not know, but was going to get in touch with immediately about the flyer.



and the control of the production of the product



disturbed over the flyer but he would carry on despite the opposition. I denounced the NPPR and in anger stated that he would get in touch with the NPFR and demand to know why the flyer had been sent.

In analyzing the effects of the flyers as of this time, it is apparent that is definitely under suspicion by the flyers are checkled to make another trip to Puerto Raco on behalf of the Marzo 21 but this trip has been indefinitely postponed by In addition, that has not been notified concerning the two most recent meetings of the Marzo 21 because the two most recent meetings of the Marzo 21 may be that actually has been "spying" for the NPPR. or, if not, then he may wish to collaborate with at this time agains and the Marzo 21.

It is felt that the breach that existed between the Marzo 21 and the NPPR has been increased and will probably continue as long as the true source of the flyers does not become known and can be lead to believe that jealousy is the main reason for the attack.

World", as suggested in re NY letter, 12/30/60, and approved by re Bureau letter, 19/61, should now be mailed; This issue will be mailed by 2/8/61 to six leading members of the NPPR. The Bureau will be advised when the issue has been nailed, the recipients of same, and also the effects of the newspaper article on the NPPR when they become known.



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in support of the mailings of the flyers and newspapers and it will be submitted to the Bureau in the form of a suggestion, as soon as it has been completed.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

FROM

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872)

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO

(COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

(OO: SAN JUAN)

ReBulet dated 11/29/60, and NY letter dated 12/30/60.

The flyer which was approved by reBulet was mailed on 1/6/61, to the following individuals:

The above individuals were selected because

it is felt that they represent a cross section of the independence movement in NYC. Every precaution was taken during the preparation and the mailing of this flyer in order that it could not be traced back to the FBI. It was mimeographed on cheap commercial paper and muiled out in a plain white envelope. They were mailed from the Bronx recause of the number of pro-independence adherents who reside in the Bronx. In the preparation, the stencil was intentionally typed in an offcenter manner on an older typewriter with deliberate strikeovers in order that it would not look professional. In addition, an attempt was made while the flyer was being run off on the machine to vary the intensity of the ink.

(2)- Bureau (105-93124) (Encto 2) (RM) 2 - San Juan (105-3353) (Encto 2) (RM) 1 - New York 1 - New York 1 - New York 1 - New York - New York - New York 1 - New York XX FES 2 1851 - New York 1 - New York - New York (105-32872)

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SUBV. CONTROL

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The NYC is continuing its efforts to obtain material upon which it can base further counter-intelligence action.

The Bureau will be kept advised of any reaction to the flyer.

Two copies of the above-described flyer are enclosed herewith for the Bureau and San Juan.

## ATENCION A USTEDES QUE QUIEREN A NUESTA PATRIA

Hace muchos años que nosotros luchamos por la libertad de nuestra pátria, Puerto Rico. Muestras luchas fueron immortalizadas por José de Diego, perpetuadas por y continuadas por el martirio de los que dieron sus vidas en Ponce.

Ahora, entre nosotors biene una persona que me dice que el tiene el futuro de nuestro pais en las manos. El se mira como el "Gran Librador", pero en verdad es inmaturo y estupido, y las acciones de el han retrocedidas el movimiento pro independencia mas de 20 años.

Esta es una llamada a los partidarios verdaderos de los principios de nuestros antecesores en este pran movimiento a no hacer caso a este advinedizo Movimiento 21 de Marzo.

ruestren por acciones cuando La Hora es Madura para La Independencia, y esten listos para luchar bajo la direction de un groupo de los patriotes de madurez.

# ATENCION A USTEDES QUE QUIEREN A MUESTA PATRIA

Hace muchos años que nosotros luchamos por la libertad de nuestra patria, Puerto Rico, Muestras luchas fueron importalizadas por José de Diego, perpetuadas por Jos que dieron sus vidas en Ponce.

Ahora, entre nosotors biene una persona que me dice que el tiene el futuro de nuestro pais en las manos. El se y estupido y las acciones de el han retrocedidas el movimiento pro independencia mas de 20 años.

Esta es una llamada a los partidarios verdaderos de los principios de nuestros antecesores en este gran movimiento hovimiento 21 de Marzo.

Tuestren por acciones cuando La Hora es Madura para La Independencia, y esten listos para luchar bajo la direction de un groupo de los patriotes de madurez.

## UNITED STATES GO Memorandum



DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

1/30/61

FROM

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353-sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Re San Juan letter to Bureau 12/21/60.

When contacted in connection with another matter of "El Mundo," on 1/27/61, apologized for the ract that the proposed editorial had not yet appeared in editions of "El Mundo" subsequent to 12/21/60.

explained that he has numerous other administrative details to handle in connection with the operation of "El Mundo," and that due to the fact that he desires to personally prepare the proposed editorial he had not yet had the opportunity to do so, but that same would appear in "El Mundo" during the week of 1/30/61.

called attention to an article which had appeared in "El Mundo" of 12/26/60 which had pointed out the fact that "El Vigia," newspaper of the Catholic University Center at the University of Puerto Rico, had pointed out the recent affiliation of the FUPI with the IUS and previously described the IUS as a communist-controlled organization.

The article referred to by stated that the FUPI had formerly enjoyed the sympathy of some University students and the respect of many professors, but that recent affiliation with the IUS was detrimental to the FUPI and called attention to the lack of comment by the IUS during the university student riots in Hungary during 1956.

Since the appearance of the above-mentioned article, considerable dissension has resulted in the FUPI as is

- Bureau (RM) - New York (105-32872) (Info) (RM) 6 FEB 1 1951 - San Juan 5034. CACE 20 Pal now town to ECP:aro

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Organization, and FUPI

It is not known at this time whether the abovementioned resignations were affected in any way by this article. It appears that the proposed editorial will be even more effective at this time in disrupting FUPI activities.

Reference is made to Bulet to San Juan 11/14/60 wherein it was suggested that the San Juan Office prepare a brief article which would be in the nature of alerting Puerto Ricans to the dangerousness of various segments of the independence movement without using confidential information received from our sources.

A careful review of San Juan files has failed to develop the existence of such material.

In addition, the following series of events makes it appear that such an article at this time would be inopportune:

During December, 1960, leaders of the MPIPR, Bufile 105-75715, traveled to New York, where they attempted to have the United Nations General Assembly, then in session, have the "colonial status" of Puerto Rico reconsidered by that organization. They issued statements which appeared in local press to the effect that the United Nations resolution for the abolishment of colonialism throughout the world made it imperative that the United States grant immediate independence to Puerto Rico.

Subsequently, Dr. ARTURO MORALES CARRION, Commonwealth Undersecretary of State, issued a public statement to the effect that, in his opinion, the interpretation by MPIPR members of the United Nations resolution was entirely in error.

of the MPIPR, has been allowed space in local press to attack the opinion of MORALES CARRION as well as statements made by him to both stateside and Puerto Rican press services.

SJ 105-3353-sub 1

From the above, it would appear that the article proposed in Bulet of 11/14/60 would possibly be detrimental to the ultimate objective which it is hoped will be achieved through this program.

All Agents assigned to security work in the San Juan Office are aware of this program, and continued efforts will be made to fully exploit it in connection with the investigation of the various organizations seeking independence for Puerto Rico.

Memorandu. Parsons a. Belmont Air. A. H. Belmont May 11, 1961 - AT. - Mr. FROM LIT. GROULS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICU SUBJECT: (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE\_PROGRAM)\_ SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION During November, 1960, we began a Counterintelligence Program directed against the Fuerto Rico nationalists with particular emphasis on the Federación Universitarios Ito Independencia (FUFI), a student organization in Fuerto Rico which has become increasingly procommunist. one of the countermeasures directed against FUFI was an editorial prepared by the San Juan Office for printing in the Scanish language newspaper "El Mundo." Ine material emphasized the communist invitration of FULL and was utilized in an editorial which appeared in the 4-26-61 edition. San Juan advises the editorial has had the following results to date: FULI leaders have planned to discontinue pro-Castro demonstrations. 2. A well-known communist prepared a cablegram in support of the Cuban Government and asked. FUPI to add its name. FUPI leaders declined in an attempt to show noncommunist members they are not under communist control. A former FUPI member came to the San Juan Office 5-1-61 and said he had read the editorial and desired to furnish information about FUI in order to fight communism REC- 96 A present FULL member, who had participated in the picket of the San Juan Office on 4-13-61, came to the San Juan Office and furnished information. His cooperation is attributed to the editorial. 16 MAY 18 1961 ACTION: SUBY!CONTRO In view of the results being obtained, continued emphasis will be placed on this phase of our investigations.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: MAY 3 BE

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)()

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Re San Juan letter to Eureau 1/30/61 concerning publishing of editorial in "El Mundo." ALL INFORMATIONED HETEEN IS PECLASSIFIED EXCEPT VISUAL SHOW

OTHERSISE.

Enclosed are two copies to Bureau and one to New York of translation of an editorial which appeared in "El Mundo" dated 4/27/61, actually published and released on afternoon of 4/26/61. Translation was made by San Juan Office Translator

It is noted this editorial is essentially the same as the editorial previously furnished to long of "El Mundo", with appropriate changes to over current developments in the FUPI.

For the information of the Bureau and New York the following series of events transpired just prior to the publishing of this editorial and are believed to have created was waiting the proper atmosphere for which prior to issuance of this editorial:

FUPI picketed the San Juan Office of the April 13, 1961: FBI and alleged FBI "persecution of independentist students"

FUPI conducted spontaneous "victory April 19, 1961: demonstration" in streets of Rio Piedras (section of Metropolitan San Juan) when news received that FIDEL CASTRO had wiped out invading forces. Demonstration ended in violence as a result of clash when anti-CASTRO students and 12 FUPI members were arrested.

2-Bureau (Enc. 2) (RM) 1-New York (20)-32872 -32872) (Enc. 1) (RM) 1-San Juan JCB: VV

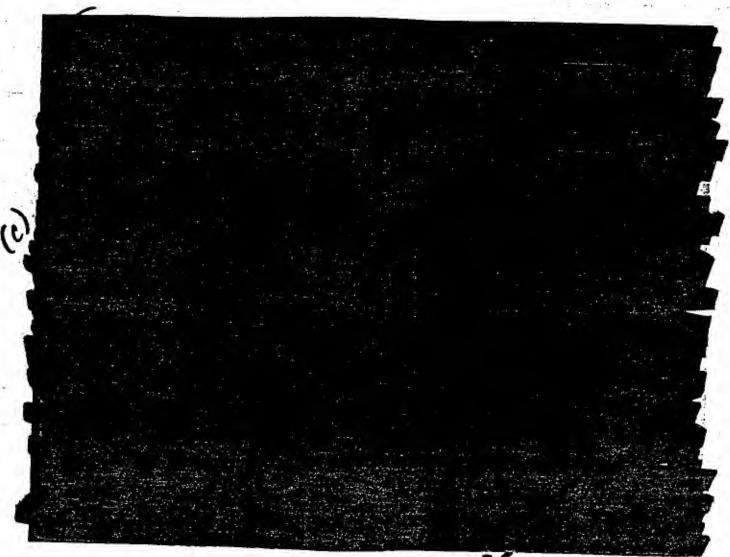
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SJ 105-3353 Sub 1

April 24, 1961:

A three day counter picke was begun by an estimated 300 to 400 anti-FUPI, anti-Communist students in front of the University of Puerto Rico (UPR). According to press releases, the members of this picket were from various political and religious groups and were organized under the name "Committee for Support of the True Cuban Revolution", to show that the FUPI's pro-CASTRO and pro-Communist views do not represent the views of the majority of the UPR student body.



CONFIDENTIAL

SJ 105-3353 Sub 1

on 5/1/61 and advised he had read the above editorial in "El Mundo" and desired to furnish all information in his possession to assist in the fight against communist orientation of UPR Students.

om 5/2/61 , a current member of the FUPI and one of the individuals who participated in the 4/13/61 FUPI picket of the San Juan Office, entered the San Juan Office and furnished information in his possession concerning FUPI activities. Indicated he had "broken with" the FUPI as a result of the fact that CASTRO had recently confirmed his connection with Russia. Although did not mention the editorial it is felt the appearance of this editorial was one of the prime motives for his defection from the FUPI.

Any additional reaction to this editorial will be furnished.



#### TRANSLATION FROM THE SPANISH

EL MUNDO EDITORIAL San Juan, Puerto Rico April 27, 1961 LOTTE VARIETY

A WORD OF WARNING

The true feelings of the University student body were fully manifested this week in a greet anti-CASTRO and anti-Communist demonstration staged by the students of our primary educational institution. The activity was essentially a cry against Communist infiltration in America and against the tyranny, which hurts Puerto Rico's flesh and soul, of FIDEL CASTRO, the man whom we all thought a hero and a redeemer and who ended by showing his true colors as a traitor and one of the most abominable despots.

In view of the events which are jolting the awareness of the free world at the present time, there is an urgent need for more citizen demonstrations such as the one staged by the students of the University of Puerto Rico. We are not dealing here with a political activity and much less a partisan one. We are dealing with a manifestation of the natural repulsion that we, those who love freedom and human rights, feel in view of the mockery of that freedom and of those rights which is being demonstrated at the present time in Cuba. It is a question of deciding to stand firm and of facing the horrifying threat hanging over the Universe of the gradual suppression of the freedom of the world, man by man, country by country, stifled by Soviet Machiavellism.

We have kept silent for a long time concerning the young men who belong to the Federation of University Students for Independence (FUPI). In Puerto Rico, we have always felt a deep respect for those who favor independence as the final political solution for the Island. But with the same consistency with which we have felt respect for those who defend that ideal honorably, we condemn and repudiate those who want to achieve independence through violent methods.

Translated by:



constant.

ENCLOSURE

This is a country that believes in democracy, not in totalitarianism; that believes in persuasion, not coercion. That is why Monday's anti-CASTRO demonstration signifies a repudiation of the impression the FUPI wanted to create that the UPR student body favored Cuba's frightening tragedy.

We know there are in the FUPI a number of young men \* who really believe its goal is to favor Puerto Rico's independence and do not reslize they are precisely working against that ideal. We feel obliged to warn those young men that the FUPI has been infiltrated by Moscow. It is not a secret that some of its leaders have spent a great deal of time in countries behind the Iron Curtain, receiving training in the subversive tactics of Communism, in order to come to Puerto Rico and create restlessness and trouble in the name of independence. Russia does not care one bit about Puerto Rico's independence. How can a power that holds so many millions of human beings enslaved have a common cause with those who favor that ideal for Puerto Rico. Russia interested in taking advantage not of the independence movement, but of any movement that serves to hide their sinister purposes until the opportunity arises to give a coup de grace to sovereignty and to self-determination.

All Puerto Ricens, not only University students, have the responsibility of recognizing and energetically repudiating those organizations that use independence as a pretext to play into the hands of Moscow. And everyone must be on guard against the infiltration of Kremlin's soldiers of fortune who go from country to country promoting the black cause of communism. There are also some here under orders to agitate and provoke disturbances, to divide in order to conquer.

Our country is democratic and that is why even the enemies of our freedom and our rights have the privilege to move and express themselves freely. The fact that even they have their rights protected under the cloak of democracy, against which they paradoxically conspire, is one of the reasons we must be doubly and constantly vigilant.



SAC, New York (105-32872)

January 5, 1961

Director, FBI (105-93124) -//

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FUR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Reurlet December 30, 1960.

In the recent past, leaders of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) have indicated a desire to be known as the leading pro-l'uerto Rican independence organization.

It appears that the article in the December 23. 1960, issue of the "Workers World," which designated the Movimiento Pro Independencia (MPI) and the Movimiento 21 de Marzo (21st of March) as the two principal independence groups and made no mention of the NPPR, could widen the breach which already exists between the NPPR and the 21 de Marzo.

New York should obtain copies of the issue to be anonymously mailed to only the principal leaders of the NPPR in New York. In the article referred to above, you should only underline the words "principal independence groups" and "the Movimiento 21 de Marzo." The only notation should be, "see page written in the Spanish language. The article on page which identified a Puerto Rican independence leader and sets out an interview with should be suitably marked to specify it as the article of interest.

Advise Bureau as soon as the "Workers World" copies have been mailed and the identities of the recipients. Thereafter, New York should discreetly determine any reaction to the receipt of this anonymous mailing and advise the Bureau and San Juan.

All of the usual precautions should be taken in the anonymous mailings to prevent them from being traced back to the FBI.

Tolson Jack to the FBI.

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See note on yellow, page 2.

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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AN - 9 1961 COMM.FBI

Trotter

Re: Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico (Counterintelligence Program) 105-93124

## NOTE ON YELLOW:

By letter November 29, 1960, New York was authorized to prepare for anonymous mailing a Spanish language mimeographed flyer which compared of the 21 de Marzo, with "Puerto Rican martyrs" of the past and pointed out that immature, unintelligent and selfish actions were setting the independence movement back 20 years. The NPPR was excluded as a recipient of this flyer to cause the 21 de Marzo to suspect the NPPR as the originator of the flyer and thus widen the breach between the two groups.

The 21 de Marzo office is located at the headquarters of the Workers World Party in New York, and could be readily suspected by the NPPR because he has easy access to additional copies of the lissue of the Workers World. That, on several occasions, pranhed actions of violence to be carried out in Puerto Rico to the point that leaders of the NPPR have contacted him in an attempt to have him desist, stating that actions would be harmful to the entire Puerto Rican independence movement. Is an arrogant Puerto Rican braggart and he has rejected all such requests of the NPPR. A single currently important objective of the movement is to unite the efforts of all independence groups which seek Puerto Rican independence. The NPPR desires that it be known as the leading group. The page particle in the Workers World shows as a Puerto Rican independence leader and sets forth many of his anti-United States views.

## Memorandum

9

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 12/30/60

1 FROM

S..C, NEW YORK (105-32872)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE POR
PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION
(OO: SAN JUAN)

ReBulet 11/29/60, and NYLet 11/15/60.

The flyer which was suggested in relylet and approved in reBulet has been translated into the Spanish language, prepared for mimeographing, and individuals have been selected to receive this flyer. It is anticipated that these individuals will receive this flyer during the week of January 1, 1961.

In the issue of "Workers World", the official publication of the Workers World Party, on page 1, column 1, there appears an article entitled "United Liberation Groups Picket For Puerto Rican Independence". Information is set forth in this article that a demonstration was neld at the United Nations on December 10, 1960, demanding freedom and independence for Puerto Rico.

This article states "The two principal independence groups, the Hovimiento Pro Independencia (HP) and the Hovimiento 21 de Marzo (21st of Harch) were present."

The NYO feels that this article offers an opportunity to "needle" the NPPR by bringing to their attention the fact that they are not considered to be one of
the principal independence groups. It is suggested that
the NYO obtain 5 or 6 copies of this issue of "Workers World",
and mail them to principal members of the NPPR with a handwritten notation in Spanish, "The NPPR sits on its hands
while the independence movement prows".

e) - Bureau (105-93124) (RH) - San Juan (105-3353) (RH) 02 - New York (105-32872)

UJT:mml
(5)

15 JAN 3 1961

DOUG D

17 105-32872

there is a second article or range column 1, relating to an interview with the purposes of the 21 de marzo, wherein he sets forth the purposes of the 21 de marzo and his views concerning the present government in Fuerto dico.

It is felt that it would be worthwhile for the leaders of the NPFR to also read this entitle and there will be a handwritten notation on the first page directing their attention to page.

Ehould this suggestion be approved it is felt that approximately 3 weeks should elapse between the time the flyer is sent out and the time that the paper is mailed.

The EYO will await the Bureau's observations concerning this suggestion.

## Memorandum



10

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

DATE: 12/21/60

FROM

SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

ReBuAirtel 12/14/60.

On 12/20/60, accompanied by SA

I called on Mr.

He received us in very irrendly fashion and was very interested in discussing the threat presented in Puerto Rico by international communism. He appeared happy to receive the proposed editorial, and promised us that he would give it his most careful attention. Though he did not promise any specific date for publication, he seemed to feel that such an editorial would serve a useful purpose. It is possible that the actual decision concerning the editorial will be influenced by a current attack upon the newspaper by communist elements in Puerto Rico.

Mr. appeared well oriented in University of Puerto Rico affairs, and well aware of the threat inherent in communist penetration of the student body. There is every reason to believe that he will desire to cooperate with us and we will follow this matter closely, keeping the Bureau currently advised.

2 - Bureau 1 - San Juan JNS:mjh (3)

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### UNITED STATES GOV Memorandum.

to : Mr. A. H. Belmonts

DATE: December 14, 1960

FROM : Ilr. J. F. Bland 1 6

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEVING INDEPENDENCE FOR PULLITO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

The purpose of this memorandum is to advise concerning a technique San Juan desires to utilize in connection with the captioned program.

Attached San Juan airtel 12-8-60 shows a proposed editorial San Juan essires to furnish to SAC contact Spanish-ranguage newspaper.

The proposed editorial points out the Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) affiliation with and direction by the International Union of Students (IUS), Prague, Czechosolvakia, followed by a characterization of the IUS as obtained from the House Guide to Subversive Organizations and lublications.

#### OBSERVATIONS:

FUPI is a pro-Fuerto Rican independence student group at the University of Fuerto Rico which has both nationalist and communist influences. In October, 1960, FJPI became a member of IUS, an "international communist front" controlled by the Soviet Union.

"Il Tundo" has previously carried articles showing FUPI is a member of IUS.

Enc. 105-93124 **REC-71** 1 - Mr. - IT. - fir. Doloach 9. 13 DEC 15 1960 i!r 1.11 Mr

TC:skw/brc (9) 63DEC 20 1960

JOSOS (FUPI)

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ECT. COCKROL

Hemorandum to Fr. Delmont
RE: GROUPS SELKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
105-03124

FUPI is a perfect medium through which the IUS can operate in Fuerto Rico to undermine the prestige of the United States in Latin America. In this regard, San Juan has been previously instructed to make every effort to evolve some plan under this program to combat communist influences in FUPI.

Several FUPI officers are anticommunist. They, as well as the general public in Fuerto Rico, may not be aware of the extent of communist domination of the IUS. The proposed editorial would serve the double purpose of creating disruption in the FUPI board of directors and discourage public support of FUPI activities.

The proposed editorial should be prepared on plain,
nowatermarked bond and confidentially furnished to
who is an SAC contact, with the suggestion that he
utilize the information for publication in "El Mundo."
should be advised that the source of the information must
be held in complete confidence.

#### ACTION:

If you agree, an airtel is attached which contains instructions in accord with the above observations.

10

\*

Airtel

Mr. Ar. Mr. Deloach Mr. Hr. Mr. Mr.

To: SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

EX. 105
From: Director, FET (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVIRSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Reurairtel 12-8-60.

The proposed editorial shown in reairtel should be prepared on plain, unwatermarked bond paper. You should personally furnish the proposed editorial to and suggest he may desire to utilize the information in whole or in part for publication in "El Mundo." In your discussions he should thoroughly understand that this material has been furnished in complete confidence and that under no circumstances should the Bureau be divulged as being the source of the material.

Advise Bureau when editorial is published and furnish a copy of the editorial as it appears in "El Eundo." Thereafter, you should advise the Bureau of any reaction to the editorial.

> See memo NOTE: , same date, same subject, Tu:skw/ogc.

TC:skw/bgc (11)

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TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)
PROM:	SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 sub 1)
(COUNTE	SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO RINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) IVE CONTROL SECTION
220,000	a d
	IVE CONTROL SECTION  ReBuairtel 12/6/60:
publica	The following editorial is suggested for (\ tion in "El Mundo":
	"FUPI - Instrument of World Communism?
	"In a recent edition this newspaper reported results of the World Congress of the International Union of Students (IUS), held at Baghdad, Iraq in October and attended by FUPI members  and  At this congress, was chosen to form part of the Secretariat of the IUS Executive Committee and was chosen as a permanent member of this Executive Committee.  A subsequent article in this newspaper revealed that the FUPI conducted a picket in front of the French Consulate in Santurce on December 1 in protest to the control of Algeria by France.  Stated at this time that the picket was being conducted at the request of the IUS, a statement clearly indicating direction of the FUPI by the IUS.
3 - Bureau 1 - New Yo 1 - San Ju JeB:am	rk (105-32872) (RM)
Approved:	C. C. C. Sent M Per

A ... - Service and the

headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, international communist-controlled organization set up specifically for the spreading of its insidious. propaganda through organizations having the power to attract non-communist members. The Guide to Subversive . Organizations and Publications!, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., states the IUS is one of the long-established Soviet-controlled international organizations! which speak identical lines of propaganda and stand together on all phases of Soviet foreign policy... This guide also states the IUS is among international Communists fronts functioning at the present time.

Fit is apparent that the FUPI, which has heretofore concerned itself with its peaceful struggle for the separation of Puerto Rico from the United States and has conducted its activities in a manner becoming the dignity of University students, has now degraded itself to the role of an instrument of the international Communist propaganda campaign. Members of the FUPI would do well to re-appraise their objectives lest they lose the respect of those who appreciate the democratic system of government in Puerto Rico, with or without affiliation with the United. States."

OLC 10 2 3# FN -54-

Mr.

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

The purpose of this memorandum is to advise concerning a technique San Juan desires to utilize in connection with the captioned program.

Attached San Juan mirtel 12-8-60 shows a proposed editorial San Juan desires to furnish to SAC contact of "El Mundo," San Juan's leading Spanish ranguage newspaper.

The proposed editorial points out the Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) affiliation with and direction by the International Union of Students (IUS), Prague, Czechosolvakia, followed by a characterization of the IUS as obtained from the House Guide to Subversive Organizations and Fublications.

#### OBSERVATIONS:

FUPI is a pro-Puerto Rican independence student group at the University of Puerto Rico which has both nationalist and communist influences. In October, 1960, FUPI became a member of 1US, an "international communist front" controlled by the Soviet Union.

\*El l'undo\* has previously carried articles showing FUPI is a member of IUS.

Enc.

1 - Mr. 1 - Mr.

191 DEC 16 1960

TC:SENDEC 1 (2) 250

- 105-53868 (FUPI)

Nemerandum to Mr.
RE: GROUPS SEEKING INCEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO
105-03124

FUPI is a perfect medium through which the 19S can operate in Puerto Rico to undermine the prestige of the United States in Latin America. In this regard, San Juan has been previously instructed to make every effort to evolve some plan under this program to combat communist influences in FUPI.

Several FUPI officers are anticommunist. They, as well as the general public in Fuerto Rico, may not be aware of the extent of communist domination of the IUS. The proposed editorial would serve the double purpose of creating disruption in the FUPI board of directors and discourage public support of FUPI activities.

The proposed editorial should be prepared on plain, unwatermarked bond and confidentially furnished to who is an SAC contact, with the suggestion that he may utilize the information for publication in "El Nundo."

bould be advised that the source of the information must be held in complete confidence.

#### ACTION:

If you agree, an airtel is attached which contains instructions in accord with the above observations.

SAC, San Juan (Fie. (105-3353) vision) Director, FBI December 6. (105-93124) GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION ReBulets 9-13-60 and 11-14-60. international communism in Puerto Rico appears to be an effort (FUPI) at the University of Puerto Rico. the Communist Party USA the Communist Party of Puerto Rico and Independence group at the FUPI was a nationalist type student Rico, of little significance. International Union perfect medium through which the communist front which is controlled by the Soviet Union can undermine the prestige of the Communist Front Which is controlled by the Soviet Union United States in Latin America. The prestige of the United States in Latin America. In early October, 1960, FUPI was accepted as a to Prague. Czechoslovakia to serve on the IUS Administrative to Prague, Czechoslovakia to serve on the IUS Administrative to the United Nations in protest against "United States" the 105 on Movember 2, 1960, instructed FUP1 to direct a preparations for the invasion of Cuba.\* Confidential sources have advised that the IUS has stated to aid FUP1 financially. An officer of FUP1 or any other source in its struggle for Puerto Rican indepe has stated that FUP1 Would accept aid from the IUS, Russia The FUP1 Secretary of Foreign Kelations. Who had recently Or any other source in its struggle for Puerto Rican independent form of Foreign Relations, who had recently Czechoslovakia on September 7, 1960, praised the Government and severely criticized the Teturned from Czechoslovakia on September 7, 1960, praised the United States anti-communist propaganda campaign to degrade 1960, a source advised therefore communist countries. On September 29, greatly influenced and often communist board of directors is source and often communist board of directors is source and often communist source and source a TC:had (6) DEC - 7 1960 MALL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT COMM-FBI 18 DEC 8 1860(

Letter to San Juah

Re Groups Scening Independence for Pue (Counterintelligence Program)

105-93124

During 1960 FUPI members have traveled or received invitations to travel to Communist China, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Switzerland, Iraq, Cuba, Mexico, Venezuela, and other Latin-American countries. Much of the travel expenses were reportedly assumed by the organization which extended the invitation to FUPI.

The potential influence of FUPI is apparent when it is considered there are 16,000 students at the University. Although, FUPI numbers its members as only "several hundred," on October 20, 1960, 1,500 students participated in the demonstration, planned and led by FUPI leaders, against food prices at the University cafeteria. This indicates how FUPI can extend its influence among the student body and increase its adherents.

In view of the above, you should make every effort to evolve some plan under the Counterintelligence Program to combat the communist influence in FUPI. In accord with established procedures under this Program, you should submit your observations and recommendations to the Bureau prior to the implementation of the plans by your office.

With regard to any counterintelligence measures to be directed against FUPI, you should bear in mind that the University law school. AIRTEL

EX 100

To: SAC, San Juan (105-3353 sub 1)

From: Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUBLIC RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Reurairtel 12-3-60.

The Bureau desires that you promptly prepare proposed editorial along the lines suggested in reairtel for submission to the Bureau.

After consideration at the Bureau, your office will be advised relative to contacting

1 - New York (105-32872)

NOTE ON YELLOW: San Juan requested authority to contact

association of Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI) with the International Union of Students (IUS), a Soviet controlled international front located at Prague, Czechoslovakia. FUPI is a pro-independence student group at the University of Puerto Rico, which has both nationalist and communist influences. FUPI in 10-60 became member of IUS. Sof-FUPI officers are anticommunist and San Juan feels these officers and the general public in Fuerto Piece are selected.

officers and the general public in Puerto Rico are not fully aware of the extent of communist domination of IUS. "FI Municipal has previously reported that FUPI is member of IUS.

Tollowed by a brief characterization of IUS

Delough as obtained from the House Guide to Subversive Organizations

Malore and Publications would serve the double purpose of creating a

Roses rift within the FUPI Board and discouraging public support of

Tomm FUPI's activities.

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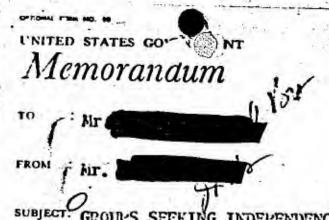
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	(Туре	in plain text or code)	
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TO:	DIRECTOR, PBI (105-	-93124)	indevid Armania
FROM:	SAC, SAN JUAN (105-	-3353 sub 1)	* ***
SUBJECT:	OGROUPS SEEKING INDE PUERTO RICO (COUNTE SUBVERSIVE CONTROL	ERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM!	BUR
	Re Bureau letter to	San Juan, 11/14/60.	Dry
of a dispeditorial of the F	o present an excellen uptive tactic by usin in "El Mundo". This	ently developed within the ro Independencia (FUPI) we to opportunity for the empty public source material concerns the recent affional Union of Students (I	hich loyment for an
domination El Mundo	ublic, may not be full n of the IUS. Recent revealed that Puerto made a member of the l	veral officers of the FUP ese individuals, as well a ly aware of the extent of press releases by the FUI o Rico, represented by the TUS Executive Committee ar retariat and that the FUP	as the Commun: PI to FUPI, nd had l
response French Co Algeria. affiliati character Subversiv purpose of	nsulate in San Juan in It is felt an editorion with and direction zation of the IUS as	obtained from the House of the FUPI Board and die	ol of s brief wide to
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DATE: November 28, 1960

UBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR
PUEKTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

T.Colo

The purpose of this memorandum is to advise of a technique New York desires to utilize against
Movimiento 21 de Marzo, in the Bureau's counterintelligence program against Fuerto Rican nationalists to attempt to diminish his influence among Puerto Rican nationalists in New York.

A Spanish-language mimeographed flyer will be prepared by the New York Office on unmarked commercial paper, enclosed in plain white envelopes, and mailed anonymously to selected individuals in other Puerto Rican nationalist groups in New York with the exception of the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR).

The flyer will briefly compare with "Fuerto Rican martyrs" of the past and state that mature, unintelligent, and selfish actions are setting the independence movement back 20 years. The flyer will call upon other nationalists to ignore and his organization.

Excluding the KPPR as a recipient of the flyer could cause the 21 de Marzo to suspect the KPPR originated the flyer thus widening the breach which already exists between these two groups.

#### Observations:

is a selfish, unintelligent, Puerto Rican braggart who looks upon himself as a leader. He has planned violence and has influenced others to go to Puerto Rico to carry out his plans but as yet he has not led his followers. The type of leader who sends others to accomplish violence while he remains safely in New York making proclamations.

105-93124

E	nclos	ure	
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1	- Mr.		A PARTY
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12 DEC 2 1960

Re: Groups Seeking Ce for Puerto Rico (Counterintelligence Program) 105-93124

We should make every reasonable effort to eliminate his \_\_\_\_\_influence among Puerto Rican independence groups.

ACTION:

If you agree, there is attached a letter approving the preparation and distribution of anonymous flyer suggested by New York, with precautionary instructions included.

30711/5

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1 - Mr. Pa - Mr 1 - Mr. 1 - Mr. 1 - Nr. 1

S.C. New York (105-32872)

Revember 29, 1960

REC- 44 Director, IDI (105-93124) \_5

GROUPS SHELLING INDEPENDENCE FOR FULRIO RICO (COUNTORINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

Re New York letter 11-15-60.

The Bureau approves the preparation and distribution of the enormous flyer suggested in relet.

The flyer should be nineographed on plain connercial paper in the type of language normally used by Puerto Rican nationalists. The plain envelopes should be addressed to recipients in the manner they ordinarily receive mail. Distribution of the flyer should be limited to no more than three key individuals in each Puerto Rican nationalist group who would understand the significance of the flyer and could be expected to discuss the receipt of the flyer with others. As shown in relat, key individuals in the Nationalist Perty of Puerto Rico should be omitted as recipients of the flyer.

Advise Bureau as soon as the flyers have been mailed and send two copies to the Bureau.

New York should discreetly determine any reaction to the receipt of this flyer and a lvise the Bureau and San Juan.

All of the usual precentions should be taken in the anonymous mailings to prevent the flyers from being traced back to the FDI.

This counterinvelligence program can be effective and our efforts completely justified only by bringing about the disruption of activities of nationalist groups which seek fuerto Rican separation from the United States through force and violence,

See yellow page 2

2 - San Juan (105-3353)

TC:baw (10)

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COMM-FBI

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Letter to New York
Re: Groups Seeking Independence for
Puerto Rico (Conviterintelligence Program)

submit communications to Bureau file 105-93124 under

YELLOW: See memo to 11-28-60, same

### Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-66754)

DATE:

11/15/60

7,000

SAC, NEW YORK (105-32872)

SUBJECT:

Re Bureau letter dated 9/13/60.

A review of the files of the NYO has been made concerning the activities of Puerto Rican pro-independence groups which seek independence by other than peaceful means, as well as the files on the counterintelligence program as it relates to the Communist Party. It is believed that upon instituting a counterintelligence program in this field, efforts should be directed with the following aims in mind:

- I. Disruption and discord.
- Creating doubts as to the wisdom of remaining in the independence movement.
- III. Causing defections from the indpendence movement.

The suggested means of obtaining these desired ends are as follows:

1) Exploiting factionalism within an organization.

Factionalism is a common fault within proindependence groups and it is believed that this existing element can be developed, enlarged and exploited. As an example, after the demise of the Accion Patriotica

2 - Bureau (105-66754) (RM) 2 - San Juan (105-3353) (RM) 1 New York (105-32872) (#413)

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Revolucionaria and the subsequent formation of the Movimiento 27 de Marzo, there existed

and within the Marzo 21. Friction, such as existed between these two at that time, can be exploited through the use of an informant to point out to one, the inefficiency of the other, and in general conversation "fan the fire" of existing friction thereby helping to bring about a factional split.

Secondly, the use of handwritten, anonymous letters directed to one group in which the seed of suspicion is planted concerning the real motivation and goal of the other group.

Promoting friction between various proindependence groups.

The Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico considers itself the true and only pro-independence group capable of carrying forth an effective program for obtaining Fuerto Rican independence. It looks upon other pro-independence groups as something that is inferior and in some instances has a definite hatred for another pro-independence group. For example, at the time was organizing his APR members for departure to Puerto Rico to conduct a revolution (late 1959) the NPPR and other pro-independence groups were extremely critical of and his organization.

In this instance the use of informants and anonymous letters could be used, as set forth in number 1 above, and in addition a mimeographed flyer could be utilized in conjunction with the anonymous letters, criticizing the leadership of the organization and giving the impression that it had been prepared by another pro-independence group.

NY 105-32872

3) Questioning the indiscriminate use of an organization's money.

Puerto Rican pro-independence group members are required to pay money into the organizations treasuries but, as far as can be determined, some of this money is used for the personal convenience of the leaders. An example of this occurred in January, 1960, when was arrested as a scofflaw in NYC, and he used money from the APR treasury to pay his fine, which was to be used to promote the revolution in Puerto Rico, where APR members were waiting for the ABR a result the never did go to Puerto Rico.

In instances such as this, friction between the members and the leaders can be developed through the use of informants and anonymous letters.

4) Questioning the wisdom of allowing non-Puerto Rican groups to be influential in the independence movement.

In this respect it is noted that for the most part the Puerto Rican movement has been made up of individuals of Puerto Rican ancestry.

In NYC at present, however, and his followers are associating with, and using the lacilities of, the Workers World Party. The WWP is a splinter group of the Socialist Workers Party and are known as Marcyites. In an instance such as this, it is felt that an opportunity is presented whereby mimeographed flyers could be directed to various individuals of the different pro-independence groups pointing out the "intrusion" of the WWP and worded in such a way as to indicate that the SWP was the originator of the flyeor.

The above items are submitted as auggestions as a beginning. They in no way cover the vast field of possibilities in the counterintelligence program as numerous instances will indoubtedly arise from time to time whereby new ideas can be formulated which can further promote such a program.

NY: 105-32672

In an initial effort in this program the NYO suggests the preparation of the following in a Smartish lan water mimeographed flyer concerning and his followers. The actual preparation of this flyer will be held in abeyance pending receipt of the observations of the Bureau concerning this suggestion.

### Attention Those of You Who Love the Fatherland

Puerto Rico. Our struggles are immortalized in such as JOSE de DIEGO, carried on by and in the great efforts displayed by the martyrs who gladly gave their lives at Ponce.

Now in our midst rises one who constantly claims that the future of Puerto Rico is in his hands. He looks upon himself as the "Great Liberator", but whose actions reveal his true colors. His immature, unintelligent and selfish actions are setting the independence movement back 20 years.

We call upon all true followers of the crinciples laid down by our great predecessors to ignore Movimiento 21 de Marzo. Show by your actions that a far greater, more experienced and mature group of patriots is ready to show the way WHEN THE TIME IS RIPE FOR INDEPENDENCE.

A limited number of individuals in the various pro-independence groups in NYC, exclusive of the NPPR, will be selected to receive this flyer which will be printed on unmarked paper and enclosed in a plain white envelope.

In regard to the preparation of a timely article as requested in reBureau letter, the review of the files of the NYO reflects that little public source material is available which can be classified as timely and which reflects that the pro-independence groups are actually anti Puerto Pico. However, efforts to obtain the necessary information for the preparation of the desired article are continuing.

SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

November 14, 1960

Director, FBI (105-66754) 47

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

Reurep 10-26-60.

After careful review of the proposed article, it is believed that it would not achieve the results desired; namely, to cause animosity between Juan Mari Bras and Juan Antonio Corretjer, nor would it convey to the readers of the article the dangerousness of the Puerto Rican independence groups. The question of voting or not voting in the general elections in Puerto Rico is not now the type of issue which is sufficiently divisive to accomplish the purpose of this program.

As an alternative, it is suggested San Juan prepare a brief article which would be in the nature of alerting Puerto Ricans to the dangerousness of the various segments of the independence movement in Puerto Rico. Such an article would, of course, have to be interesting enough to interest a newspaper contact to utilize the same and sufficiently informative to develop hostility in the minds of readers towards the elements engaged in the independence movement. The article should be self-sustaining in interest and informative without using confidential information received from our sources, and it should not embarrass the Bureau.

With regard to your request for information relating to counterintelligence tactics and techniques employed against the Communist Party, USA, (CPUSA) for possible use against the Puerto Rican independence groups, it appears that the exact same tactics would not be applicable.

Some varied forms of the same tactics may undoubtedly be applied; for example;

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Letter to San Juan
RB: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
/ FOR PUERTO RICO
105-66754

(1) Security informants operating inside the groups could, under certain circumstances, raise controversial issues at meetings, raise justifiable criticisms against leaders and take other steps which would weaken the organization. In the proposed article your furnished, the question of voting or abstaining from voting, as it was related by two of the top leaders of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR), appears to be an issue which would be controversial within the MPIPR.

In connection with our counterintelligence program, any informant operating thereunder must be first approved by the Bureau for such operation and then carefully briefed by the Agent handling him before he engages in controversial discussions or criticisms inside the particular group. If you desire to initiate this type of action through selected informants, you should furnish the identities of informants selected, basis for selection and the proposed manner you plan to use them. Our informants operating in the CPUSA have caused disruption without jeopardizing their informant status and, in fact, some have advanced inside the Party primarily because of their forceful acts in criticizing poor leaders and other weaknesses in the Party organization.

- (2) The San Juan Office should be constantly alertation articles extolling the virtues of Puerto Rico's relationship with the United States as opposed to complete separation from the United States, for use in anonymous mailings to selected subjects in the independence movement who may be psychologically affected by such information.
- (3) It appears the nationalist elements could be pitted sgainst the communist elements to effectively disrupt some of the organizations, particularly the MPIPR and the Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUPI), where we have determined there is communist influence. The nationalist elements in Puerto Rico prior to the time Castro obtained power in Cuba have indicated they were anticommunist. The CP in Puerto Rico has never been strong, and today it appears that the influence of international communism has a greater influence

Letter to San Juan
RE: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO
105-66754

on the radical elements within Puerto Rico. In regard to the MPIPR and FUPI, it is noted that these two organizations apparently have the largest membership of any of the independence groups in Puerto Rico.

In the future, San Juan and New York should furnish the identity of the newspaper contact to whom you desire to furnish such articles at the time of the submission of the articles to the Bureau.

Because of the large number of Puerto Ricans residing in New York, and the fact that a number of Puerto Rican independence organizations are active in New York, New York and San Juan should exchange ideas relative to tactics and techniques which may be effective in your divisions.

The nationalists in Puerto Rico within themselves are a threat to the internal security of the United States, and nationalists influenced by international communism can be an even greater threat. The Bureau believes this program can be effective, and continuous attention must be given to it.

### Office Memon adum . United STA GOVERNMENT

, DIRECTOR, FBI (105-66754)

DATE: 10/26/60

FRQX SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTION

OO: SAN JUAN

ReBulet to San Juan 9/13/60.

Transmitted herewith for the Bureau and New York Office are two copies of a proposed article, prepared in accordance with instructions in relet.

The Bureau is requested to furnish the San Juan Office with material already available to the New York Office which deals with techniques and tactics employed in a similar program against the CP, USA.

Continued attention is being given to this matter to develop additional articles along the lines set forth in relet.

2-Bureau (Enc 2) (RM) 2-New York (En 1-San Juan Chiling application ECP: VV

115-93124-

JUAN FARI BRAS; Secretary General of the Puerto

Rican Independence Movement (MPI), speaking to

newsmen in New York City during July, 1960, on the

subject of electoral abstinence in connection with the

struggle to secure independence for Puerto Rico: (Cit)

To abstain from voting is equivalent to

electoral suicide and "it is unjust to subject

independence to this suicide."

(2)

JUAN ANTONIO CORRETJER MONTES; Member of the MPI Board of Directors, speaking at an MPI meeting in Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, on September 13, 1960 on the topic "A New Era, A New Strategy":

"Now is the time to assume an offensive position which will hinder the elections", (electoral abstinence).

MARI BRAS has apparently allowed himself to be influenced by CORRETJER, former member of the Communist Party, United States of America and the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) who has served a prison term for his connections with NPPR acts of violence, or by his observations of the Revolutionary Government

(Sources)
2-"El Mundo", San Juan, P.R. 7/21/68.

The Same

during MARI's July, 1960 visit to Cuba; a country where the group which overthrew a government alleged by them to be tyrannical has, itself, refused to allow free elections after over a year and a half in power.

(2)

After CORRETJER completed his speech, in which he justified his proposal relative to electoral abstinence as the only method of forming an efficient offensive "against the decadent Yankee imperialism", MARI BRAS pointed out that the MPI General Assembly to be held in November, 1960, at Caguas, Puerto Rico, would consider CORRETJER's "new strategy"; a pseudo name for electoral abstinence during the November, 1960, General Elections in Puerto Rico.

(3)

Coincidentally, CORRETJER was with MARI BRAS in Cuba during July, 1950, where both attended festivities commemorating the anniversary of the July 26th Revolutionary Movement and meetings of the Latin American Youth Congress, (4) which RAUL CASTRO characterized on June 19, 1950 as a meeting which would show that "Cuban youth have destroyed the myth of the invincibility of Yankee imperialism."

(3) P.R.

Communist Party, who recently authored a pamphlet entitled "People's Forces Toward Unity" wherein SANTOS sets forth his beliefs that unity of the various forces advocating independence for Puerto Rico is a matter of prime importance and that unity can only be achieved through mass voting by independentists, questioned CORRETJER about his "new strategy". SANTOS, who was present at the September 13, 1960 meeting of the MPI, asked CORRETJER if it would be possible to join the

tactics of abstention with those of electoral participation

The world is well aware of the electoral procedures imposed upon people living under a communist form of government, the type of election to which SANTOS undoubtedly referred in his pamphlet and in his question to CORRETJER.

to which CORRETJER replied he was unable to conceive of

such a union.

Although operating under the cloak of securing independence for Puerto Rico as a matter of patriotism and espousing the advantages which would accrue to the

Puerto Rican people under such a status, both MARI BRAS and CORRETJER, as evidenced by their statements, create the suspicion that they are really clandestine despots who desire a new form of government for their own personal gain; a government where the citizens would be denied the right to express their desires by reason of the fact that the right to elect officials of their government would be denied them.

SAC. San Juan (105-3353-Sub 1)

September 13, 196

105-93124-

Questor, FRI (165-66754)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICU (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) SUEVERSIVE CUNTRUL

Re San Juan letter 8-22-60 and New York letter 8-24-60.

The operation of a counterintelligence program against Puerto Rican organizations which seek Puerto Rico's independence through other than lawful, peaceful means is a very important endeavor. Such a program must be most discreet to preclule abarrassment to the larent and must be conducted in a manner to the trans of our confidential sources are Jeopardized. No action should be taken to implement this program without specific Bureau epproval.

For the purposes of this program, San Juan cal .. New York should consider the suggested tectics to be employed set out herein where it appears the tectic tould be ... CONTRACTOR SOLVERS AND SOLVERS OF THE SOLVERS OF THE successfully exployed ill its locale.

It certainly hipears that we could depitalize woon statements made by Emerto Rican subjects either in New York or in iverto Riconshere the individual makes inconsistent statements in two different localities. Where you have a Pherto Rican nationalist or communist larder engaging in activities or making statements in one location and subsequently making a report in another locality, which is or variance with his original activity or statement, the letails should be furnished the Bureau with your recommendation as to how it may be used to disrupt the activities of the individual.

MAILED 20 SEP 13 1960 COMM-EBI

Consideration should be given to circulation and publicity of date concerning affiliates, particularly landers of subversive Puerto Rican independence organizations, through local newspaper contacts where such data could disrupt the activities of the irrivitle activities organization.

AND FIELD OFFICES 2 - New York (105-32872) ADVICED BY ROUTING SLIF(S) Ozdidani

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Lett r to SAC, Sen Juan
Let GROUPS SOMETHIG INOTPENDENCE FOR PURKTURING RICU
(COUNTED IN ILLIGENCE PROGRAM)
SUBVERSIVE CONTROL
105-66754



both the San Juan and New York Offices should prepare, from public source information, a proposed timely article which would not jeopardize any informant or Bureau technique showing the nationalist and/or communist Puerto Rican independence organizations to be basically anti-Puerto Rica. These articles will be considered for publication through either Bureau contacts or contacts of the San Juan and New York Offices.

We should particularly direct our efforts against the leaders of the fuerte dican organizations which advocate to any degree the use of force or violence to obtain Fuerto Fico's independence. Consider the use of anonymous letters where disparaging statements are made by one leader against another.

The Agents concerned with this matter in the New York office should review for ideas, techniques and tectics employed in the counterintelligence program against the Communist Party, USA.

It appears that in Puerto Mico the most inmediate target of international communism is to influence the Federacion de Universitarios Pro Independencia (FUP1). San Juan should, therefore, consider tactics designed to lessen communist influence in the FUP1 and to lessen FUPI's influence among the student body at the University of Fuerto Rico.

Future communications should be captioned as above.

San Juan is being considered office of origin in this matter and copies of communications prepared by San Juan should be furnished the New York Office. New York should furnish San Juan copies of communications prepared by New York.



Letter to SAC, Sen Juan
Letter



NOTE ON YELLOW:

There has been an increasing boldness apparent in the activities of organizations which seek independence for lucrto Rico through other than lawful, peaceful means. Because of their utter disregard of the will of the majority, the nationalist, communist and/or Soviet desire to embarrass the United States, and the courage given to the cause by Castro's Cuba, a more positive effort must be made, not only to curtail, but to disrupt, the activities of these organizations. Bulet 8-4-60 instructed San Juan and New York to furnish the Bureau their observations and suggestions. San Juan and New York have furnished general observations and have indicated that such a program may be feesible. This is not a program of harrassment, and disruptive tactics will be employed only after specifically approved by the Bureau.



# Memorandum

TO :- : -- DIRECTOR, FBI (105-66754)

DATE: 8/21/60

WIROM :

SAC, HEW YORK (105-32872)

SUBJECT:

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE
FOR PUERTO RICO (CONTROL STATE AND THE PROPERTY CONTROL SECTION)

ReBulet, 8/4/60.

In connection with proposed disruptive tactics, the following observations would seem appropriate.

Experience has shown that the rank and file members of New York groups seeking independence for Puerto Rico are vacillating and indecisive. Their loyalties waver, depending upon many extraneous factors far removed from their alleged dedication to the cause of independence. If these subordinate members are isolated from their leadership for any length of time, they tend to lose direction and interest. This was evidenced by the inability of Accion Patriotica Revolucionaria (APR) members to operate officetively in Puerto Rico diving early January, 1960 after

was delayed in NYC and was unable to join them. This was again true during the past month when returned to NYC, after an absence of several weeks, to Ting that his present organization had held no meetings and the members had not carried out simple tasks assigned to them. It would appear from this that any disruptive tactics decided upon would be more effective if directed at the leadership of the subversive pro-independence groups.

It would appear that through our confidential informants, several tactics could be employed to weaken these organizations:

1. There has been in New York evidence of dissatisfaction among members of such groups. A number of them

2 - Bureau (105-66754) (RM) REC 68 /05 - 93/24 - 3

1 - Chicago (105-5581) (Info) (RM)

1 - San-Juan (105-3353) (Info) (RM)

1 - Washington Field (Info) (RM)

1 - New York (105-32872)

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desire to be leaders rather than followers. Our sources might embark on a campaign of feeding fuel to the dissatisfactions and personal animosities, thereby causing disturbances within the groups and sapping their strength. In the past, dissident members have organized groups of their own which weaken the unity of the independence movement.

- 2. The disagreements among Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico members in San Juan might be exploited in the same fashion.
- 3. Numerous pro-indexendence adherents have been dissatisfied with distance distance distance adherents have been perhaps, through informants, this situation could be provoked to cause further dissension.
- 4. The accusations made by members of the New York organizations against each other, as regards furnishing information to the FBI, might present an area in which informants could aid in promoting suspicions against specific individuals.
- even the slightest bits of information concerning the personal lives of the New York subjects. The NYO's knowledge of the numerous traffic violations outstanding against resulted in his timely arrest by the New York City Police Department in January, 1960 and upset the APR plans for violence in Puerto Rico. Other troubles these individuals might have with wives, welfare boards, unemployment boards, etc. might be effectively turned to the Bureau's advantage without arrel harrassment being employed.

The NYO is of the opinion that aggressive interviews, as embarked upon on 7/2/59, have only limited effectiveness. On several occasions these same subjects have been cautioned that the US Government would take immediate forceful legal action against them if they engaged in activity directed

MY /105-32872

toward violence. Yet, these individuals continue to be bold in their actions. It would seem that the FBI's authority would appear to become weakened if similar interviews were instituted.

The NYO will continue to be alert for those opportunities which, by certain Bureau action, will inhibit the criminal intent of certain groups in their enthusiasm to achieve independence for Puerto Rico. Any additional suggestions in this regard will be immediately presented to the Bureau for consideration.

### Office Memi Idum . UNITED S.

: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353-Sub 1)

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE

FOR PUERTO RICO (DISRUPTION PROGRAM) (CONSTRUCTION CONSTRUCTION OF STRUCTURE STRUCTURE

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL SECTICA

ReBulet 8/4/60.

It would appear that a program on disruption might have beneficial results and it is felt that the Bureau, based upon experience with subversive groups in the Continental United States, might have in mind certain disruptive techniques which would be applicable to the situation in Puerto Rico.

Experience thus far in Puerto Rico has demonstrated that a certain amount of travel control at the San Juan International Airport, usually on the part of Customs and/or Immigration officials, has appeared to be useful in connection with disrupting travel between Puerto Rico and Cuba. The seizing of propaganda likewise appears to have been a useful technique from the standpoint of disruption.

The suggestion has been made in this office that the Bureau might capitalize upon the issue of whether or not affiliates of local subversive groups should vote in forthcoming island elections. It will be recalled that there is a divergence of opinions on the part of members of these groups concerning the use of the vote.

Another suggestion has been made that it might be possible to capitalize upon declarations made by subversives either in New York City or in Puerto Rico where the individual appears to be making inconsistent statements in two different localities. It has occurred that an individual while in Puerto Rico would engage in certain activities and statements, and thereafter in New York give a report which was at variance.

The suggestion has also been made that through tested local newspaper sources we might give greater circulation and publicity to data pertaining to local affiliates of subversive groups, wirre such data would be embarrassing to the individual as well as the group.

- Bureau Chicago (105-5581) (Info)

- New York (105-32872) (Info)
- Washington Field
- San Juan

Director, FBI (100-358086)

SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS OF INDIVIDUALS

ReBulet August 15, 1960, and Bulet captioned "Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico." dated August 4, 1960. COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROFRAM

Bulet August 15, 1960, instructed that specific emphasis be given security matter investigations of your subjects who reside in or frequently travel to Cuba. Because of the problem which may result in the routing of communications at the Bureau, the character "Internal Security - Cuba" should not be added to the "Security Matter" character.

The Bureau appreciates that the situation in Puerto Rico is unique because of conditions in Cuba, its accessibility to Puerto Rico, and the seemingly unrestricted travel of some of your subjects to Cuba. Despite the obstacles present in this situation, our responsibilities are even greater. In line with the instructions in Bulet 8-4-60, you should seriously consider highly placed Puerto Rican subjects who have access to Cuba for development as security informants. No action in this regard should be undertaken without prior Bureau authority.

1 - New York (For information)

1 - 62-7721 (NPPR) 1 - 105-66754 (GSIPR)

NOTE ON YELLOW: Puerto Rican subjects who have frequently traveled to Cuba are primarily concerned with seeking independence for Puerto Rico. Bulet August 4, 1960, advised that the more positive effort must be made not. only to curtail but to disrupt the activities of Fuerto Rican nationalists. San Juan and New York were requested to furnish their observations, suggestions and recommendations concerning this.

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98 AUG:10 1960

SAC, San Juan (105-3353)

August 4, 1960

Director, FBI (105-66754)

PERSONAL ATTENTION

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM! FOR MUERTO RICO - COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM! SURVERSIVE CONTROL) Section

The Bureau is considering the feasibility of instituting a program of disruption to be directed against organizations which seek independence for Puerto Rico through other than lawful, peaceful means.

Because of the increasing boldness apparent in the activities of such organizations, their utter disregard of the will of the majority, the inevitable communist and/or Soviet effort to embarrass the United States, and the courage given to their cause by Castro's Cuba, we must make a more positive effort, not only to curtail, but to disrupt their activities.

San Juan and New York should give this natter studied consideration and thereafter furnish the Parent observations, suggestions and recommendations relative to the institution of such a program to reach the Bureau no later than 8-25-60.

In considering this matter, you should bear in mind the Bureau desires to disrupt the activities of these organizations and is not interested in mere harassment. No action should be taken in this program without Bureau authority, at any time.

A copy of this communication is designated for the Chicago Office and a copy for the Washington Field Office for information.

1 - 62-7721 (NPPR)

TC/baw U

10 1960

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P.C. Sullivan

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